

2015

UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan  
***Certificate of Coverage***



Self-insured by the State of Washington  
Effective January 1, 2015

# Directory

<b>Customer Service</b>	<b>1-888-849-3681</b> (TTY 711)	Monday–Friday 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Pacific Time
<b>Network Provider Directory</b> <i>Use any of the options shown</i>	Use the Provider Search at <a href="http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump">www.hca.wa.gov/ump</a> Log in to your <a href="http://regence.com">regence.com</a> account	24 hours, 7 days a week
	Call 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711) Live chat via <a href="http://www.regence.com">www.regence.com</a>	Monday–Friday 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Pacific Time
<b>Medical Appeals and General Correspondence</b>	Correspondence and Appeals PO Box 2998 Tacoma, WA 98401-2998	Fax 1-877-663-7526
<b>Preauthorization (Medical Services)</b>	Providers call 1-888-849-3682	Fax 1-877-663-7526
<b>Online Access to Medical Claims</b>	Your account at <a href="http://www.regence.com">www.regence.com</a>	
<b>Claims Mailing Address</b> (Medical Services) <i>Member submitted</i>	Regence BlueShield PO Box 30271 Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0271	Fax 1-877-357-3418
<b>Prescription Drugs</b> Customer service, network pharmacies, preferred drug questions, complaints	Washington State Rx Services	1-888-361-1611 <i>See page 53 for more detailed prescription contact information</i>
<b>Network mail-order pharmacy</b>	Postal Prescription Services (PPS)	1-800-552-6694
<b>Paper claims</b> <b>Prescription drug appeals</b>	Washington State Rx Services PO Box 40168 Portland, OR 97240-0168	1-888-361-1611 Fax claims 1-800-207-8235 Fax appeals 1-866-923-0412
<b>Drug preauthorization</b> <i>Providers and pharmacists only</i>	Washington State Rx Services	1-888-361-1611 Fax 1-800-207-8235
<b>HealthEquity</b> Health Savings Account trustee	<a href="http://www.healthequity.com/pebb">www.healthequity.com/pebb</a> Or link from <a href="http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump">www.hca.wa.gov/ump</a>	1-877-873-8823 24 hours, 7 days a week
<b>Medicare</b>	<a href="http://www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a> <a href="http://www.MyMedicare.gov">www.MyMedicare.gov</a>	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227)
<b>Eligibility and Enrollment, Address Changes</b>  <a href="http://www.hca.wa.gov/pebb">www.hca.wa.gov/pebb</a>	<b>Employees:</b> Contact your personnel, payroll, or benefits office	<b>All other members:</b> PEBB Program 1-800-200-1004 <i>See page 36</i> Monday–Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Pacific Time
<b>Tobacco Cessation</b>	<b>Quit for Life</b>	<a href="http://www.quitnow.net/ump/">www.quitnow.net/ump/</a> 1-866-784-8454 Monday–Friday 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Pacific Time

To obtain this booklet in another format (such as Braille or audio), call 1-888-849-3681.  
TTY users may call this number through the Washington Relay service by dialing 711.

# How to Use This Book

## Finding Information

- ♦ For general topics, check the Table of Contents; for example, “How to Find a Preferred Provider,” “How Much Will I Pay for Prescription Drugs?”
- ♦ For specific subjects, check the Index starting on page 122.
- ♦ For an at-a-glance view of the most common benefits, see the “Summary of Benefits” (pages 13–20). The table also shows how much you will pay, any limits on the benefit (such as number of visits or dollar amount), whether preauthorization or notification is required, and the page numbers where you can find more about that benefit.
- ♦ To look up unfamiliar terms, see the “Definitions” section beginning on page 107.

## If You Still Have Questions

If you have a specific question for which you can’t find the answer:

- ♦ Use our online search function at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump)
- ♦ Call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 (Monday through Friday, 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Pacific Time)

See the Directory page on the inside front cover of this document for more contact information.

## Helpful Symbols



**TIP:** Indicates information that may be helpful in understanding a subject.



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Refers you to information found elsewhere.



**ALERT!** Important information you should know or something you need to do.



# Table of Contents

<b>About the UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan</b>	<b>1</b>
Online Services	1
What Is UMP CDHP?	2
How Does a Health Savings Account Work?	2
<b>Finding a Health Care Provider</b>	<b>3</b>
How to Find a Preferred Provider	3
Services Received Outside the U.S.	3
Why Choose a Preferred Provider?	5
<i>When You Don't Have Access to a Preferred Provider: Network Waiver</i>	6
Covered Provider Types	7
<i>What Is a Primary Care Provider?</i>	7
Comparing Payments to Preferred, Participating, and Out-of-Network Providers	8
<b>What You Pay for Medical Services</b>	<b>9</b>
Your Deductible	9
What Is Coinsurance?	10
How Do I Pay My Claims?	10
Your Out-of-Pocket Limit	11
Your Health Savings Account	12
<i>If You Qualified for the SmartHealth Wellness Incentive</i>	12
<b>Summary of Benefits</b>	<b>13</b>
Deductibles and Limits	13
How Much Will I Pay?	14
<b>Benefits: What the Plan Covers</b>	<b>21</b>
Guidelines for Coverage	21
Health Technology Assessment (HTA) Program	21
List of Benefits	21
Acupuncture	21
Ambulance	22
Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy	22
Autism Treatment	23
Bariatric Surgery	23
Chemical Dependency Treatment	24
Chiropractic Physician Services (Spinal and Extremity Manipulations)	39
Dental Services	24
Diabetes Care Supplies	26
Diabetes Control Program	26

(continued on next page)

## Benefits (continued)

Diabetes Education .....	26
Diabetes Prevention Program .....	26
Diagnostic Tests, Laboratory, and X-Rays .....	27
Dialysis .....	27
Durable Medical Equipment, Supplies, and Prostheses .....	27
Emergency Room .....	29
Family Planning Services .....	29
Foot Care, Maintenance .....	30
Genetic Services .....	31
Hearing Care (Related to Diseases and Disorders of the Ear) .....	31
Hearing Exams and Hearing Aids .....	31
Home Health Care .....	32
Hospice Care (Inpatient, Outpatient, and Respite Care) .....	32
Hospital Services .....	32
Knee Arthroplasty, Total .....	33
Mammograms .....	33
Massage Therapy .....	34
Mastectomy and Breast Reconstruction .....	34
Mental Health Treatment .....	34
Naturopathic Physician Services .....	34
Nutrition Counseling and Therapy .....	35
Obstetric and Newborn Care .....	35
Office Visits .....	37
Orthognathic Surgery .....	37
Physical, Occupational, Speech, and Neurodevelopmental Therapy .....	37
Prescription Drugs .....	43
Preventive Care (including Covered Immunizations) .....	38
Second Opinions .....	39
Skilled Nursing Facility .....	39
Spinal and Extremity Manipulations .....	39
Spinal Injections .....	40
Surgery .....	40
Telehealth Services .....	40
Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ) Treatment .....	40
Tobacco Cessation Program .....	41
Transgender Health .....	41
Transplants .....	41
Vision Care (Related to Diseases and Disorders of the Eye) .....	42
Vision Exams (Routine) .....	42
Vision Hardware (Eyeglasses and Contact Lenses) .....	42

<b>Your Prescription Drug Benefit</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>What Drugs Are Covered? The UMP Preferred Drug List</b>	<b>43</b>
<i>Who Decides Which Drugs Are Preferred?</i>	44
<b>How Much Will I Pay for Prescription Drugs?</b>	<b>44</b>
<b>Where to Purchase Your Prescription Drugs</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>Limits on Your Prescription Drug Coverage</b>	<b>47</b>
<i>Programs Limiting Drug Coverage</i>	47
<i>Can the Pharmacist Substitute One Drug for Another?</i>	49
<i>Travel Overrides for Prescription Drugs</i>	49
<i>Refill Too Soon</i>	50
<b>What Can I Do If Coverage Is Denied?</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Guidelines for Drugs Covered</b>	<b>50</b>
<i>Exceptions Covered</i>	51
<i>Products Covered Under the Preventive Care Benefit</i>	51
<i>Some Injectable Drugs Are Covered Only Under the Prescription Drug Benefit</i>	52
<i>Compounded Prescription Drugs</i>	52
<b>Guidelines for Drugs Not Covered</b>	<b>52</b>
<i>Exceptions Covered</i>	52
<b>Prescription Drug Contacts</b>	<b>53</b>
<b>Limits on Plan Coverage</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>Preauthorizing Medical Services</b>	<b>54</b>
<i>Your Preauthorization Role</i>	54
<i>Where Can I Find the List of Services Requiring Preauthorization or Notification?</i>	54
<i>Notification for Facility Admissions</i>	55
<i>What Is the Difference Between Preauthorization and Notification?</i>	55
<i>How Long Does the Plan Have to Make a Decision?</i>	55
<b>General Information From Customer Service Is Not a Guarantee That a Service Is Covered</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>Case Management</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>What the Plan Doesn't Cover</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>Expenses Not Covered, Exclusions, and Limitations</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>If You Have Other Medical Coverage</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>When UMP CDHP Pays First (Primary)</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>What Is Coordination of Benefits?</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>Whom Do I Inform If I Have Other Coverage?</b>	<b>62</b>
<b>Who Pays First?</b>	<b>63</b>
<b>How Does UMP CDHP Coordinate Benefits?</b>	<b>64</b>
<b>How Much Will I Pay When UMP CDHP Pays Second?</b>	<b>64</b>
<i>How Are Diabetes Care Supplies Covered When UMP CDHP Pays Second?</i>	65
<b>How Does Coordination of Benefits Work With Prescription Drugs?</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>Who Can Have Both UMP CDHP and Medicare?</b>	<b>67</b>
<b>Does UMP Coordinate With Occupational Injury or Illness (Workers' Compensation) Claims?</b>	<b>67</b>

(continued on next page)

<b>Billing &amp; Payment: Filing a Claim</b> .....	68
Submitting a Claim for Medical Services .....	68
Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs .....	69
False Claims or Statements .....	70
<b>What You Need to Know as a Plan Member</b> .....	71
Your Rights and Responsibilities .....	71
Information Available to You .....	72
Confidentiality of Your Health Information .....	73
Release of Information .....	73
<b>Complaint and Appeal Procedures</b> .....	74
What Is a Complaint or Grievance? .....	74
<i>How to File a Complaint or Grievance</i> .....	74
What Is an Appeal? .....	74
The Appeals Process .....	75
<i>How to Designate an Authorized Representative</i> .....	75
<i>How to File an Appeal</i> .....	76
<i>Time Limits for the Plan to Decide Appeals</i> .....	78
<i>Independent Review</i> .....	78
<i>Additional Legal Options</i> .....	79
Complaints About Quality of Care .....	79
Appeals Related to Eligibility .....	79
<b>When Another Party Is Responsible for Injury or Illness</b> .....	80
What Do I Need to Do? .....	80
What Are My and the Plan's Legal Rights and Responsibilities? .....	80
Services Covered by Other Insurance .....	82
Motor Vehicle Coverage .....	82
Fees and Expenses .....	82
Future Medical Expenses .....	82

<b>Eligibility and Enrollment for Active Employees</b>	<b>83</b>
Notice	83
Who Can Enroll in UMP CDHP With an HSA?	83
Eligibility	84
Eligible Employees	84
Eligible Dependents	84
Enrollment	85
How to Enroll	85
When Medical Enrollment Begins	86
Annual Open Enrollment	87
Special Open Enrollment	87
National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) or Court Order	90
Medicare Entitlement	91
When Medical Enrollment Ends	91
Options for Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage	92
Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993	92
Payment of Premium During a Labor Dispute	93
Conversion of Coverage	93
Appeals of Determinations of PEBB Eligibility	93
Relationship to Law and Regulations	93
<b>Eligibility and Enrollment for Retirees and Surviving Dependents</b>	<b>94</b>
Eligibility	94
Eligible Dependents	94
Enrollment	96
Deferring Enrollment in PEBB Retiree Coverage	96
How to Enroll	96
When Medical Coverage Begins	97
Enrollment Following Deferral	98
Annual Open Enrollment	98
Special Open Enrollment	98
Medicare Entitlement	101
Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B	101
Medicare Part D	101
When Medical Coverage Ends	101
Options for Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage	102
Conversion of Coverage	103
Appeals of Determinations of PEBB Eligibility	103
Relationship to Law and Regulations	103
Customer Service	103
<b>General Provisions</b>	<b>104</b>
<b>Definitions</b>	<b>107</b>
<b>Index</b>	<b>122</b>



# About the UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan

The UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan (UMP CDHP) is a self-insured health plan offered through the Washington State Health Care Authority's Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) Program and administered by Regence BlueShield in partnership with HealthEquity and Washington State Rx Services.

UMP CDHP is a high-deductible health plan that meets the requirements of Section 223 (c) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code. The health care coverage described in this *Certificate of Coverage* is designed to be compatible for use with a Health Savings Account (HSA) under federal tax law.

UMP CDHP is available only to people eligible for coverage through the PEBB Program, including employees and retirees of state government and higher-education institutions, school district retirees, and employees of certain local governments and school districts that participate in the PEBB Program, as well as their eligible dependents.

This plan is designed to keep you and your family healthy, as well as provide benefits in case of injury or illness. Please review this booklet carefully so you can get the most from your health care benefits.

UMP CDHP is a “non-grandfathered health plan” under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA).

## Online Services

You can access many services on the plan's website at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump). Visit the site when you want to:

- ♦ Find a preferred provider.
- ♦ Find a network pharmacy.
- ♦ Find out what your prescription will cost.
- ♦ Order prescription refills through your mail-order pharmacy account.
- ♦ Search our extensive collection of frequently asked questions.
- ♦ Download or print documents and forms.
- ♦ Review Regence BlueShield medical policies.
- ♦ Review decisions on coverage of health technology.
- ♦ Access the Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) and Uniform Glossary of Terms (UGT).

You'll also find a link on the UMP website to **regence.com**, which helps you efficiently manage your health care by providing access to:

- ♦ Your Explanation of Benefits (medical claims processing details).
- ♦ Customer service via Live chat.
- ♦ Wellness tools.
- ♦ Preferred providers.
- ♦ Cost estimates for treatment of common medical conditions.

See “How Does a Health Savings Account Work?” on page 2 for online features available through HealthEquity.

## What Is UMP CDHP?

UMP CDHP is a health plan that covers the same services as UMP Classic, including free preventive care (see pages 38–39). For a lower premium, you have a higher deductible for covered services other than those covered as preventive. However, you have only one combined deductible and your out-of-pocket limit includes your deductible and prescription drug costs, in addition to medical services.

A major feature of UMP CDHP is a Health Savings Account (HSA), which allows you to save money for qualified medical expenses. Unlike a flexible spending account (FSA), you don't have to spend all the money in your account each year; it rolls over into the next year. And if you use your HSA funds only to cover qualified medical expenses, you will realize tax savings.

## How Does a Health Savings Account Work?



**ALERT!** If you enroll in a consumer-directed health plan with a Health Savings Account (HSA), you may not also have a flexible spending account (FSA). If you have both an HSA and an FSA, you may be subject to tax penalties.

The subscriber is the owner of the Health Savings Account (HSA). He or she gets the tax advantages associated with an HSA and pays any taxes or penalties that result if the HSA does not comply with IRS rules. Within certain limits, you can contribute funds to the HSA. Money from the HSA can be used tax free on qualified medical expenses of the subscriber and his or her IRS dependents (able to be claimed as a tax dependent). See page 12 for details of how this works with UMP CDHP.

The trustee (manager) of your Health Savings Account, HealthEquity, features a member portal at [www.healthequity.com/pebb](http://www.healthequity.com/pebb) through which you can:

- ♦ Check your Health Savings Account balance.
- ♦ View and pay a provider's claim that's already been processed by UMP CDHP.
- ♦ Make deposits directly from your bank account using electronic funds transfer.
- ♦ Manage your investments (for accounts with more than \$2,000).
- ♦ Check your transaction history.
- ♦ Access forms to reimburse yourself for expenses you paid out of pocket.
- ♦ Research healthcare costs (based on national data).
- ♦ View and print monthly account statements.
- ♦ Access tutorials and demos on how to use your account.

# Finding a Health Care Provider

## How to Find a Preferred Provider

UMP CDHP members have access to Regence BlueShield preferred providers and Blue Cross and Blue Shield Plan providers worldwide through the BlueCard® and BlueCard Worldwide programs, so your health coverage is with you wherever you are. Your access to care includes most acute care hospitals, urgent care and ambulatory surgery centers, physicians, and other health care professionals.

To find a preferred provider, choose one of the following:

- ♦ Use the Provider Search at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump).
- ♦ Call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.
- ♦ Log in to your account on [regence.com](http://regence.com), where you have access to more information about providers, as well as other tools (see page 1).

To find a network pharmacy, see page 45.

## Services Received Outside the U.S.



**ALERT!** The plan does not cover prescription drugs ordered through foreign (non-U.S.) mail-order pharmacies.

### Contact BlueCard Worldwide®

BlueCard Worldwide Service Center <i>Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week</i>	1-800-810-BLUE (2583) (or call collect 1-804-673-1177)
Online provider search	Go to <a href="http://provider.bcbs.com/">http://provider.bcbs.com/</a> and select "Locate Doctors Worldwide"
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ Get an international claim form</li> <li>♦ BlueCard Worldwide information</li> </ul>	<a href="http://www.bcbs.com/already-a-member/traveling-outside-of-the.html">www.bcbs.com/already-a-member/traveling-outside-of-the.html</a>

## When Are Services Outside the U.S. Covered By the Plan?

The plan covers the same benefits as described in this *Certificate of Coverage* that are received outside the United States (U.S.) when the services are:

- ♦ Medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115).
- ♦ Appropriate for the condition being treated.
- ♦ Not considered to be experimental or investigational by U.S. standards.
- ♦ Otherwise covered by the plan.

## Finding a Preferred Provider Outside the U.S.—BlueCard Worldwide®

Under BlueCard Worldwide, you have access to network providers outside the U.S., including hospital care (inpatient and outpatient) and professional provider services at network reimbursement rates.

To find a contracted provider outside the U.S., go to <http://provider.bcbs.com/> and select “Locate Doctors Worldwide.” Or you may call the BlueCard Worldwide service center at 1-800-810-BLUE (2583), or call collect at 1-804-673-1177.

### ***Important Tips for Receiving Care Outside the U.S.***

- ♦ Always carry your UMP identification (ID) card.
- ♦ If you need emergency medical care, go to the nearest hospital.
- ♦ If you are admitted, call the BlueCard Worldwide Service Center (see “Contact BlueCard Worldwide on page 3) to notify the plan of your admission.
- ♦ For non-emergency medical care outside the U.S., call the BlueCard Worldwide Service Center (see “Contact BlueCard Worldwide on page 3). The service center will help you find the care you need, including hospital care if necessary or an appointment with a professional provider.

## **Paying For Care Outside the U.S.**

### ***Inpatient Services at a BlueCard Contracted Hospital***

When you receive inpatient care at a hospital contracted with BlueCard Worldwide, you will pay your normal out-of-pocket costs, such as deductible, copayment, coinsurance, and any services not covered by the plan. Contracted hospitals will verify your benefits and eligibility with BlueCard Worldwide and submit a

claim; you will pay the provider after the plan processes the claim.

### ***Services at a Non-Contracted Hospital***

When you receive services at a hospital not contracted with BlueCard Worldwide, you pay the hospital at the time of service, then submit a claim with an itemized bill from the hospital to the plan for reimbursement (see “How Do I Submit a Claim?” on page 68). You may ask the non-contracted hospital if they will submit a claim on your behalf.

### ***Outpatient and Professional Provider Services***

If you receive outpatient care outside the U.S., you pay the facility or professional provider at the time of service, then submit a claim to the plan for reimbursement (see “How Do I Submit a Claim?” on page 68). Covered services by BlueCard contracted providers are paid the same as preferred providers, but the allowed amount may vary.

## **When and How Do I Submit a Claim for Services Outside the U.S.?**

If you receive inpatient services at a contracted hospital, the hospital will submit claims on your behalf. See “Inpatient Services at a BlueCard Contracted Hospital” above.

For care from non-contracted hospitals and all outpatient care, you pay the provider at the time of service. To receive reimbursement from the plan for covered services, you must submit an international claim to the BlueCard Worldwide service center; see “Contact BlueCard Worldwide” above for contact information and where to find a claim form.

When a claim for services received outside of the U.S. is submitted, the claim and all accompanying documentation (such as medical records) must be translated into English, and the relevant currency exchange

rate provided. Specific services, charges, drugs and dosage must be documented. The plan does not pay for translation or other documentation.



**ALERT!** The plan does not cover prescription drugs ordered through foreign (non-U.S.) mail-order pharmacies. See pages 46–47 for how coverage of prescription drugs purchased outside the U.S. works.

## Why Choose a Preferred Provider?



**ALERT!** Some providers are considered preferred at one practice location but not another. If you see a provider at an out-of-network location, services will be covered as out-of-network, even if the provider is preferred elsewhere. If you see a provider at a new or different location than usual, make sure he or she is a preferred provider at the alternate location as well.

You get the most from your plan when you choose preferred providers. Here's why:

- ♦ You pay 15% of the allowed amount for most services by a preferred provider, after you pay your deductible.
- ♦ You pay nothing for covered preventive care services and immunizations when you see a preferred provider. See pages 38–39 for examples of services covered.
- ♦ A preferred provider can't bill you for more than the plan's allowed amount.
- ♦ You won't have to file a claim if the plan is your primary coverage.

**Note:** You will have to pay for services or supplies that exceed benefit limits or are not covered, even if you see a preferred provider.

## Using Out-of-Network Providers Costs You the Most Money



**TIP:** The allowed amount is the amount preferred providers agree to accept as payment in full (definition on pages 107–108). Out-of-network providers may charge more than this amount, and you are responsible for paying that difference. This is called "balance billing" (see definition on page 108).

When you see an out-of-network provider:

- ♦ For most covered services, you pay 40% of the allowed amount, **plus** any amount the out-of-network provider charges above the allowed amount; this is called balance billing (see TIP above).
- ♦ You still have to meet your deductible before the plan begins to pay. Any amount you pay above the allowed amount does not count toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit.
- ♦ You may have to pay upfront and send the claim to the plan yourself.

**Note:** Payment for out-of-network services may be sent to you or the provider.

## Preferred Providers Cost You Less Than Participating Providers

### *What Is a Participating Provider?*

A participating provider contracts with Regence BlueShield or another BlueCard network, but is not preferred under the Preferred Provider Organization ("PPO") network that applies to UMP CDHP members. These providers are designated in the online provider directory with \$\$\$. See page 6 to compare your cost for preferred and participating providers.

## Comparing Your Cost

This example assumes you have met your deductible.

Preferred Providers	Participating Providers
You pay 15% of the plan allowed amount for covered services.	You pay 40% of the plan allowed amount for covered services.

See page 8 under “Comparing Payments to Preferred, Participating, and Out-of-Network Providers” for examples.

## How Are Preferred and Participating Providers the Same?

The following rules apply to both preferred and participating providers:

- ♦ **Balance billing** (see definition on page 108): Preferred and participating providers may not charge you more than the plan allowed amount.
- ♦ **Preventive care:** Services covered as preventive by the plan are paid at 100%; you pay nothing.
- ♦ **Out-of-pocket limit:** Once you meet your out-of-pocket limit (see pages 11–12), covered services are paid at 100%; you pay nothing.
- ♦ **Mental health services:** You pay 15% for covered mental health services.

## When You Don’t Have Access to a Preferred Provider: Network Waiver



**ALERT!** You must request a network waiver as described below within 180 days of receiving notice of payment (Explanation of Benefits, see page 111) for the designated services. Network waiver requests received after services were provided are considered an appeal; see “Complaint and Appeal Procedures” beginning on page 74 for more information.

A “network waiver” is a request that the plan cover the services of an out-of-network provider at the preferred rate. Network waivers may be submitted as described below only when:

- ♦ A claim for services provided by the out-of-network provider has been processed and you have received an Explanation of Benefits; or
- ♦ The services to be provided require preauthorization. The preauthorization request should include the network waiver request.

If you do not have access within 30 miles of your residence to a preferred provider able to provide medically necessary services, you may request a network waiver by submitting the following documentation

- ♦ A letter of explanation from you or your provider stating why the patient saw or needs to see the out-of-network provider.
- ♦ Details of the research conducted by you or your provider to locate a preferred provider (in effect, names and phone numbers of preferred providers that were researched and may have been contacted before receiving services from the out-of-network provider).

If the waiver is related to services for which preauthorization is being requested, or for

which care is ongoing, the following additional information should be included:

- ◆ Performing provider's name, address, phone number, and National Provider Identifier (NPI) or Tax ID number (TIN).
- ◆ Diagnosis codes.
- ◆ Procedure codes.
- ◆ Length of treatment requested or required for services.
- ◆ Estimated charges.

Your network waiver request should be sent to:

**Regence BlueShield**  
**Attn: Correspondence, Intake, and Appeals**  
**PO Box 2998**  
**Tacoma, WA 98401-2998**



**ALERT!** If a network waiver is approved, you must still pay any applicable deductible and coinsurance. Network waivers for ongoing services may require periodic review.

## Covered Provider Types



**TIP:** All preferred providers are covered provider types, but not all covered provider types are preferred. Find preferred providers by using the Provider Search at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), at [regence.com](http://regence.com), or by calling 1-888-849-3681.

The plan pays for covered services only when performed by a covered provider type. All preferred providers are covered provider types. If you see an out-of-network provider that is not a covered provider type, the plan will not pay for any of the services received; you will be responsible for all charges. As with all noncovered services, any payments you make to a noncovered provider type will not apply toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit. See the list of covered provider types at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump). See page 22 for approved providers of Applied Behavior Analysis Therapy.

## What Is a Primary Care Provider?

A primary care provider (PCP) is a medical professional who provides services directly to patients, as well as coordinating access to a range of other health care services. To be designated as a PCP, a provider must be one of the provider types and practice under one of the specialties listed in the table below.

Provider Type	Specialties
Medical Doctor (M.D)	Adult Medicine
Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.)	Family Practice
Naturopathic Physician (N.D.)	General Practice
Nurse Practitioner	Internal Medicine
Physician Assistant	OB/GYN or Obstetrics
	Pediatrics (for patients under age 18)

# Comparing Payments to Preferred, Participating, and Out-of-Network Providers

The chart below shows how much you pay for professional services when UMP CDHP is your primary insurance. For these examples, assume you have paid your deductible and haven't reached your out-of-pocket limit.

Preferred Provider				
Billed Charge	Allowed Amount	Must Provider Accept Allowed Amount?	Plan Pays	You Owe Provider
\$1,000	\$900	Yes (Provider discount = \$100)	\$765 (85% x \$900)	<b>\$135</b> (15% x \$900) Member coinsurance (15% of plan allowed)
Participating Provider				
Billed Charge	Allowed Amount	Must Provider Accept Allowed Amount?	Plan Pays	You Owe Provider
\$1,000	\$900	Yes (Provider discount = \$100)	\$540 (60% x \$900)	<b>\$360</b> Member coinsurance (40% of plan allowed) <i>The provider may not balance bill you</i>
Out-of-Network Provider				
Billed Charge	Allowed Amount	Must Provider Accept Allowed Amount?	Plan Pays	You Owe Provider
\$1,000	\$900	No (No provider discount)	\$540 (60% x \$900)	\$360 Member coinsurance (40% of plan allowed) <b>plus</b> Difference between allowed amount and billed charge \$100* (balance billing) <b>Total you pay: \$460</b>

\*This amount does not apply to your deductible or out-of-pocket limit.

**Please note that these are examples only and may not reflect your specific situation.**

# What You Pay for Medical Services

## Your Deductible



**ALERT!** Prescription drug costs do count toward your deductible. You pay the entire cost of your drugs, even those covered by the plan, until you have met your entire deductible. See “Products Covered Under the Preventive Care Benefit” on page 51 for exceptions.

A deductible is a fixed dollar amount you pay each calendar year before the plan begins paying most benefits. For this plan, the deductible for a single person on an account is \$1,400; for more than one person on an account, \$2,800; see “How Does the Deductible Work With More Than One Person?” on page 10. You pay your providers until you meet your deductible for the year, then the plan begins to pay benefits for your care. See below for services that are exempt from the deductible.

## What Doesn't Count Toward My Deductible?

The following out-of-pocket expenses do **not** count toward your deductible:

- ♦ Services you pay for that aren't covered by the plan (see pages 57–61 for some examples).
- ♦ Services that are exempt from the deductible, even if you had out-of-pocket costs. For example, preventive care received from an out-of-network provider.
- ♦ Charges for services exceeding benefit maximums. For example, the maximum for adult vision hardware is \$150 every two calendar years; charges over \$150 do not count toward your deductible.

- ♦ Charges for services beyond benefit limits. For example, the annual benefit limit for acupuncture is 16 visits. Costs for more than 16 visits are not covered by the plan and do not count toward your deductible.
- ♦ Out-of-network provider charges that exceed the allowed amount (see table on page 8), including non-network pharmacies.



**TIP:** You can spend from your HSA for noncovered services as long as they are qualified medical expenses (see definition on page 119).

## Which Services Are Exempt From the Deductible?

You do not have to pay the deductible before the plan pays for these services:

- ♦ Preventive care and immunizations as described on pages 38–39.
- ♦ Routine vision care: exams, glasses, and contacts (page 42).
- ♦ Select contraceptive supplies and services (pages 29–30).
- ♦ Certain products available from network pharmacies (page 51).
- ♦ Diabetes Control Program (page 26) and Diabetes Prevention Program (pages 26–27).
- ♦ *Quit for Life* tobacco cessation program (page 41).



**TIP:** All services **not** listed above are subject to the deductible. This means that you must pay the first \$1,400 or \$2,800 of covered services before the plan begins to pay.

## How Does the Deductible Work With More Than One Person?

- ♦ If you cover only yourself, your deductible is \$1,400; you must pay this amount for covered services not exempt from the deductible (including covered drugs) before the plan begins to pay for your care.
- ♦ If you cover yourself and at least one other person, your deductible is \$2,800. You must meet this amount of covered services for all covered persons combined before the plan pays for any services, including drugs (other than those exempt from the deductible).



**ALERT!** If you receive services with a benefit limit (such as spinal or extremity manipulation, massage therapy, or physical therapy) before meeting your deductible, those visits will count toward the benefit limit. For example, if you pay out of pocket for a massage therapy visit because you haven't met your deductible, that visit will count toward the maximum of 16 visits per calendar year. See definition of "Limited Benefit" on pages 112–113 for more information. **Note:** If a dependent has other primary coverage, visits paid by the primary plan also count toward UMP CDHP benefit limits.

## What Is Coinsurance?

Coinsurance refers to the percentage of the allowed amount that you pay for most medical services and for prescription drugs, when the plan pays less than 100%.

## How Much Coinsurance Do I Pay?

After you've paid your deductible, you pay the following percentages for most medical services:

- ♦ **For preferred providers:** 15% of the allowed amount.
- ♦ **For participating providers:** 40% of the allowed amount; see pages 5–6 for details.
- ♦ **For out-of-network providers:** 40% of the allowed amount. **Note:** Most

out-of-network providers charge more than the allowed amount. You will be responsible for paying any amount an out-of-network provider bills that is above the allowed amount, in addition to your 40% coinsurance; see definition of balance billing on page 108.

See pages 43–53 for how much you pay for prescription drugs.

## How Do I Pay My Claims?

To ensure you pay the correct amount, it's best to pay after claims are processed by the plan. Your provider should bill the plan first. When the plan processes a claim, it applies any network provider discount, checks the benefits for the service, and confirms if you've met your deductible in order to calculate what you owe on the claim. Both you and your provider will receive an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) that provides the detail on what the plan pays and what amount, if any, is the member's responsibility. Your provider should then bill you the same amount that is shown in the "member responsibility" column on the EOB.

## How to Use the Funds in Your Health Savings Account (HSA) to Pay

After a claim is processed, you may log into your HealthEquity health savings account (HSA) to view your claims. You may pay for qualified medical expenses (see definition on page 119) by:

- ♦ Using your HealthEquity debit card at the time of service.
- ♦ Logging in to your HSA and designating payment to be sent by HealthEquity directly to the provider. **Note:** You can make a partial payment using this method.
- ♦ Logging in to your HSA and paying yourself back for a medical expense you paid using non-HSA funds. For example, if you paid cash at the pharmacy for qualified purchases, you can reimburse yourself from your HSA.

# Your Out-of-Pocket Limit

## How Does It Work?

The out-of-pocket limit is the most you pay during a calendar year for covered services from preferred providers. After you meet your out-of-pocket limit for the year, the plan pays covered services by preferred providers at 100% of the allowed amount.

*Expenses are counted from January 1, 2015, or your first day of enrollment, whichever is later; and December 31, 2015, or your last day of enrollment, whichever is first.*

## How Much Is the Out-of-Pocket Limit?

Number of persons covered on the account	Out-of-pocket limit per calendar year
One person covered	\$4,200
Two or more persons covered	\$8,400

## What Counts Toward the Out-of-Pocket Limit and What Doesn't?

<b>What counts toward the out-of-pocket limit?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Your coinsurance paid to preferred and participating providers (see pages 5–6).</li><li>▪ Your deductible.</li><li>▪ Your out-of-pocket costs for covered prescription drugs and products.</li></ul>
<b>What doesn't count toward the out-of-pocket limit?</b> <i>See "Exceptions: Out-of-Network Provider Services That Count" on page 12.</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Amounts paid by the plan, including services covered in full (preventive).</li><li>2. Non-network pharmacy charges that exceed the allowed amount (see page 108).</li><li>3. Balance billed amounts (see definition of balance billing below). For exceptions, see "Exceptions: Out-of-Network Provider Services That Count" on page 12.</li><li>4. Services not covered by the plan; for examples, see pages 57–61.</li><li>5. Amounts that are more than a maximum dollar amount paid by the plan. For example, the plan pays a maximum of \$150 for adult vision hardware once every two calendar years. Any amount you pay over \$150 does not count toward the out-of-pocket limit.</li><li>6. Amounts paid for services exceeding a benefit limit. For example, the benefit limit for acupuncture is 16 visits. If you have more than 16 acupuncture visits in one year, you will pay in full for those visits, and what you pay will not count toward this limit. See "Limited Benefit" on pages 112–113 for more benefits with this type of limit.</li></ol>
<b>What will I pay for after reaching my out-of-pocket limit?</b>	You will still be responsible for paying numbers 2–6 above after you meet your out-of-pocket limit.

**Balance billing** is a provider billing you for the difference between the provider's charge and the allowed amount (see definition beginning on page 107). For example, if the provider's charge is \$100 and the allowed amount is \$70, the provider may bill you for the remaining \$30. Preferred and participating providers may not balance bill you for covered services above the allowed amount. See an example of how this works on page 8.

## You Still Pay For Out-of-Network Provider Services

Services by out-of-network providers are not paid at 100% (see “Exceptions: Out-of-Network Provider Services That Count” below). Even after you meet your out-of-pocket limit, you will still pay 40% coinsurance for out-of-network provider services and the provider may still balance bill you (see definition above). Balance billed amounts do not count toward your out-of-pocket limit.

### ***Exceptions: Out-of-Network Provider Services That Count***

In certain cases, your coinsurance and balance billed amounts for out-of-network provider services will count toward your out-of-pocket limit. In addition, the plan will pay 100% of billed charges for these services after you meet your out-of-pocket limit.

- ♦ Ambulance (see page 22).
- ♦ Dialysis (see page 27).
- ♦ Ocularists (creation and fitting of prosthetic eyes).



**ALERT!** Services by out-of-network providers are not paid at 100%; even after you reach your out-of-pocket limit, you will still pay 40% coinsurance and the provider may balance bill you (see definition on page 108).

## Your Health Savings Account (HSA)

PEBB will deposit \$700.08 for one person, and \$1,400.04 for more than one person on an account, deposited in equal amounts over the calendar year. Employer contributions are made only during those months you are enrolled in UMP CDHP. You may also make deposits to your account. The IRS limits the total amount that can be contributed from all sources to \$3,350 for one person or \$6,650

for more than one person per year. Subscribers age 55 and older can contribute an additional \$1,000 per year. The PEBB contributions count toward the limit, as does the SmartHealth incentive (see below).

You can use your HSA to pay for member cost-sharing and other qualified medical expenses as described in Internal Revenue Code 223(d) (2), including those not normally covered by the plan. You can use HSA funds to pay for expenses for your spouse or tax dependents, even if they are not covered by UMP CDHP. The federal Internal Revenue Service determines which services are eligible for reimbursement through an HSA, and who can pay for services using HSA funds. For a list of items and services that you can pay for with your HSA funds, see [www.healthequity.com/pebb](http://www.healthequity.com/pebb) or call 1-877-873-8823.



### **FOR MORE INFORMATION:**

See the HealthEquity website at [www.healthequity.com/pebb](http://www.healthequity.com/pebb) or call 1-877-873-8823 for details on how to use your Health Savings Account.

## If You Qualified for the SmartHealth Wellness Incentive

If you earned the 2015 SmartHealth \$125 wellness incentive, it will be deposited in your HSA. This counts toward your maximum annual contribution; you may need to adjust your payroll contributions to ensure you don't exceed your maximum allowed contribution for the year.

# Summary of Benefits



**ALERT!** Even if a provider orders a test or prescribes a treatment, the plan may not cover it. Please review this *Certificate of Coverage* or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 if you have questions about benefits or limitations.

On the next several pages, you'll find a summary of your plan benefits, a convenient reference to help you find the information you need. For a complete understanding of how a benefit works, it is important that you also read the pages listed in the "For More Information" column.

Not all benefits are listed. For services not listed, see the Table of Contents, the Index at

the back of the book, or call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

In order to be covered, all services must be medically necessary (see the definition on pages 113–115).

***If you see an unfamiliar term, see the alphabetical list of definitions on pages 107–121.***

*This Certificate of Coverage applies **only** to dates of service between the day your coverage begins (but no earlier than January 1, 2015) and the day your coverage ends (no later than December 31, 2015).*



**ALERT!** If you have coverage under another health plan, see pages 62–67.

## Deductibles and Limits

What is it?	How much is it?	What else do I need to know?	For more information: See page(s)
Deductible	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>\$1,400 for one person on the account</li> <li>\$2,800 for two or more persons on an account (family)</li> </ul> <p>If you qualified for the 2015 SmartHealth wellness incentive, PEBB will deposit \$125 into your Health Savings Account.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This deductible applies to all services, including prescription drugs, unless specifically stated the services are not subject to the deductible.</li> <li>For a family account, you must meet the entire \$2,800 deductible.</li> <li>You pay toward this deductible before the plan pays for covered services.</li> <li>You don't have to pay the deductible for some services.</li> <li>Not all services count toward this deductible.</li> </ul>	9–10
Out-of-pocket limit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>\$4,200 for one person on the account</li> <li>\$8,400 for two or more persons on an account (family)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Your deductible and prescription drug costs count toward this limit.</li> <li>Not all services count toward this limit.</li> </ul>	11–12

(continued on next page)

## Deductibles and Limits *(continued)*

What is it?	How much is it?	What else do I need to know?	For more information: See page(s)
Health Savings Account (HSA) <i>If the subscriber is age 55 or older, may contribute up to an additional \$1,000.</i>	Maximum annual contribution: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Account with one person \$3,350</li> <li>Account with two or more persons: \$6,650</li> </ul>	You may pay for any qualified medical expenses (see definition on page 119) from your HSA, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Services that apply to your deductible.</li> <li>Services that are not covered by the plan, but are still qualified medical expenses</li> </ul>	12
Annual plan payment limit	None	No limit to how much the plan pays per calendar year.	Not applicable
Lifetime plan payment limit	None	No limit to how much the plan pays over a lifetime.	Not applicable

## How Much Will I Pay?

The table below describes how much you'll pay for services. Unless otherwise noted, all payment is based on the allowed amount, which is the fee accepted as payment by a preferred provider, and services are subject to the deductible. See the Summary of Benefits table on pages 16–20 for which type of service applies to a specific benefit.

Type of Service	How Much You Pay
<b>Standard</b> Subject to the deductible; see page 13.	How much you pay (your coinsurance) depends on the provider's network status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Preferred providers</b> — You pay 15% of the allowed amount.</li> <li><b>Out-of-network providers</b> — You pay 40% of the allowed amount; the provider may balance bill (see page 108).</li> <li><b>Participating providers</b> — You pay 40% of the allowed amount; the provider may not balance bill. Indicated by \$\$ in the provider directory on <a href="http://regence.com">regence.com</a>.</li> </ul>
<b>Preventive</b> Preventive services are <b>not subject to the deductible</b> (you don't have to pay your deductible before the plan pays).	How much you pay (your coinsurance) depends on the provider's network status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Preferred and participating providers</b> — You pay \$0: the plan pays in full.</li> <li><b>Out-of-network providers</b> — You pay 40%; the provider may balance bill.</li> </ul>

## How Much Will I Pay? *(continued)*

Type of Service	How Much You Pay
<b>Inpatient</b> Subject to the deductible; see pages 9–10. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Facility charges and professional services (such as physicians and lab tests) are usually billed separately. See a specific benefit—for example, diagnostic tests—for how these related services are covered.</li> <li>Professional providers may contract separately from a facility. Even if a facility is preferred, a professional provider may not be.</li> <li>Most inpatient services require both:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Preauthorization:</b> See page 54 for a description of how this works.</li> <li><b>Notification:</b> Your provider must notify the plan upon admission to a facility; see page 55 for a description of how this works.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> Note that most inpatient services require both preauthorization and plan notification.	How much you pay (your coinsurance) depends on the provider’s* network status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Preferred providers</b>— You pay 15% of the allowed amount.</li> <li><b>Out-of-network providers</b>— You pay 40% of the allowed amount; the provider may balance bill (see page 108).</li> <li><b>Participating providers</b>— You pay 40% of the allowed amount; the provider may not balance bill. Indicated by \$\$ in the provider directory on regence.com.</li> </ul> Services are considered inpatient only when you are admitted as an inpatient to a facility. See definition of “Inpatient Stay” on page 112. <i>*A facility, such as a hospital, may be referred to as a “provider.”</i>
<b>Special</b> Subject to the deductible; see page 13.	These services have unique payment rules, which are described in the “How much will I pay?” column on pages 16–20.

### What else do I need to know?

- ♦ Some services aren’t covered; see pages 57–61 for some of the services not covered by the plan.
- ♦ You don’t need a referral from the plan to see a specialist for most services. However, you will save money by seeing preferred providers, especially for preventive services; see page 5.
- ♦ Preexisting conditions: There is no waiting period; medically necessary services are covered from the effective date of your medical coverage.

*(continued on next page)*

# Summary of Benefits

Only certain services are listed in the table. For those not listed, see the alphabetical list of covered benefits on pages 21–42, check the Index, or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

Please read the pages listed in the “For more information” column for each benefit. Not all details are included in the table. We recommend that you also review:

- ♦ Services that require preauthorization (see page 54 for how this works); see current list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-849-3681.
- ♦ Services for which your provider must notify the plan; see current list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-849-3681.
- ♦ Services that aren’t covered (exclusions; see pages 57–61).

If you have questions about services that require preauthorization or plan notification, or services not covered by the plan, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

Benefit/Service	How much will I pay? (See pages 14–15 for description of payment types)	For more information: See page(s)	Any limitations or exclusions?
<b>Ambulance</b>	<b>Special:</b> 20% of the allowed amount for preferred or out-of-network providers.  Out-of-network providers may balance bill.	22, 57, 61	Covered only for a medical emergency (see definition on page 113).
<b>Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy</b>	Standard	22	Specific preauthorization requirements; see page 22.
<b>Chemical Dependency Treatment</b>			
<i>Inpatient Services</i>	Inpatient	24, 59	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inpatient admission and some other services require plan notification.*</li> <li>▪ Treatment in residential facilities requires preauthorization.*</li> </ul>
<i>Outpatient Services</i>	Standard	24, 59	May be subject to review for medical necessity. Some services require plan notification.*
<b>Chiropractic Physician Services</b>		39	See “Spinal and Extremity Manipulations” on page 20.
<b>Contraceptive Services for Women</b>	Preventive or Standard	29–30, 38	See pages 29–30 for services that are covered as preventive. Some contraceptive services may be covered as Standard.

*\*For services requiring preauthorization or plan notification: See the list of services at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or call 1-888-849-3681. Many services require both preauthorization and plan notification. See pages 54–55 for how this works.*

<b>Benefit/Service</b>	<b>How much will I pay? (See pages 14–15 for description of payment types)</b>	<b>For more information: See page(s)</b>	<b>Any limitations or exclusions?</b>
<b>Diabetes Care Supplies</b>	<b>Special:</b> Paid under the prescription drug benefit; see pages at right.	26, 65–66	See page 66 if Medicare is your primary coverage.
<b>Diabetes Control Program: NOT ME</b>	Preventive	26	Only the NOT ME program is covered.
<b>Diabetes Prevention Program: NOT ME</b>	Preventive	26–27	Only the NOT ME program is covered.
<b>Diagnostic Tests, Laboratory, and X-Rays</b>	Standard	27, 57, 59, 61	Usually billed separately from related office visits or inpatient services.
<b>Durable Medical Equipment, Supplies, and Prostheses</b>	Standard	27–29, 42, 45, 58, 59, 110	May require preauthorization.* Some breast pumps are covered as preventive; see page 36.
<b>Emergency Room (ER)</b>	Standard	29, 113	Services determined not to be due to a medical emergency (page 113) are not covered in an emergency room setting.
<b>Family Planning Services</b>	Standard <i>Some contraceptive services are covered as preventive; see pages 29–30.</i>	29–30, 58	Not covered: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Infertility services</li> <li>▪ Reversal of sterilization</li> </ul>
<b>Hearing Aids</b>	<b>Special:</b> Plan pays up to \$800.	31	Limited to \$800 plan payment per three calendar years.
<b>Hearing Exams, Routine</b>	Standard	31, 38	Newborn hearing screening is covered as preventive.
<b>Home Health Care</b>	Standard	32, 40, 58, 59, 112, 113	See page 32 for what is covered. Specific services are not covered; see exclusion 24 on page 58. Maintenance (page 113) and custodial (page 109) care are not covered.
<b>Hospice Care</b> (Includes respite care)	<b>Special:</b> Paid at 100% after meeting deductible.	32, 112, 119	Covered for terminally ill members for up to six months. Respite care is limited to 14 visits per lifetime.

(continued on next page)

\*For services requiring preauthorization or plan notification: See the list of services at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or call 1-888-849-3681. Many services require **both** preauthorization and plan notification. See pages 54–55 for how this works.

## Summary of Benefits, continued

Benefit/Service	How much will I pay? (See pages 14–15 for description of payment types)	For more information: See page(s)	Any limitations or exclusions?
<b>Hospital Services</b>			
<i>Inpatient Services</i>	Inpatient	32-33, 35-36, 58	All elective inpatient admissions (except maternity) require preauthorization.* Plan notification is required for all hospital admissions within 24 hours of admission.* Some services require preauthorization.*
<i>Outpatient Services</i>	Standard	32-33, 35-36, 58	Some services require preauthorization.*
<b>Immunizations</b> (Vaccines)	Preventive (usually)	39, 58, 115	Covered under CDC recommendations; see page 39. <i>Not covered for travel or employment.</i>
<b>Mammograms</b> (Diagnostic)	Standard	33–34	Must be billed as diagnostic by the provider.
<b>Mammograms</b> (Screening)	Preventive	33–34	<b>Women age 40 and older:</b> Covered every one to two years. <b>Women under age 40:</b> Covered as preventive only for women at increased risk; see page 33 for details. For women under age 40 and not at increased risk, see pages 33–34.
<b>Massage Therapy</b>	Standard	34, 59	Limited to 16 visits per calendar year. Only preferred massage therapists are covered.
<b>Mastectomy and Breast Reconstruction</b>	Standard	28, 34	All inpatient services require plan notification.*

*\*For services requiring preauthorization or plan notification: See the list of services at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or call 1-888-849-3681. Many services require **both** preauthorization and plan notification. See pages 54-55 for how this works.*

<b>Benefit/Service</b>	<b>How much will I pay? (See pages 14–15 for description of payment types)</b>	<b>For more information: See page(s)</b>	<b>Any limitations or exclusions?</b>
<b>Mental Health Treatment</b>			
<i>Inpatient Services</i>	Inpatient	34, 59	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Inpatient admission and some other services require plan notification.*</li> <li>▪ Treatment in residential facilities requires preauthorization.*</li> </ul>
<i>Outpatient Services</i>	Standard	34, 59	Some services require plan notification.*
<b>Naturopathic Physician Services</b>	Standard	7, 34–35, 51, 57	Herbs, vitamins, and other supplements are not covered. See page 51 for exceptions.
<b>Obstetric and Newborn Care</b>	Inpatient (Standard for related outpatient visits) <i>Some breast pumps are covered as preventive; see page 36.</i>	35–36, 40	For non-routine services for a newborn, you may pay an additional deductible or separate coinsurance; see page 36. See page 35 for coverage of circumcision, which is not a preventive service.
<b>Office Visits</b>	Standard	37, 59	See page 38 for routine exams covered as preventive.
<b>Physical, Occupational, Speech, and Neurodevelopmental Therapy</b>	Standard <i>Inpatient services are usually charged separately from facility charges.</i>	37	<b>Inpatient:</b> 60 days maximum per calendar year. <b>Outpatient:</b> 60 visits maximum per calendar year.
<b>Prescription Drugs</b>	15% after deductible is met.	43–53	See exclusions on pages 57–61, and other limits on pages 47–50.
<b>Preventive Care</b> <i>Includes vaccines, routine exams, some screening tests</i>	Preventive	33, 36, 38–39, 51, 118	Only certain services are covered as preventive; see pages 38–39. See pages 29–30 for contraception covered as preventive.
<b>Skilled Nursing Facility</b>	Inpatient <i>Some services may be billed separately (such as physical therapy).</i>	39, 57, 59, 60, 120	Maintenance care (page 113) and custodial care (page 109) are not covered.

(continued on next page)

\*For services requiring preauthorization or plan notification: See the list of services at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or call 1-888-849-3681. Many services require both preauthorization and plan notification. See pages 54–55 for how this works.

## Summary of Benefits, continued

Benefit/Service	How much will I pay? (See pages 14–15 for description of payment types)	For more information: See page(s)	Any limitations or exclusions?
<b>Spinal and Extremity Manipulations</b>	Standard	39, 59	Limited to 10 visits per calendar year.
<b>Surgery</b>			
<i>Inpatient Services</i>	Inpatient	34, 37, 40, 41, 58, 108, 119	See page 23 for coverage of bariatric surgery. Some services require preauthorization and/or plan notification.*
<i>Outpatient Services</i>	Standard	34, 37, 40, 41, 58, 108, 119	Some services require preauthorization.*
<b>Tobacco Cessation Program</b>	Preventive	41, 52, 60	Only the <i>Quit for Life</i> program is covered for ages 18 and above. See page 41 for drugs and nicotine replacement supplies covered. See page 41 for tobacco cessation services for members ages 17 and under.
<b>Vision Care</b> (Related to Diseases and Disorders of the Eye)	Standard	42, 57, 58, 59	
<b>Vision Exams, Routine</b>	Preventive	42, 58, 59	One per calendar year. \$65 annual limit on contact lens fitting fees.
<b>Vision Hardware, Adults</b> (Over age 18) Glasses, contact lenses	<b>Special:</b> You pay any amount over \$150; network status of provider does not matter. No deductible.	42	Plan pays up to \$150 per two calendar years (resets every even year).
<b>Vision Hardware, Children</b> (Age 18 and under) Glasses, contact lenses	<b>Special:</b> No deductible. <b>Eyeglasses:</b> You pay \$0 for one set of standard or deluxe frames and lenses per year. <b>Contact lenses:</b> You pay 15% of billed charges.	42	Plan pays for one pair of eyeglasses per year at 100% of billed charges. See page 42 for options that aren't covered. No limit on number of contact lenses covered.
<b>Well-Child Visits</b>	Preventive	38–39	See pages 38–39.

\*For services requiring preauthorization or plan notification: See the list of services at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or call 1-888-849-3681. Many services require both preauthorization and plan notification. See pages 54-55 for how this works.

# Benefits: What the Plan Covers

## Guidelines for Coverage



**ALERT!** The fact that a physician or other provider prescribes, orders, recommends, or approves a service or supply does not mean it is covered or medically necessary (see pages 113–115).

For this plan to cover a service or supply, it must meet all of the following conditions. The service or supply is:

- ♦ Received by an enrolled member on a day between the date your coverage begins (but no sooner than January 1, 2015) and the date your coverage ends (but no later than December 31, 2015); and
- ♦ Listed as covered; and
- ♦ Consistent with the plan's coverage policies and preauthorization requirements; and
- ♦ Medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115).

Limits and exclusions may apply to plan benefits. See both the benefit description and “What the Plan Doesn’t Cover” starting on page 57. Some services require preauthorization and/or plan notification prior to receiving treatment; see the list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call Customer Service to ask if a particular service is covered.

The following sections describe the benefits provided by this plan. Be sure to read them carefully for important information that can help you get the most from your health coverage. *If you do not understand the benefits, it is your responsibility to ask for help before receiving services by calling Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.*

## Health Technology Assessment (HTA) Program



**ALERT!** In most cases, HTA Program decisions are effective at the beginning of the calendar year. If the plan makes a rare exception to this policy and changes coverage during the calendar year based on an HTA Program decision, the plan will notify you in writing before the change is effective.

Under state law, UMP CDHP follows decisions by the Health Technology Assessment (HTA) Program, which includes the work of the Washington State Health Technology Clinical Committee (HTCC). You may view the list of services that have been reviewed or are currently under review by the HTA Program at [www.hca.wa.gov/hta](http://www.hca.wa.gov/hta).

If you have questions about services affected by HTA Program decisions, call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.



**ALERT!** Implementation of HTA Program decisions takes precedence over any other coverage policies.

## List of Benefits

### Acupuncture

The plan covers 16 visits for acupuncture treatment per calendar year. See definition of “Limited Benefit” on pages 112–113.

## Ambulance



**TIP:** You pay 20% for ambulance services, which must be medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115). Out-of-network providers may balance bill you (see page 8 for how this works). For these services, balance billed amounts will count toward your out-of-pocket limit. Ambulance services for personal or convenience purposes are not covered.

### Ground Ambulance

Professional ground ambulance services are covered in a medical emergency:

- ♦ From the site of the medical emergency to the nearest facility equipped to treat the medical emergency (see definition of medical emergency on page 113).
- ♦ From one facility to the nearest other facility equipped to give further treatment.

In addition, when other means of transportation are considered unsafe due to your medical condition, the plan covers professional ambulance services:

- ♦ From one facility to another facility, for inpatient or outpatient treatment.
- ♦ From home to a facility.
- ♦ From a facility to your home.

### Air or Water Ambulance

Air and water professional ambulance services are covered only when all of the following conditions are met:

- ♦ Ground ambulance is not appropriate.
- ♦ The situation is a medical emergency (see definition on page 113).
- ♦ Air or water ambulance is medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115).
- ♦ Transport is to the nearest facility able to provide the care you need.



**ALERT!** The plan pays for air ambulance only to the nearest facility able to provide the care you need. This means if you require care while traveling, the plan would pay for medically necessary air ambulance services only to the nearest hospital (facility) capable of treating your condition. The plan would not pay for air ambulance or other forms of air transport to a facility closer to your home residence. If you travel outside the U.S., consider getting separate insurance that covers such air ambulance services.

## Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy

The plan covers Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy only for a diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder. ABA Therapy services must be preauthorized by the plan before services are performed, or all claims will be denied.

Like other preauthorized services, approved preauthorization is specific to the provider who made the preauthorization request. ABA therapy hours preauthorized for one provider are not automatically transferable to another provider. A change in the provider requires a new preauthorization.

Providers of ABA Therapy services must be appropriately credentialed and qualified to prescribe or perform ABA Therapy services.

As for other covered services, you receive the best benefit by using preferred providers. See page 8 for differences in your cost for preferred, participating, and out-of-network providers. To find a preferred provider, call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

Additional information on ABA Therapy, including how to request preauthorization, is available at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump); type “ABA Therapy” in the Search box at the upper right.



**ALERT!** All ABA Therapy services must be preauthorized before services are provided, including those by out-of-network providers. The plan will deny coverage when services are not preauthorized, or when preauthorization is requested but is denied by the plan. You (the patient) will pay all charges associated with noncovered ABA Therapy services, and these noncovered services do not count toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit.

## Autism Treatment

To determine how a particular service, supply, or intervention is covered, please see that specific benefit. For example, speech or occupational therapy is addressed on page 37 under the “Physical, Speech, Occupational, or Neurodevelopmental Therapy” benefit; mental health coverage is found under “Mental Health Treatment” on page 34. If a specific benefit is subject to limits, such as number of visits, these limits apply to services, supplies, or interventions for an autism diagnosis the same as for any other diagnosis.

## Bariatric Surgery



**TIP:** To be evaluated for the bariatric program, you must submit a completed Request for Bariatric Surgery form. You may find this by entering “bariatric” into the Search box at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or by calling Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

Bariatric (obesity) surgery is covered only in very specific clinical circumstances, including co-morbid conditions, and must be preauthorized by the plan. The plan will cover the surgery **only** if the patient meets all program requirements, including those required before and after surgery. The member must use providers and facilities designated by the plan.

You will be required to work with a plan case manager during all phases of the bariatric surgery program. You must cooperate with ongoing assessment, support, and education

with your assigned case management professionals, including a structured, medically supervised non-surgical weight loss program coordinated with your provider.

The plan may approve coverage for bariatric surgery for treatment of morbid obesity only when you successfully participate in the program described above for a minimum of six consecutive months. Successful participation will be determined by the plan based on recognized best practices.

For the plan to cover bariatric surgery, the plan must evaluate and approve your surgery as meeting published plan medical policy.

The plan covers only certain types of bariatric surgery procedures. If you meet the plan’s clinical criteria, non-Medicare adults age 21 and over are covered for Roux-en-Y, sleeve gastrectomy, and laparoscopic adjustable gastric banding procedures as determined by the bariatric surgeon. Young adults 18 to 20 years of age who meet the plan’s clinical criteria are covered only for laparoscopic adjustable gastric banding procedures. No other procedure will be considered for coverage.

## Related Care Following Bariatric Surgery

If you need surgical follow-up care related to bariatric surgery, the follow-up surgery must be appropriate and essential to the long-term success of the initial bariatric surgery. Such surgery must be preauthorized by the plan as meeting plan medical policy and criteria. You will be required to work with a bariatric surgery case manager, who will determine if additional services are necessary, such as but not limited to continued support and reinforcement of the treatment plan.

Panniculectomy (removal of loose skin) is covered following bariatric surgery only when specific medical criteria are met. Most panniculectomies are considered cosmetic and are not covered.

## Chemical Dependency Treatment



**ALERT!** Admission to a Residential Treatment Center (RTC) must be preauthorized (see page 54).

Chemical dependency is defined as an illness characterized by a physiological or psychological dependence on a controlled substance or alcohol. Chemical dependency does not include dependence on tobacco, caffeine, or food.

Your provider must notify the plan upon admission when you receive the following services:

- ◆ Detoxification
- ◆ Inpatient admission
- ◆ Intensive Outpatient Program (IOP)
- ◆ Partial Hospitalization Program (PHP)

### Inpatient



**ALERT!** Your provider must notify the plan upon admission when you receive inpatient services for chemical dependency treatment. Inpatient services for which the plan is not notified may not be covered. Inpatient chemical dependency treatment is subject to clinical review (see definition on page 108).

Services are considered “inpatient” when you are admitted to a facility. The plan pays for these services according to the network status of the provider, unless your condition is a medical emergency (see page 113).

### Outpatient

Outpatient chemical dependency services are covered the same as any other medical service. The plan pays based on the allowed amount and the network status of the provider.

Preauthorization for outpatient chemical dependency services is not required in most cases. However, the plan may require that your provider submit a treatment plan in order to determine medical necessity. The plan will review your provider’s treatment plan to determine if it meets the following conditions:

- ◆ The purpose of the service is to treat or diagnose a medical condition;
- ◆ Outpatient services are the appropriate level of services considering the potential benefits of the services;
- ◆ The level of service is known to be effective in improving health outcomes; and
- ◆ The level of service recommended for your condition is cost-effective compared to alternative interventions including no intervention. See the definition of “Medically Necessary Services, Supplies, Drugs, or Interventions” on pages 113–115.

## Chiropractic Physician Services

See “Spinal and Extremity Manipulations” on page 39.

## Dental Services

Most dental services are not covered. For example, dental implants, orthodontic services, and treatment for damage to teeth or gums caused by biting, chewing, grinding, or any combination of these is not covered. However, your PEBB dental plan may cover these services.

For dental services that are covered by the plan, you pay 20% of the allowed amount. ***Only the following dental services are covered:***

### General Anesthesia During a Dental Procedure

General anesthesia performed during a dental procedure is covered ***only*** when:

- ◆ It is provided by an anesthesiologist in a hospital or ambulatory surgery center.

- ♦ The charges for the hospital or ambulatory surgery center are covered by the plan (see “Dental Procedures Performed in a Hospital or Ambulatory Surgery Center” below).

### ***Dental Procedures Performed in a Hospital or Ambulatory Surgery Center***

Dental procedures performed in a hospital or ambulatory surgery center are covered **only** when the enrollee:

- ♦ Is under age 7 with a dental condition that cannot be safely and effectively treated in a dental office; or
- ♦ Has a dental condition that cannot be safely and effectively treated in a dental office because of a physical or developmental disability; or
- ♦ Has a medical condition that would put the enrollee at undue risk if the procedure were performed in a dental office.

### ***Accidental Injuries***

To receive coverage for repair of an accidental injury to natural teeth, the injury must be evaluated and a treatment plan developed and finalized within 30 days of the injury.

The actual treatment may extend beyond 30 days if your provider determines treatment should start later or continue longer. Treatment must be completed by the end of the calendar year following the accident, and you must be currently enrolled in UMP CDHP during the entire course of treatment. The plan does not cover treatment after UMP coverage ends.

**Example:** You have an accident on March 12, 2015, resulting in injuries that are covered by the plan. Your treatment plan must be finalized no later than April 11, 2015. All related treatment must be completed by December 31, 2016 (the calendar year following the accident).

The plan **does not** cover treatment that:

- ♦ Was not included in the treatment plan developed within the first 30 days following the accident.
- ♦ Extends past the end of the calendar year following the accident.

### ***Oral Surgery***



**TIP:** See page 40 for information about TMJ disorder treatment.

Only the following oral surgery procedures are covered, whether performed by a dentist or a medical professional:

- ♦ Excision of tumors or cysts of the jaw, cheeks, lips, tongue, gums, roof and floor of the mouth, or restorative surgery required by the excision.
- ♦ Incision of salivary glands or ducts.
- ♦ Obturator maintenance for cleft palate.
- ♦ Gum reduction for gingival hyperplasia due to Dilantin® or phenytoin use.
- ♦ Jaw reconstruction and services related to cancer and treatment of cancer.
- ♦ Treatment of a fracture or dislocation of the jaw or facial bones.
- ♦ Treatment related to chronic conditions that result in loss or damage of teeth.

**Note:** *UMP CDHP is not affiliated with the Uniform Dental Plan (UDP). If you are enrolled in UDP, please contact UDP for information.*

## Diabetes Care Supplies



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** If a health plan other than UMP CDHP is the primary payer (see definition on page 118) for a dependent, claims for diabetes care supplies may be paid differently. See page 65 for more information.

Diabetic supplies listed below are covered under your plan's prescription drug benefit (15% of the cost after you meet your deductible). To be covered, you must get a written prescription for these medications and supplies.

You avoid having to submit your own claims when you purchase these diabetic supplies from a Washington State Rx Services network pharmacy. To find a network pharmacy, check the Washington State Rx Services online pharmacy locator at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-361-1611.

The following diabetes care supplies are covered under the prescription drug benefit as described on pages 43–53:

- ◆ Glucometers
- ◆ Test strips
- ◆ Insulin syringes
- ◆ Lancets

Select nonpreferred diabetes care supplies may be available through preauthorization (see page 47).

***Continuous glucose monitors must be pre-authorized and are covered only under the medical benefit (see page 113).***

***See page 29 for coverage of insulin pumps and related supplies.***

## Diabetes Control Program



**TIP:** The NOT ME Diabetes Control Program is exempt from the deductible and is free for UMP CDHP members ages 18 and older.

For members ages 18 and older with a diagnosis of diabetes (except Medicare enrollees), the plan covers 100% for the NOT ME Diabetes Control Program administered by the Diabetes Prevention and Control Alliance (DPCA). If you qualify for the NOT ME Diabetes Control Program, representatives may contact you to enroll in a series of quarterly consultations with a DCPA-contracted pharmacist trained to help you reduce the risk of complications by tracking and controlling blood sugar, cholesterol levels, blood pressure, and weight. Tests ordered by the DCPA-contracted pharmacists are also covered at 100% by the plan. The DCPA-contracted pharmacist may also offer advice on medications. All consultations are by appointment and private. Contact the NOT ME Diabetes Control Program at 1-800-650-2885.

## Diabetes Education

The plan covers diabetic self-management training and education, including nutritional therapy, by registered dietitians.

## Diabetes Prevention Program



**TIP:** The NOT ME Diabetes Prevention Program is exempt from the deductible and is free for UMP CDHP members ages 18 and older.

For members ages 18 and older (except Medicare enrollees), the plan covers 100% for the NOT ME Diabetes Prevention Program (DPP) administered by the Diabetes Prevention and Control Alliance. NOT ME offers screening to determine if you meet program criteria that indicate you may be at high risk for or have prediabetes.

If you meet the NOT ME program's screening criteria, you will be encouraged to participate in the program at no cost to you. NOT ME's DPP consists of 16 one-hour classes designed to reduce your risk of progressing from pre-diabetes to diabetes. NOT ME has proven effective in slowing or stopping the progression to diabetes.

The PEBB Program will schedule NOT ME screening events at sites around the state. You may also qualify for NOT ME classes if a blood sugar test ordered by your provider in the previous 12 months is in the prediabetes range. Contact the NOT ME Diabetes Prevention Program at 1-800-237-4942.

## Diagnostic Tests, Laboratory, and X-Rays

This benefit covers tests that are appropriate for your diagnosis or symptoms reported by the ordering provider and must be medically necessary as defined on pages 113–115. If there are alternative diagnostic approaches with different fees, the plan will cover the least expensive, evidence-based diagnostic method. See [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-849-3681 for a list of services requiring preauthorization.



**ALERT!** Some genetic tests require preauthorization or are not covered; you may call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 to check.

Covered services include:

- ◆ Diagnostic laboratory tests, X-rays (including diagnostic mammograms), and other imaging studies.
- ◆ Electrocardiograms (EKG, ECG).
- ◆ Prostate cancer screening (prostate-specific antigen [PSA] testing): All PSA testing is covered under the medical benefit (subject to the deductible and coinsurance), even if billed as preventive.
- ◆ Skin allergy testing.



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** See pages 33–34 for information about how the plan covers mammograms.

## Tests Not Covered

The plan does **not** pay for the following tests (this list does not include all tests not covered by the plan):

- ◆ Carotid Intima Media Thickness testing.
- ◆ Computed Tomographic Colonography (CTC) (also called a virtual colonoscopy) for routine screening.
- ◆ Upright Magnetic Resonance Imaging (uMRI): Also known as “positional,” “weight-bearing” (partial or full), or “axial loading.”

## Dialysis

For covered professional and facility services necessary to perform dialysis you pay:

- ◆ 15% for preferred facilities.
- ◆ 20% for out-of-network facilities. For dialysis services, amounts paid to out-of-network facilities (including balance-billed amounts; see page 108) will count toward your out-of-pocket limit.

## Durable Medical Equipment, Supplies, and Prostheses



**TIP:** The plan covers durable medical equipment (DME) at the preferred benefit rate only if you get the equipment or supply from a preferred DME supplier or other preferred medical provider. To find preferred DME providers, use the Provider Search at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), at [regence.com](http://regence.com), or call 1-888-849-3681.

If you receive a higher-cost durable medical equipment item when a less expensive, medically appropriate option is available, the plan may not pay for the more expensive item. Some items require preauthorization;

see the list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-849-3681.

The durable medical equipment benefit covers services and supplies that are prescribed by a provider practicing within his/her scope of practice, medically necessary, and used to treat a covered condition, including:

- ♦ Artificial limbs or eyes (including implant lenses prescribed by a physician and required as a result of cataract surgery or to replace a missing portion of the eye).
- ♦ Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure (BiPAP) devices.
- ♦ Bone growth (osteogenic) stimulators (requires preauthorization).
- ♦ Breast prostheses and bras as required by mastectomy. (See “Mastectomy and Breast Reconstruction” on page 34.)
- ♦ Breast pumps for pregnant and nursing women (see page 36).
- ♦ Casts, splints, crutches, trusses, and braces.
- ♦ Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) devices.
- ♦ Diabetic shoes, only as prescribed for a diagnosis of diabetes (see “Orthotics” on this page).
- ♦ Insulin pumps and related pump supplies (see “Insulin Pumps and Related Pump Supplies” on page 29).
- ♦ Ostomy supplies.
- ♦ Oxygen and rental equipment for its administration.
- ♦ Penile prosthesis when other accepted treatment has been unsuccessful and the impotence is:
  - Caused by a covered medical condition.
  - A complication directly resulting from a covered surgery.
  - A result of an injury to the genitalia or spinal cord.
- ♦ Rental or purchase (at the plan’s option) of durable medical equipment such as wheelchairs, hospital beds, and respiratory equipment. (The combined rental fees cannot exceed full purchase price; may require preauthorization.)
- ♦ Wheelchairs (must be preauthorized).
- ♦ Wig or hairpiece to replace hair lost due to radiation therapy or chemotherapy for a covered condition, up to a lifetime maximum of \$100. Other wigs and hairpieces are not covered.

The plan limits coverage of durable medical equipment to one item of a particular type of equipment and the accessories needed to operate the item. The plan also covers the repair or replacement of durable medical equipment due to normal use or a change in the patient’s condition (including the growth of a child). You are responsible for the entire cost of any additional pieces of the same or similar equipment you purchase or rent for personal convenience or mobility. **Note:** The plan does not cover replacement of lost, stolen, or damaged durable medical equipment.

## Orthotics

**Coverage of orthotics:** Items such as shoe inserts and other shoe modifications are covered only when **all** of the following conditions are met:

- ♦ The patient has been diagnosed with diabetes.
- ♦ Specific clinical criteria are met.
- ♦ Specialized (including customized) orthotics are prescribed to treat or reduce the risk of diabetic complications.

If you have questions about what services are covered, call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## Insulin Pumps and Related Pump Supplies

Insulin pumps and related pump supplies are covered as durable medical equipment. For the highest benefit level, use a preferred durable medical equipment supplier.

### Finding a Preferred Durable Medical Equipment Supplier

1. To find on [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump):
  - ♦ Select *Provider Search*.
  - ♦ Under *Provider Type*, choose *Other Providers*, then *Supplies & Equipment*, then *Medical Equipment*.
  - ♦ Complete the *Provider Options* and *Location* information as needed.
2. To find on [regence.com](http://regence.com), first go to *Advanced Search*. The options are similar, but you must select location first.
3. Or, you can call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

**Note:** These supplies are not available through PPS, the network mail-order pharmacy.

## Emergency Room



**ALERT!** Medical emergencies treated at an out-of-network hospital will be paid at the preferred rate. However, you may still be balance billed (see definition on page 108).

Facility charges for emergency room treatment are covered for diagnosis and treatment of an injury or illness covered by the plan.

Charges for professional services (provided by doctors and other provider types) may be billed separately from facility (hospital or emergency room) charges. The plan pays these professional services based on the allowed amount, the provider's network status, payment rules, and services provided.

If your emergency room visit is not the result of a medical emergency (see definition on

page 113), the plan may not pay for emergency services.

## Family Planning Services

The plan covers a variety of contraceptive drugs and devices. Some are covered as preventive—you don't pay your deductible or coinsurance. Others are covered under either the medical or prescription drug benefits, depending on the service.

Services related to voluntary and involuntary termination of pregnancy (abortion or miscarriage) are covered under the medical benefit (see definition on page 113).

Education and counseling related to contraception are covered as preventive (see page 38).

If you receive care from an out-of-network provider or non-network pharmacy, you may have to pay upfront and submit a claim for reimbursement (see pages 68–70). However, note that you must get over-the-counter contraceptive supplies from a network pharmacy for these items to be covered (see “Over-the-Counter Products” on page 30).

## Contraceptive Drugs

Hormonal contraceptives include birth control pills, emergency contraception (the “morning after” pill), vaginal rings, patches, implants, and injectables (such as Depo-Provera).

Contraceptive drugs are covered under the prescription drug benefit; those not covered as preventive are subject to the deductible and coinsurance as described on pages 43–53.

Generally, only generic drugs are covered as preventive, which are indicated on the *UMP Preferred Drug List* posted on [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or you can call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611. Brand-name contraceptive drugs are covered as preventive only when authorized by the plan (see “Preauthorizing Drugs” on page 47). Otherwise, they

are covered subject to the deductible and coinsurance.

Women may receive emergency contraception over the counter without a prescription. Only the generic version of emergency contraception is covered under the preventive benefit. If you choose a brand-name version, you will pay 15% coinsurance.

### ***Requesting an Exception***

If you have a medical condition that prevents your using a generic product that is covered as preventive, you may request an exception. Some products require preauthorization (see page 47 for how this works), and some are subject to step therapy (see page 48). See “Preauthorizing Drugs” on page 47 for how to request an exception.

### ***Barrier Devices***

Barrier devices requiring a prescription or fitting: This includes intrauterine devices (IUDs), diaphragms, and cervical caps (see below for coverage of female condoms). All barrier devices are covered as preventive when you see a preferred provider or use a network pharmacy.

For barrier devices that require insertion and removal by a healthcare professional (such as IUDs), insertion is covered as preventive, but removal is covered under the medical benefit. Fitting for a barrier device (such as a diaphragm or cervical cap) is covered as preventive.

### ***Over-the-Counter Products***

Only over-the-counter products that are approved by and registered with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and intended for use by females are covered. At time of publication, the only over-the-counter contraceptives that meet these requirements are the FC Female Condom and the Reality Female Condom. If additional products are later registered with and approved by the FDA, UMP CDHP will cover them as preventive.

For the plan to cover FDA-registered over-the-counter contraceptives, you must present a prescription from a covered provider type (see page 7) to the pharmacist at the time of purchase.



**ALERT!** To receive plan coverage for an over-the-counter contraceptive, you must:

- Purchase from a network pharmacy, and
- Present a prescription from a covered provider type at the time of purchase.

### ***Sterilization***

Sterilization procedures, such as tubal ligation or vasectomy, are covered. However, only sterilization procedures for women are covered as preventive; male procedures are covered under the medical benefit (page 113).

### ***What Is Not Covered Under The Family Planning Benefit?***

The following services and products are not covered by the plan:

- ♦ Over-the-counter products not approved by and registered with the FDA.
- ♦ Over-the-counter products for use by males, such as male condoms.
- ♦ Reversal of voluntary sterilization.
- ♦ Diagnosis or treatment of infertility, including direct complications resulting from such treatment (for example, selective fetal reduction).

### ***Foot Care, Maintenance***

Maintenance foot care includes services such as trimming of toenails and removal or trimming of corns or calluses. These services are covered only under specific medical criteria, such as for a diagnosis of diabetes. Maintenance foot care provided outside approved medical criteria is not medically necessary, and is not covered. See page 28 for coverage of orthotics for the prevention of diabetes complications.

## Genetic Services

Some genetic tests require preauthorization or are not covered; you may call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 to check. The plan covers medically necessary, evidence-based genetic testing services.

## Hearing Care (Related to Diseases and Disorders of the Ear)

The plan covers treatment for diseases and disorders of the ear or auditory canal not related to routine hearing loss under the medical benefit. Routine hearing care benefit limits (see “Hearing Exams and Hearing Aids” on this page) do not apply.

## Hearing Exams and Hearing Aids

### Hearing Exams (Routine)



**ALERT!** The plan pays for a hearing exam performed as part of a newborn screening as preventive (not subject to the deductible and paid at 100% for preferred providers).

One routine hearing exam is covered per calendar year and is subject to the deductible. When you see a preferred provider, these services are paid at 85% of the allowed amount. However, if you see an out-of-network provider, you pay 40% of the allowed amount and the provider may balance bill you.

### Hearing Aids

Hearing aids and related items are subject to the deductible.

The plan pays up to \$800 per member every three calendar years for:

- ◆ Purchase of a hearing aid (monaural or binaural) prescribed as a result of an exam when necessary for the treatment of hearing loss, including:
  - Ear mold(s).
  - Hearing aid instrument.
  - Initial battery, cords, and other ancillary equipment.
- Warranty (only as included with the initial purchase).
- Follow-up consultation within 30 days after delivery of hearing aid.
- ◆ Rental charges up to 30 days, if you return the hearing aid before actual purchase.
- ◆ Repair of hearing aid equipment.

The maximum benefit of \$800 applies no matter where you shop for your hearing aids and supplies.

### Hearing Aid Items Not Covered

The following hearing-related items are not covered:

- ◆ Charges incurred after your UMP coverage ends, unless you ordered the hearing aid before that date and it is delivered within 45 days after your coverage ended.
- ◆ Extended warranties, or warranties not related to the initial purchase of the hearing aid(s).
- ◆ Purchase of replacement batteries or other ancillary equipment, except those covered under terms of the initial hearing aid purchase.

### Hearing Aids and Your Deductible

If you purchase a hearing aid before you meet your deductible:

- ◆ You may pay the entire cost of the hearing aid and related items (as long as they are qualified medical expenses; see page 119) out of your HSA. However, only up to the \$800 limit will apply toward your deductible and out-of-pocket limit.
- ◆ You or the provider must submit a claim to UMP CDHP, even if you are paying the entire cost out of pocket. The plan must have a claim to count the amount paid (up to the \$800 limit) toward your deductible and out-of-pocket limit.
- ◆ Even if you pay the entire cost of the hearing aid, you have used your hearing aid benefit for the next three years. The plan will not cover another hearing aid for you

for three years. Call 1-888-849-3681 to ask when your benefit will renew.

## Home Health Care



**ALERT!** See exclusion 24 on page 58 for services not covered by the plan.

UMP CDHP covers medically necessary services provided and billed by a licensed home health agency for medical treatment of a covered illness or injury. These services must be part of a treatment plan written by your provider (such as a physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner [ARNP]). The provider must certify that you are homebound and would require hospital or skilled nursing facility care if you did not receive home health care. Examples of covered services are:

- ♦ Visits for part-time or occasional skilled nursing care and for physical, occupational, and speech therapy.
- ♦ Related services such as occasional care (less frequently than daily visits, and under two hours per visit) from home health aides and clinical social services, provided in conjunction with the skilled services of a registered nurse (RN), licensed practical nurse (LPN), or physical, occupational, or speech therapist.
- ♦ Disposable medical supplies as well as prescription drugs provided by the home health agency.
- ♦ Home infusion therapy.

For services that may be covered under another benefit, such as nutritional counseling or follow-up care for bariatric surgery, see that benefit in this *Certificate of Coverage* for coverage rules and limitations. These limitations apply even if the services are provided in the home or by a home health provider. Call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 if you have questions.

## Hospice Care (Inpatient, Outpatient, and Respite Care)

Services received from preferred providers are covered at 100% of the allowed amount after you meet your deductible. The plan covers hospice care for terminally ill enrollees for up to six months.

### Respite Care

Respite care is continuous care of more than four hours a day to give family members temporary relief from caring for a homebound hospice patient. The plan covers these services at 100% of the allowed amount after you pay the deductible, up to 14 visits per the patient's lifetime.

## Hospital Services



**ALERT!** Many services provided in a hospital setting require preauthorization or plan notification, or both. Failure to request or receive preauthorization, or to notify the plan, may result in complete denial of claims. See pages 54–55 for a description of how preauthorization and plan notification work.

This benefit covers hospital accommodations and inpatient, outpatient, and ambulatory care services, supplies, equipment, and prescribed drugs to treat covered conditions. Room and board is limited to the hospital's average semiprivate room rate, except where a private room is determined to be medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115). Some services require preauthorization; see the list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-849-3681.

If you receive a higher-cost service or device at a hospital when a less expensive, medically appropriate option is available, you may have to pay the difference in cost. A preferred hospital can't charge you for the difference in cost between the standard and higher-cost

item (unless you agreed in writing to pay before receiving the services).

If benefits change under the plan while you are in the hospital (or any other facility as an inpatient), coverage will be provided based on the benefit in effect when the stay began.

### ***Inpatient***

Services are considered “inpatient” when you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital; your provider must notify the plan upon admission, and all elective surgeries must be preauthorized (see page 54). The plan pays these services according to the network status of the providers (including the hospital), unless your condition is a medical emergency (see page 113). All covered professional services are paid based on the allowed amount.

### ***Outpatient***

Services are considered “outpatient” when you are not admitted to the hospital. Your cost depends on the services provided, such as lab tests, and the network status of the provider(s) involved in your care. Some services require preauthorization; see the list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-849-3681.

### ***Not All Providers at a Preferred Hospital Are Preferred Providers***

Some hospital-based physicians (such as anesthesiologists and emergency room doctors) who work in a preferred hospital, or other preferred facility, may not be preferred providers. If a participating or out-of-network provider bills separately from the hospital, you will pay 40% of the allowed amount. For out-of-network providers, you may also be balance billed (see definition on page 108). For examples of how much you pay, see “Comparing Payments to Preferred, Participating, and Out-of-Network Providers” on page 8.

To see the network status of anesthesiologists and emergency room doctors in Washington State hospitals, use the Provider Search at

[www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), at [regence.com](http://regence.com), or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## **Knee Arthroplasty, Total**

Total Knee Arthroplasty is covered only as follows:

- Computer-navigated and unicompartmental knee arthroplasty is a covered benefit for treatment of osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis of the knee.
- Multi-compartmental arthroplasty is not a covered benefit.

## **Mammograms**



**ALERT!** A mammogram is considered screening or diagnostic based on how it is billed by your provider.

### ***Screening (Preventive) Mammograms***

***For women ages 40 and older***, with or without a clinical breast exam, the plan covers screening mammograms every one to two years, not subject to the deductible.

***For women under age 40***, the plan covers screening mammograms for women who are at an increased risk for breast cancer. The service must be ordered by a health care provider, and the claim must be billed with an “at risk” diagnosis to be covered under the preventive care benefit.

For all women, if you see a:

- ♦ **Preferred provider:** You pay nothing.
- ♦ **Participating provider:** You pay nothing.
- ♦ **Out-of-network provider:** You pay 40% of the allowed amount and the provider may balance bill you.

### ***Diagnostic (Medical) Mammograms***

The plan pays for medically necessary mammograms to diagnose a medical condition under the “Diagnostic Tests, Laboratory, and X-Rays” benefit, subject to the deductible and

coinsurance. Coverage of diagnostic mammograms is not related to age.

Women under age 40 who receive a mammogram that is not for an “at risk” diagnosis may have services paid as a diagnostic (medical) mammography under the “Diagnostic Tests, Laboratory, and X-Rays” benefit, subject to the deductible and coinsurance. The service must be ordered by a health care provider and billed as a diagnostic mammogram.

## Massage Therapy

The plan covers no more than 16 massage therapy visits per calendar year. If you pay for visits before you meet your deductible, those visits count toward the 16-visit limit. See the definition of “Limited Benefit” on pages 112–113. You must have a prescription for massage therapy treatment from another covered provider type, such as a physician.



**ALERT!** Only preferred massage therapists are covered. To find a preferred massage therapist, use the Provider Search at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), at [regence.com](http://regence.com), or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## Mastectomy and Breast Reconstruction

This benefit covers mastectomy as treatment for disease, illness, or injury, as well as:

- ♦ Reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed.
- ♦ Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
- ♦ Prostheses.
- ♦ Physical complications of all stages of mastectomy.

Please note that you must use a covered provider type (see page 7) for services to be covered.

## Mental Health Treatment



**ALERT!** Admission to a Residential Treatment Center (RTC) must be preauthorized (see page 54).

The plan covers mental health services for treatment of neuropsychiatric, mental, and personality disorders, including eating disorders. Marriage or family counseling is not covered.

Your provider must notify the plan upon admission when you receive the following services:

- ♦ Inpatient admission
- ♦ Partial Hospitalization Program (PHP)

### Inpatient

Services are considered “inpatient” when you are admitted to a facility. See above for services that require plan notification.

The plan pays for these services according to the network status of the provider, unless your condition is a medical emergency (see page 113). All covered professional services are paid based on the allowed amount.

### Outpatient

Outpatient mental health services are covered the same as any other medical service. The plan pays based on the allowed amount and the network status of the provider. Preauthorization for outpatient mental health services is not required in most cases; see above for services requiring plan notification.

## Naturopathic Physician Services

Naturopaths may recommend services that the plan doesn’t cover; all services must be medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115) to be covered. You will pay all costs for noncovered services.

The plan does not cover herbal, homeopathic, or other dietary supplements (including

vitamins and minerals, except as described on page 51), even if prescribed by a covered provider type.

## Nutrition Counseling and Therapy

The plan covers up to three visits per lifetime for nutrition counseling and therapy services. Nutritional counseling and therapy are not covered for weight loss; see exclusion 74 on page 61.

Similar services are covered under other benefits that are not subject to the three visit limit, including but not limited to Bariatric Surgery (page 23), Diabetes Education (page 26), “Diabetes Control Program (page 26) and “Diabetes Prevention Program” (pages 26–27).

## Obstetric and Newborn Care



**ALERT!** Circumcision is covered as a medical benefit (subject to the deductible and coinsurance). As this is not a preventive service, you will pay the newborn’s deductible and coinsurance for this service.

Services for pregnancy and its complications are covered. See “Covered Provider Types” on page 7 for providers whose services are covered by the plan. Professional services covered include:

- ♦ Prenatal and postnatal care.
- ♦ Amniocentesis and related genetic counseling and testing during pregnancy.
- ♦ Prenatal testing (follows state regulations in Washington Administrative Code 246-680-020).
- ♦ Vaginal or Cesarean delivery.
- ♦ Care of complications resulting from pregnancy.

**Early elective deliveries may not be covered; see “When Deliveries Before 39 Weeks Gestation May Not Be Covered” on this page.**

For inpatient hospital charges related to a routine childbirth, you pay:

- ♦ Any remaining deductible for the mother.
- ♦ Coinsurance for facility charges and professional services for the mother while hospitalized.
- ♦ The deductible for the newborn; however, if only preventive care services (see pages 38–39) are billed for the newborn, you will not pay the newborn’s deductible or coinsurance when you see a preferred provider.

For non-routine hospitalization of the newborn, you will also pay coinsurance for facility and professional services for the newborn.

A newborn dependent of an enrollee is covered from birth to at least 21 days following birth. See “Adding a New Dependent to Your Coverage” on page 36 for what you need to do for continued coverage.

If your obstetric care began while covered under another health plan, and the providers are not part of the plan network, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

### ***When Deliveries Before 39 Weeks Gestation May Not Be Covered***

Vaginal or Cesarean deliveries before 39 weeks of gestation are covered when the services are medically necessary; examples include:

- ♦ Due to a medical emergency (see definition on page 113) affecting the mother or baby.
- ♦ Indicated due to a medical condition of the mother or baby for which a delivery is medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115).
- ♦ Labor begins spontaneously (without medical intervention) before the mother reaches 39 weeks of gestation.

Vaginal or Cesarean deliveries before 39 weeks of gestation are **not covered** when the services are:

- ♦ Scheduled for convenience and not for medical necessity or medical emergency.
- ♦ Neither the mother or baby have a medical

condition for which immediate delivery is medically necessary.

- ♦ Not due to a medical emergency affecting the mother or baby.

Talk to your doctor about whether early delivery is for a medical reason. For questions about this policy, call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

### ***Services Covered as Preventive***

The following services are covered as preventive (not subject to the deductible or coinsurance when you see a preferred provider):

- ♦ Screening for gestational diabetes during pregnancy.
- ♦ Purchase or rental of manual and electric breast pumps for pregnant and nursing women, plus supplies at the time of initial purchase. Hospital-grade pumps are not covered.

See pages 38–39 for more prenatal, newborn, and well-baby services that are covered as preventive. See pages 50–51 for coverage of prenatal vitamins.

### ***Limitations on Ultrasounds During Pregnancy***

*The following limits do not apply to high-risk pregnancies. For example, a multiple pregnancy is considered high risk.*

Ultrasounds during pregnancy are covered as follows:

- ♦ One in week 13 or earlier.
- ♦ One during weeks 16-22.

### ***Adding a New Dependent to Your Coverage***

If the birth or adoption of a child increases your premium, you must submit the appropriate enrollment form and any necessary documents no later than 12 months after the birth or adoption to:

**Employees:** Your personnel, payroll, or benefits office.

#### ***All other members:***

**Mail:** PEBB Program  
P.O. Box 42684  
Olympia, WA 98504-2684

**Phone:** 1-800-200-1004

For subsequent children whose enrollment doesn't affect your premium, you should submit the appropriate enrollment forms and any necessary documents to the appropriate office (see above) no later than 60 days after the birth or adoption.



**TIP:** To ensure timely payment of services, please enroll a newly eligible dependent as soon as possible.

### ***How Does the Deductible Work When You Add a Dependent?***

When Only One Person Is Enrolled in UMP CDHP  
If you are the only member enrolled in UMP CDHP and a new member enrolls under your account during the plan year:

- ♦ You will have to satisfy an additional \$1,400 deductible when the new member enrolls.
- ♦ You must meet the entire deductible (\$2,800) even if the new member enrolls later in the year.

Even if you have already met your \$1,400 deductible before the new member enrolls, you will need to meet the additional \$1,400 deductible before UMP CDHP begins paying for services.

Once a new member enrolls, PEBB will contribute to your HSA on his or her behalf. These contributions are equal monthly amounts, up to a maximum of \$700 per year for those enrolled in UMP CDHP for the entire 12 months.

#### When More Than One Person Is Enrolled in UMP CDHP

For two or more members enrolled in UMP CDHP:

- ♦ The maximum deductible is \$2,800.
- ♦ The maximum PEBB contribution to your HSA is \$1,400.



**ALERT!** You may be eligible to change plans when a newly eligible member enrolls. See page 85 or page 99 for details.

## Office Visits

The plan pays for office visits for covered conditions under the medical benefit (see page 113). Preventive care visits to preferred providers as described beginning on page 38 are covered in full and are not subject to the deductible.

## Orthognathic Surgery

Orthognathic surgery (see definition on page 116) must be preauthorized by the plan according to the plan's medical policy. Call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 if you have questions. See page 40 for treatment of temporomandibular joint syndrome (TMJ) disorder.

## Physical, Occupational, Speech, and Neurodevelopmental Therapy

The plan covers inpatient and outpatient services to improve or restore function lost due to:

- ♦ An acute injury or illness.
- ♦ Worsening or aggravation of a chronic injury.
- ♦ A congenital anomaly (such as cleft lip or palate).
- ♦ Conditions of developmental delay, including autism.

You must have a prescription for the above therapies from another covered provider type (see page 7), such as a physician.

### Inpatient Services

Preauthorization is required for inpatient admissions for physical, occupational, speech, and neurodevelopmental therapy services. The plan covers rehabilitation therapy services provided during inpatient hospitalization up to 60 days per calendar year (see definition of "Limited Benefit" on pages 112–113).

### Outpatient Services

The plan covers outpatient physical, occupational, speech, and neurodevelopmental therapy services up to 60 visits per calendar year, counting all types of therapies listed here (see definition of "Limited Benefit" on pages 112–113).

For the purposes of this benefit, developmental delay (see definition on page 109) means a significant lag in achieving skills such as:

- ♦ Language (speech, reading, writing).
- ♦ Motor (crawling, walking, feeding oneself).
- ♦ Cognitive (thinking).
- ♦ Social (getting along with others)

## Prescription Drugs

Please see “Your Prescription Drug Benefit” starting on page 43.

## Preventive Care



**ALERT!** This benefit covers *only* services that meet the criteria below. If you receive services during a preventive care visit that do not meet these requirements, they will not be covered as preventive care. Instead, when medically necessary, the services are subject to the deductible and are covered under the specific benefit the charges apply to (such as diagnostic tests, laboratory, or X-rays). If your provider bills for your visit as medical treatment instead of an annual physical exam or other preventive service, it may be covered under the medical benefit and subject to the deductible and coinsurance.

You don't have to meet your deductible before the plan pays for services covered under the preventive care benefit. When you see a preferred provider for these services, you pay nothing. If you see an out-of-network provider, you pay 40% of the allowed amount (definition on pages 107–108), and the provider may balance bill you. However, if you do not have access to a preferred provider for preventive services, the plan may pay 100% of billed charges. See page 6 for how to request a network waiver.

For a list of services covered as preventive, see [www.healthcare.gov/what-are-my-preventive-care-benefits/adults](http://www.healthcare.gov/what-are-my-preventive-care-benefits/adults). This site also features links to specific preventive services covered for women and children. Note that recommendations added during the calendar year may not be covered as preventive until later years.

Examples of services covered under the preventive care benefit include:

- ◆ Preventive visits such as well-baby care and annual physical exams.
- ◆ Preventive vision acuity screening from birth through 18 years of age.

- ◆ Routine screenings for women (see below for examples).
- ◆ Certain radiology and lab tests such as screening mammograms (see page 33).
- ◆ Screening procedures such as colonoscopy.
- ◆ Immunizations as specified under “Covered Immunizations” below.
- ◆ Hearing tests as part of a newborn screening.
- ◆ Certain screening tests performed during pregnancy; see page 35 for more on prenatal care.

You may call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 to ask if a service is covered as preventive.

### *The following specific services for women are covered as preventive:*

- ◆ Human Papillomavirus (HPV) testing for women ages 30 and over, once every three years.
- ◆ Education and counseling regarding contraception.
- ◆ Counseling and screening for HIV; counseling and screening for interpersonal and domestic violence; and counseling for sexually transmitted infections.

For additional services covered as preventive for women, see “Family Planning Services” on pages 29–30, “Mammograms” on pages 33–34, and “Obstetric and Newborn Care” on pages 35–36.

**Note:** Prostate cancer screening (prostate-specific antigen [PSA] testing) is not covered under the preventive care benefit, but is covered as a medical benefit (subject to the deductible and coinsurance).



**ALERT!** Follow-up visits or tests are not covered under the preventive care benefit. If the test or visit is normally covered by the plan and is medically necessary, the plan pays under the medical benefit (see definition on page 113).

## Covered Immunizations

The plan covers immunizations as included on the applicable immunization schedule (children, adolescents, adults) for U.S. residents by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). For the list of covered immunizations, see the UMP website or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681. Immunizations covered under the preventive care benefit are not subject to the deductible. Immunizations given by the providers listed under “Where Can I Get Immunizations?” (see below) are paid under the preventive care benefit. If you see an out-of-network provider for covered immunizations, you pay 40% of the allowed amount and the provider may balance bill you.



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** For a list of immunizations covered as preventive, see links to the CDC immunization schedules on the UMP website or call 1-888-849-3681.

### Where Can I Get Immunizations?

Immunizations covered under the preventive care benefit are **free** when received from a:

- ♦ Preferred provider.
- ♦ Network vaccination pharmacy (see definition on page 115); check the UMP website or call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611 to find a pharmacy.
- ♦ Public health department.

The plan does not cover immunizations for travel or employment, even when recommended by the CDC or required by travel regulations.



**TIP:** Flu shots are covered as included on the applicable CDC immunization schedule.

## Second Opinions

The plan covers second opinions under the medical benefit (subject to the deductible and coinsurance).

## Skilled Nursing Facility

Services must be preauthorized by the plan before you are admitted to a skilled nursing facility; see page 54. In addition, the facility must notify the plan within 24 hours of your admission; see page 55.

This benefit covers skilled nursing facility charges for services, supplies, and room and board, including charges for services such as general nursing care made in connection with room occupancy. UMP CDHP covers up to 150 days per calendar year. Room and board is limited to the skilled nursing facility's average semiprivate room rate, except where a private room is determined to be medically necessary (see definition on pages 113–115).

Skilled nursing facility confinement that is primarily convalescent or custodial in nature is not covered.

## Spinal and Extremity Manipulations

Up to 10 visits per calendar year for manipulations (adjustments) of the spine and extremities (arms and legs) are covered. When you have reached your 10-visit limit, no further payment for manipulations of the spine and extremities will be made.

Visits that count toward your deductible also count toward your 10-visit limit (see “Limited Benefit” on pages 112–113).

## Spinal Injections

Some spinal injections must be preauthorized by the plan (see page 54 for how this works). The following therapeutic injections are covered for treatment of chronic pain:

- ♦ Lumbar epidural injections
- ♦ Cervical-thoracic epidural injections
- ♦ Sacroiliac joint injections

*See exclusion 67 on page 60 for a list of spinal injections that are not covered by the plan.*

Spinal injections not specified above may be covered subject to the plan's medical review. Call 1-888-849-3681 for more information.

## Surgery



**ALERT!** Even if your doctor is preferred, the facility or other providers such as anesthesiologists might not be. Make sure you confirm that all of the providers who will participate in your care and the facility are preferred before you receive services. Out-of-network providers and facilities can bill you for all charges not paid by the plan, while preferred providers and facilities agree to accept the payment amounts negotiated by the plan, which saves you money.

The plan pays for covered surgical services according to the network status of the provider (see page 8 for coinsurance amounts). The surgeon and other professional providers may bill separately from the facility.

All elective inpatient surgeries and some outpatient procedures require preauthorization; see page 54. In addition, your provider must notify the plan (see page 55) when you receive certain services, including admission as an inpatient. See the list of services that require preauthorization at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump). Call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 if you have questions.

The plan covers the following services as outpatient:

- ♦ Outpatient surgery at a hospital.
- ♦ Surgery and procedures performed at an ambulatory surgery center.
- ♦ Short-stay obstetric (childbirth) services (released within 24 hours of admission).



**ALERT!** All surgeries must follow the plan's coverage rules. We recommend that you contact UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 before any procedure to ask if it's covered or requires preauthorization.

## Telehealth Services

The plan covers telemedicine for audio and video communication between the distant site physician, patient, and consulting practitioner under the medical benefit (see page 113). The originating site (where the patient is) must be a rural health professional shortage area as defined by the Centers for Medicaid & Medicare Services (CMS).

The following are not covered by the plan:

- ♦ Email or facsimile transmissions between doctor and patient.
- ♦ "Store and forward" technology (transmission of medical information reviewed at a later time by physician or practitioner at distant site).
- ♦ Installation or maintenance of any telecommunication devices or systems.
- ♦ Home health monitoring.

## Temporomandibular Joint (TMJ) Treatment

The plan covers diagnosis and medically necessary treatment of temporomandibular joint (TMJ) disorders, including surgery and non-surgical services. Treatment must follow plan medical policy and be preauthorized.

Treatment that is experimental or investigational, or primarily for cosmetic purposes, is not covered.

## Tobacco Cessation Program



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** See the PEBB Program website at [www.hca.wa.gov/pebb](http://www.hca.wa.gov/pebb) for information on the PEBB tobacco use premium surcharge.

For members age 18 and over, the only tobacco cessation services covered by the plan is the *Quit for Life* program. No other stop smoking services are covered. *Quit for Life* provides phone counseling, online communications, nicotine replacement therapy, non-nicotine prescription drugs, and educational materials to help you quit using tobacco. Enroll by calling 1-866-784-8454 or go online to [www.quitnow.net/ump/](http://www.quitnow.net/ump/).

These services are covered at 100%. You do not pay toward your deductible or coinsurance.



**ALERT!** See the current *UMP Preferred Drug List* online for drugs covered under this benefit. If your provider prescribes a noncovered drug for tobacco cessation, you will have to pay the full cost. **Note:** When a generic drug becomes available, the brand-name drug is not covered.

When recommended by your *Quit for Life* counselor, the following medications are free to you:

- ♦ Nicotine patches, lozenges, or gum.
- ♦ Prescription drugs identified in the *UMP Preferred Drug List* as covered when preauthorized by *Quit for Life*.

Nicotine patches, lozenges, or gum will be sent to you by *Quit for Life* at no cost to you. Nicotine replacement therapy is covered **only** when supplied directly by *Quit for Life*. You cannot purchase these products and get reimbursed later.

**Only nicotine products supplied by Quit for Life are covered. If you choose to get a product that Quit for Life doesn't supply, you will have to pay the entire cost out of pocket.**

To receive coverage for prescription drugs, you must:

- ♦ Be participating in *Quit for Life*.
- ♦ Get preauthorization from your *Quit for Life* counselor.
- ♦ Go to your doctor and request a prescription.

Please allow three business days after *Quit for Life* approves coverage before filling your prescription. Prescription drugs for tobacco cessation are covered only at network (retail and mail-order) pharmacies.



**ALERT!** UMP members under age 18 who want to quit using tobacco may participate in the free Smokefree Teen program at <http://teen.smokefree.gov/>.

## Transgender Health

The following services associated with a diagnosis of gender dysphoria are covered:

- Non-surgical services, including but not limited to hormone therapy, office visits, mental health/counseling, and tests. Some services and drugs may require preauthorization.
- Surgical services when preauthorized by the plan.

## Transplants

You must receive preauthorization from the plan for all transplants (except kidney and cornea). This benefit covers services related to transplants, including professional and facility fees for inpatient accommodation, diagnostic tests and exams, surgery, and follow-up care.

## Donor Coverage

If a UMP CDHP member receives an organ from a live donor, UMP CDHP pays the donor's covered expenses as primary, regardless of any other coverage the donor may have. Covered donor expenses include costs to remove the donor's organ and treat complications directly resulting from the donor's surgery.

## Vision Care (Related to Diseases and Disorders of the Eye)

The plan covers treatment for diseases and disorders of the eye that are not part of a routine vision exam under the medical benefit. Orthoptic therapy is not covered except for the diagnosis of strabismus, a muscle disorder of the eye. LASIK surgery is not covered.

Following cataract surgery, vision hardware (contact lenses or eyeglasses, including frames and prescription lenses) is covered as durable medical equipment (pages 27–29). These services are subject to the deductible; coinsurance depends on the network status of the provider. Contact the plan at 1-888-849-3681 if you have questions.

## Vision Exams (Routine)

The plan covers one routine eye exam for each enrollee per calendar year and is exempt from the deductible. You pay nothing for services by a preferred provider. For an out-of-network provider, you pay 40% of the allowed amount and the provider may balance bill you (see “How Much Will I Pay?” on page 14).



**ALERT!** There is an annual limit of \$65 for contact lens fitting fees; you may pay for charges exceeding that amount.

## Vision Hardware (Eyeglasses and Contact Lenses)

### Adults (Over Age 18)

The plan pays up to \$150 every two calendar years for prescription eyeglass lenses, frames, and contact lenses, including repairs; you do not need to meet your deductible. This \$150 limit is renewed on January 1 of even years (2014, 2016, etc.). Any unused amount does not carry over into the next even plan year. The plan will not pay more than your actual cost for these items and services. You

are responsible for any costs above the \$150 limit. **Note:** See “Vision Care (Related to Diseases and Disorders of the Eye)” on this page for vision hardware coverage following cataract surgery.

You can buy your vision hardware anywhere; the maximum benefit of \$150 applies no matter where you shop. If you go to a provider that does not bill the plan directly, you can submit a claim for glasses or contacts; see “Billing & Payment: Filing a Claim” starting on page 68 for instructions.

### Children Ages 18 and Under

Vision hardware (eyeglasses: frames and lenses; contact lenses) is not subject to the deductible.

The following services are covered each calendar year for children ages 18 and under:

- ♦ **Eyeglasses:** The plan pays 100% of billed charges for one pair of standard or deluxe frames plus lenses (including high-index); you pay nothing. The only added feature covered under this benefit is scratch-resistant coating; you will pay for any other additional features, such as but not limited to anti-reflective coating or tints.
- ♦ **Contact lenses:** No limit to number purchased, but the plan pays 85% of billed charges, and you pay 15% coinsurance.



**TIP: For members with other primary coverage:** If your primary coverage has a vision hardware benefit and you submit a claim to UMP CDHP as your secondary coverage, any charges paid by your primary plan will also count against your UMP CDHP vision hardware limit.

# Your Prescription Drug Benefit

See page 53 for prescription drug contact information.

Your plan's drug benefit is administered and coordinated by a partnership of companies known as Washington State Rx Services. These companies are:

- ♦ **Moda Health**—Administration and customer service.
- ♦ **MedImpact Healthcare Systems Inc.**—Pharmacy network management and prescription drug claims processing.
- ♦ **Mail-order pharmacy**—PPS (Postal Prescription Services).
- ♦ **Specialty drug pharmacy**—Ardon Health.

When you have questions about your prescription drug coverage or need help finding a network pharmacy, call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611. Contact the mail-order or specialty pharmacy directly for help placing or tracking prescription orders.

**Note:** Regence BlueShield does not provide prescription drug benefits for UMP CDHP. Always contact Washington State Rx Services with questions about your prescription drug coverage.



**TIP:** The *UMP Preferred Drug List* is available at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump). You can also check drug prices online with the Prescription Price Check tool.

## What Drugs Are Covered? The *UMP Preferred Drug List*



**ALERT!** Not all drugs are listed on the *UMP Preferred Drug List*. If your drug isn't listed, call 1-888-361-1611.

The *UMP Preferred Drug List* (sometimes called a “formulary”) lists the following:

- ♦ If a drug is covered by the plan.
- ♦ If the drug must be preauthorized (see “Preauthorizing Drugs” on page 47).
- ♦ If the drug must be purchased from the plan's specialty pharmacy (see page 48).
- ♦ If there are any limits on a drug's coverage (see pages 47–50 under “Limits on Your Prescription Drug Coverage”).
- ♦ If there are less expensive alternatives.

The *UMP Preferred Drug List* is updated online at least monthly. You can look up your prescription drugs online at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or by calling Washington State Rx Services. New brand-name drugs may not be covered during the first 180 days they are available. To check if a new drug is covered, call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.



**ALERT!** When a generic equivalent for a brand-name drug becomes available, the brand-name drug *immediately* becomes nonpreferred. Always ask your doctor to allow substitution on your prescriptions to save you money.

## Who Decides Which Drugs Are Preferred?

As a state-sponsored health plan, UMP CDHP must follow coverage recommendations made by the Washington State Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee (P&T Committee), which consists of Washington health care professionals, including physicians and pharmacists. The *UMP Preferred Drug List* includes these coverage recommendations.

Not all drug classes are reviewed by the Washington State P&T Committee. For these drugs, the Washington State Rx Services P&T Committee makes coverage recommendations for UMP's review and final determination of a drug's coverage level (preferred or nonpreferred).

## How Much Will I Pay for Prescription Drugs?



**ALERT!** When you use network pharmacies, retail or mail-order, you pay based on the drug's allowed amount, a discounted price negotiated for the plan. If you use a non-network pharmacy of any type, the pharmacy may charge more than the allowed amount; you will have to pay this amount, which doesn't count toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit and is not payable by the plan. **NOTE:** Prescriptions ordered through foreign mail-order pharmacies are not covered, even if you send in a claim.

Until you meet your deductible (see page 9–10), you will pay the entire cost of your prescription drugs. Once you have met your deductible for the year, you pay 15% of the drug's cost for covered prescription drugs. You can get up to a 90-day supply for most drugs (except for specialty drugs; see page 48).

If a prescription drug isn't covered by the plan, it does not count toward either your deductible or your out-of-pocket limit.

**Note:** You may use your Health Savings Account (HSA) to pay for many drugs not covered by the plan; see “Your Health Savings Account” on page 12 for more information.

## If a Dependent Has Other Medical Coverage

If a dependent has primary medical coverage through another plan that covers prescription drugs, some of the limits and restrictions to prescription drug coverage listed on pages 47–50 will apply when UMP CDHP pays secondary to another plan. See “Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs” beginning on page 69 for how to submit a prescription drug claim.

### *Using Network Pharmacies When UMP CDHP Is Secondary*

If a dependent has primary coverage through another plan that covers prescription drugs, show both plan cards to the pharmacy and make sure they know which plan is primary. It is important that the pharmacy bills the plans in the correct order, or claims may be denied or paid incorrectly.

### *Using Mail-Order Pharmacies When UMP CDHP Is Secondary*

If a dependent's primary plan uses PPS, the plan's network mail-order pharmacy, PPS can process payments for both plans and charge only what's left. Make sure that PPS has the information for both plans and knows which plan is primary.

However, if the primary plan uses a different mail-order pharmacy, the member must use the primary plan's mail order, then submit a paper claim for payment by UMP CDHP; see “Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs” beginning on page 69 for how to do this.

# Where to Purchase Your Prescription Drugs



**ALERT!** If you use a non-network pharmacy of any type, you will pay the entire cost of the drug upfront and must submit a claim. However, only the allowed amount for covered drugs (see page 108) will count toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit.

## Retail Pharmacies

Washington State Rx Services has a large network of retail pharmacies, which includes many pharmacies in Washington State as well as national chains. To see if your pharmacy is in the network, check the online pharmacy locator at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call 1-888-361-1611.

When you get your prescriptions at a network pharmacy, the pharmacy sends the claim to the plan for you, and you pay only what you owe. Before meeting your deductible, this will be the allowed amount for a covered drug. After you have met your deductible, you will pay 15% of a covered drug's allowed amount. **Note:** You will pay the entire cost for any drug not covered by the plan, which will not apply toward either your deductible or your out-of-pocket limit.

## Mail-Order Pharmacy



**ALERT!** PPS cannot ship outside of the United States. See "Travel Overrides for Prescription Drugs" on page 49 if you will be traveling.

### Contact:

**Postal Prescription Services (PPS)**  
1-800-552-6694

**Washington State Rx Services**  
1-888-361-1611

Postal Prescription Services (PPS) is the plan's network mail-order pharmacy. You may call PPS or Washington State Rx Services for more information about mail order.

Refills can be ordered through your online pharmacy account at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or by calling PPS directly.

Prescriptions are usually delivered within 7 to 10 days after the pharmacy receives your prescription.

When using PPS, the same deductible, coinsurance, preauthorization requirements, and limits on coverage apply as for prescription drugs purchased at retail network pharmacies.



**ALERT!** If there is a shortage of a specific drug that PPS cannot control and it doesn't have the quantity you ordered, PPS will contact you to discuss your options for obtaining your prescription(s).

Prescriptions mailed or orders placed in December but not filled until January 1 or after will be subject to the deductible applicable on the date the prescription is processed. Because of increased volume at the end of the year, prescriptions submitted to PPS in December may not be processed during the current benefit year.



**ALERT!** Some durable medical equipment items are not available through PPS; you will need to get them through a network retail pharmacy or preferred durable medical equipment provider.

## Faxing Prescriptions to the Network Mail-Order Pharmacy

**Fax number for PPS (providers only):**  
**1-800-723-9023**

Prescriptions faxed to PPS must:

- ♦ Be faxed from the **provider's** office fax machine.
- ♦ Be on the provider's letterhead.
- ♦ Include the patient's name, address, phone number, plan ID number, and date of birth.

Remember, **only** a provider can fax in a prescription. Not following these instructions may cause a delay in filling your prescription.

## Use Network Pharmacies and Show Your ID Card to Get the Plan Discount

The plan pays for prescription drugs based on the allowed amount (Washington State Rx Services' standard reimbursement). If you use a non-network pharmacy or do not show your ID card at a network pharmacy, and the amount charged is more than the allowed amount, you will pay the difference in addition to your coinsurance.

## Non-Network Pharmacies — Retail or Mail-Order



**ALERT!** The plan does not cover prescription drugs ordered through foreign (non-U.S.) mail-order pharmacies.

You can purchase your prescriptions at a non-network pharmacy, but you'll pay more if you do. If you get your prescriptions filled at a non-network pharmacy, whether a retail, internet, or mail-order pharmacy (other than PPS), the following applies:

- ♦ You will need to submit your own claim to Washington State Rx Services for reimbursement (see "Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs" starting on page 69).
- ♦ You don't get the plan discount.
- ♦ You'll pay the difference between the allowed amount (see page 108) and what the pharmacy charges, and it won't count toward your deductible or out-of-pocket limit.
- ♦ Non-network pharmacies will not know if a drug must be preauthorized, has a quantity limit, or has other coverage limits. If you purchase a drug from a non-network pharmacy and limits apply, the plan may not cover it.
- ♦ Unless noted on the *UMP Preferred Drug List*, specialty drugs purchased anywhere but through the plan's network specialty drug pharmacy are not covered (see "Specialty Drugs" on page 48).



**TIP:** To submit claims for prescriptions purchased from non-network pharmacies (U.S. retail, internet, or mail-order pharmacies, or foreign retail pharmacies), see "Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs" on page 69.

## Drugs Purchased Outside the U.S.

If you purchase drugs outside the U.S. (including Canada and Mexico) for any reason, the following rules apply:

- ♦ If the drug is available only by prescription in the U.S. but does not require one outside the U.S., the drug is covered only if prescribed by a provider practicing within his/her scope of practice.
- ♦ If you get a drug that is approved for use in another country but not in the U.S., the plan will not cover it.
- ♦ If you get a drug that is available over-the-counter in the U.S., the plan will not cover the drug, even if you have a prescription from a provider prescribing within his/her scope of practice. The plan does not cover over-the-counter drugs except for certain preventive medicines as required by the Accountable Care Act. These drugs are indicated with a "PV" in the *UMP Preferred Drug List*.
- ♦ If you get a drug that is designated as not covered in the *UMP Preferred Drug List*, the plan will not cover the drug.

To submit a claim for a prescription drug purchased outside the U.S., see "Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs" beginning on page 69. All necessary information must be included on the prescription drug claim form and translated into English, with drugs and dosage documented, along with the currency exchange rate. The plan does not pay for that translation and documentation.



**ALERT!** The plan does not cover prescription drugs purchased through foreign (outside the U.S.) mail-order pharmacies.

# Limits on Your Prescription Drug Coverage

The plan may exclude, discontinue, or limit coverage for any drug for any of the following reasons:

- ♦ New drugs are developed.
- ♦ Generic drugs become available.
- ♦ A nonprescription alternative (see definition on page 116), including an over-the-counter alternative (see definition on page 116) becomes available.
- ♦ There is a sound medical reason.
- ♦ There is lack of scientific evidence a drug works as well and is as safe as existing drugs used to treat the same or similar conditions.
- ♦ One of the following recommends a change: The Washington State Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee, or a P&T Committee of a Washington State Rx Services partner (see list on page 43).
- ♦ The Washington State Health Technology Clinical Committee (see page 21) requires such a change.
- ♦ A drug receives federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval for a new use.
- ♦ A drug is found to be less than effective by the FDA's Drug Efficacy Study Implementation (DESI) classifications.
- ♦ The FDA denies, withdraws, or limits the approval of a product.

## Programs Limiting Drug Coverage

The limits and restrictions described from "Limits on Your Prescription Drug Coverage" on this page through "Refill Too Soon" on page 50 help us monitor drug usage, safety,

and costs. Drugs may be added to any of these programs at any time. You can find out if your drug falls under any of these limits and restrictions by checking the *UMP Preferred Drug List* (PDL) or calling Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.

## Preauthorizing Drugs

Some medications require preauthorization, or the plan will not cover them. You can find out if your drug requires preauthorization by calling Washington State Rx Services, or checking the *UMP Preferred Drug List* at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump). Some of the drugs requiring preauthorization include:

- ♦ Certain injectable drugs when obtained through a retail pharmacy or a network mail-order pharmacy.
- ♦ Drugs costing more than \$1,500 and compounded drugs costing more than \$150.

If your drug requires preauthorization, your pharmacist or prescribing provider must call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611 to request it. **Note:** Drugs covered under the medical benefit rather than the prescription drug benefit have different rules for preauthorization; call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 for more information.

## Quantity Limits

Certain drugs have a quantity limit per prescription (how much or how many you get). If you need more than is covered under a quantity limit, your pharmacist or prescribing provider must call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.

If the plan denies your request or your provider or pharmacist does not get preauthorization, we will cover the drug only up to the quantity limit amount. You will pay for any extra amount.

## Specialty Drugs



**ALERT!** Ardon Health, the plan's network specialty pharmacy, is unable to ship outside the United States. See "Travel Overrides for Prescription Drugs" on page 49 if you will be traveling.

"Specialty" drugs are high-cost injectable, infused, oral, or inhaled drugs that generally require special handling (including a few products, such as intrauterine devices [IUDs]). Specialty drugs are subject to special rules. You can find out if a drug is a specialty drug by checking the *UMP Preferred Drug List* at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or by calling Washington State Rx Services.

You may receive **up to** a 30-day supply for specialty medications per prescription or refill. Specialty drugs are covered only when purchased through the plan's network specialty drug pharmacy. Select specialty medications that have been determined to have a high discontinuation rate or short duration of use may be limited to a 15-day supply. Order your specialty medications from Ardon by calling 1-855-425-4085 (Monday through Friday, 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Pacific Time, Saturday 8 a.m. to 12 p.m. PT).

Specialty drugs require preauthorization. A Patient Care Coordinator will contact your provider to review the coverage criteria and authorize the prescription if the criteria are met. The Patient Care Coordinator will work with you to schedule a delivery time for the medication. If you are unable to be present for the delivery, the specialty pharmacy will deliver your medications anywhere you choose, such as to your workplace or to a neighbor, but not out of the country. Specialty medications often require special handling and storage. Note that the plan is not

responsible for replacement of lost, stolen, or damaged prescription drugs or products; see exclusion 52 on page 59.

If your provider will be administering a medication, you can have it shipped to the provider's office. However, once the drug is received at the provider's office, the provider takes responsibility for the drug.

### Step Therapy

When a drug is part of the step therapy program, you have to try certain drugs (Step 1) before the prescribed Step 2 drug will be covered. When a prescription for a step therapy drug is submitted "out of order," meaning you haven't first tried the Step 1 drug before submitting a prescription for a Step 2 drug, your prescription will not be covered. When this happens, your provider will need to prescribe the Step 1 drug for you.

If you or your provider feels that you need the Step 2 prescription filled as originally written, your pharmacist or prescribing provider can call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611 and request coverage. You will have to pay the entire cost of the drug if you have not tried the Step 1 drug and coverage hasn't been authorized before you get the Step 2 drug.

To find out if step therapy applies to your drug, check the *UMP Preferred Drug List* at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), or call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.

**Note:** Only network pharmacies will check to see if step therapy applies to your prescription drug. If you get a step therapy drug at a non-network pharmacy, the drug may not be covered.

## Can the Pharmacist Substitute One Drug for Another?

### *Generic Substitution Under Washington State Law*

When a brand-name drug has a generic equivalent (see definition on page 111), pharmacists in Washington State must substitute the generic equivalent drug for the brand-name drug. Your provider may write the prescription “dispense as written” if he or she wants you to get only the brand-name drug, or you can tell the pharmacist you want the brand-name drug. However, you will usually pay more for drugs that have a generic equivalent.



**ALERT!** New generic drugs are released throughout the year. If you want to take advantage of the cost-savings that generics provide, ask your provider to allow substitution on your prescriptions, even if a generic drug isn’t available. That way, when one becomes available, the pharmacist can automatically refill with the generic.

### *Therapeutic Interchange Program (TIP)*

The Washington State Therapeutic Interchange Program (TIP) allows a pharmacist to substitute a “therapeutic alternative” drug for a **nonpreferred brand-name drug** in certain cases. Therapeutic alternatives are drugs that are chemically different from your prescribed drug but provide the same therapeutic benefit.

You can find out if your drug is affected by TIP by checking the *UMP Preferred Drug List* at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or by calling Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611. Not all nonpreferred drugs are affected by TIP.

The pharmacist will substitute the preferred drug when your prescribing provider has “endorsed” the Washington Preferred Drug List, and:

- ◆ You are filling your prescription in Washington State or through PPS.

- ◆ Your prescribing provider allows substitution on your prescription.

*If you do not want your drug to be changed, simply ask the pharmacist to fill the prescription as written.*

Regardless of whether you or your prescriber ask the pharmacist to “dispense as written,” if you get the nonpreferred drug, you will pay the applicable cost-share for the nonpreferred brand-name drug.

### *How Does TIP Work at the Network Mail-Order Pharmacy?*

The pharmacy will contact your provider to request authorization for the substitution. If approved by the provider, you will receive the alternative preferred drug along with a letter of explanation. If the pharmacy cannot get an authorization from your provider within 48 hours, the prescription will be filled as written, and you will be charged for the nonpreferred brand-name drug.

## Travel Overrides for Prescription Drugs

You may request a travel override to get an additional supply of medications for extended business or vacation travel. All of the conditions listed below apply.

- ◆ You may request no more than two travel overrides per calendar year, including all travel within or outside the United States:
  - **Within the United States**, you may request up to a 90-day supply per prescription, or as allowed under that prescription.
  - **Outside the United States**, you may request up to a 6-month supply per prescription, or as allowed under that prescription.
- ◆ Travel overrides will be granted only while you are covered by the plan. If your eligibility is ending, the plan does not cover

drugs past the time when your enrollment in the plan ends.

- ♦ You will pay applicable charges (deductible and coinsurance) for each extra supply received.

To request a travel override, call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.

## Refill Too Soon

The plan will not cover a refill until 84% of the prior prescription should be used up. Claims for therapeutic equivalents of the previously prescribed drug will also be denied. This also applies if your prescription is destroyed, lost, or stolen. For example, if you get a 90-day supply and you try to refill this prescription before 76 days have passed, coverage will be denied.

## What Can I Do If Coverage Is Denied?



**TIP:** If your prescription claims are denied by the pharmacy due to eligibility issues or termination of coverage, contact:

- **Employees**—Your employer's personnel, payroll, or benefits office.
- **All other members**—PEBB Benefits Services at 1-800-200-1004.

If a network pharmacy (including a mail-order or specialty pharmacy) tells you that preauthorization is required, your pharmacist or prescribing physician may contact Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611 to request a coverage review.

If Washington State Rx Services denies the coverage request, or if a network pharmacy tells you that coverage is denied, quantities are limited, or the prescription is otherwise not covered in full, you have the right to submit an appeal. (See instructions for appealing on pages 74–79.)

If your provider thinks that you need the medication immediately, he or she may request an expedited review. This means that the decision whether to cover the medication will be made within 72 hours of the request. In this case, you may choose to purchase a three-day supply at your own expense. You will receive a written notice from Washington State Rx Services of the decision. We will reimburse you only if Washington State Rx Services approves coverage of the drug.

## Guidelines for Drugs Covered

To be covered, a prescription drug must meet all of the following criteria:

- ♦ Has been reviewed by one of the following: the Washington State Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee or a P&T Committee of a Washington State Rx Services partner (see list on page 43) and has been placed on the *UMP Preferred Drug List*.
- ♦ Can be legally obtained in the United States only with a written prescription.
- ♦ Is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- ♦ Does **not** have a nonprescription alternative (see definition on page 116), including an over-the-counter alternative with similar safety, efficacy, and ingredients. (See “Exceptions Covered” on page 51.)
- ♦ Is not classified as a vitamin (except as listed below), mineral, dietary supplement, homeopathic drug, or medical food.



**ALERT!** Only select generic prenatal vitamins and generic fluoride supplements are covered; the plan does not cover brand-name prenatal vitamins and fluoride supplements.

## Exceptions Covered

The plan covers the following prescription drugs as **exceptions** to the above rules:

- ◆ Activated vitamin D for patients on renal dialysis or with parathyroidism.
- ◆ Select generic fluoride supplements for prevention of dental caries for children ages 6 months to 18 years.
- ◆ Select generic prescription prenatal vitamins without docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) for women of childbearing age.

Your pharmacy benefit also includes the following nonprescription drugs and supplies:

- ◆ Insulin and diabetic supplies such as blood glucometers, test strips, lancets, and insulin syringes used in the treatment of diabetes. (See “Diabetes Care Supplies” on page 26 for more information).
- ◆ Select contraceptive devices and drugs (see pages 29–30).
- ◆ Select generic over-the-counter prenatal vitamins without DHA for women of childbearing age.
- ◆ Other over-the-counter products that are specifically noted in the *UMP Preferred Drug List* as covered by the plan.



**ALERT!** The plan does not cover prenatal vitamins, prescription or over-the-counter, that contain DHA (docosahexaenoic acid). DHA is a dietary supplement, and dietary supplements are not covered by the plan (excluded).

To be covered, the above-listed prescription and nonprescription drugs and supplies must:

- ◆ Be prescribed by a provider prescribing within his/her scope of practice (is licensed to prescribe).
- ◆ Be dispensed from a licensed pharmacy employing licensed registered pharmacists.
- ◆ Meet plan coverage criteria.

The plan covers FDA-approved drugs used for off-label indications (that is, prescribed for a use other than its FDA-approved label) only if recognized as effective for treatment:

- ◆ In a standard reference compendium (defined on page 120) as supported by clinical evidence;
- ◆ In most relevant peer-reviewed medical literature (defined on page 117), if not recognized in a standard reference compendium; or
- ◆ By the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services.

*The plan may require that you try standard treatment(s) before it will cover off-label use of a drug.*

The plan will not cover any drug when the FDA has determined its use to be unsafe.



**ALERT!** Drugs newly approved by the FDA must be reviewed by a Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee before UMP CDHP will cover the drug. If you are prescribed a new drug, call Washington State Rx Services to ask about coverage.

## Products Covered Under the Preventive Care Benefit

Some products are covered under the preventive care benefit, if recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) as described on page 38, and must conform to coverage guidelines stated above. The brand and type of products covered are limited; call 1-888-361-1611 for more information on which ones are covered. You pay nothing if you purchase these products from the pharmacy counter at a network pharmacy. If you purchase over-the-counter and send in a paper claim, you may pay part of the cost.

Some contraceptive drugs and supplies are covered as preventive; see “Family Planning Services” on pages 29–30 for details.

## Some Injectable Drugs Are Covered Only Under the Prescription Drug Benefit

The following drug classes are covered only under the prescription drug benefit and not the medical benefit:

- ◆ Growth hormones
- ◆ Self-administered drugs for multiple sclerosis
- ◆ Self-administered drugs for rheumatoid arthritis

A drug may be approved for use for another condition, but is still available only through the prescription drug benefit.



**ALERT!** If a claim for one of these drugs is submitted as medical, it will be denied.

## Compounded Prescription Drugs

Compounded prescription drugs are the result of combining, mixing, or altering of ingredients by a pharmacist in response to a physician's prescription to create a new drug tailored to the specialized medical needs of an individual patient. Traditional compounding typically occurs when an FDA-approved drug is unavailable or a licensed health care provider decides that an FDA-approved drug is not appropriate for a patient's medical needs. Compounded drugs costing more than \$150 require preauthorization. Claims for compounded drugs require additional information submitted on the claim form; this information is available from the compounding pharmacy.

## Guidelines for Drugs Not Covered

Drugs not covered under the plan include but are not limited to:

- ◆ Experimental or investigational drugs
- ◆ Dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbal supplements, and medical foods
- ◆ Homeopathic drugs, including FDA-approved prescription products

- ◆ Dental preparations, such as rinses and pastes
- ◆ Over-the-counter drugs or prescription drugs that have a nonprescription alternative (see definition on page 116), except for the drugs specified under "Guidelines for Drugs Covered" on page 50. **Note:** Prescription drugs with a nonprescription alternative (see definition on page 116), including an over-the-counter alternative having similar safety, efficacy, and ingredients are not covered.
- ◆ Drug costs covered by other insurance including Medicare Part B (see page 66 for coordination with other plans).
- ◆ Prescription drugs for tobacco cessation, except as authorized by *Quit for Life* counselors for participants in that program (see page 41).

The plan also does not cover drugs to treat conditions that are not covered under the medical benefit. These include, but aren't limited to, drugs for:

- ◆ Cosmetic purposes
- ◆ Infertility
- ◆ Obesity (or weight loss)
- ◆ Sexual dysfunction



**ALERT!** Drugs classified as proton pump inhibitors (commonly called PPIs) have over-the-counter alternatives and are not covered under the plan for persons age 18 and over. The plan does cover PPIs for persons under age 18 when prescribed, because the available over-the-counter alternatives are not approved for persons under age 18.

## Exceptions Covered

The plan covers the following prescription products as exceptions to the above rules:

- ◆ Limited products for the treatment of congenital metabolic disorders such as phenylketonuria [PKU] detected by newborn screening when specialized formulas are medically necessary; and
- ◆ Elemental formulas for Eosinophilic Gastrointestinal Disorders (EGIDs).

## Prescription Drug Contacts

### Washington State Rx Services

1-888-361-1611  
7:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Pacific Time,  
Monday through Friday

### Network Mail-Order Pharmacy

*Faxing prescriptions (see page 45)*

*Note: Only a provider can fax a prescription.*

- ◆ PPS (Postal Prescription Services)

1-800-552-6694  
Fax 1-800-723-9023 (providers only)

### *Mailing a prescription order*

Postal Prescription Services  
PO Box 2718  
Portland OR 97208-2718

**Contact PPS for how to place a mail order**

### Specialty Pharmacy (Ardon Health) (see page 48)

1-855-425-4085  
Fax 1-855-425-4096 (providers only)

### To request preauthorization for prescription drugs (providers)

1-888-361-1611  
Fax 1-800-207-8235

### Submit paper claims

Find claim forms at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump)  
See instructions on page 69.

Washington State Rx Services  
Attn: Pharmacy Claims  
PO Box 40168  
Portland, OR 97240-0168  
Fax 1-800-207-8235

### Send appeals/complaints for prescription drugs

Washington State Rx Services  
Attn: Appeals  
PO Box 40168  
Portland, OR 97240-0168  
Fax 1-866-923-0412

### Online services

[www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump)

- ◆ Find a network pharmacy
- ◆ Find a network vaccination pharmacy
- ◆ Refill mail-order prescriptions
- ◆ Get estimates of drug costs at retail versus mail order
- ◆ Review the *UMP Preferred Drug List*: if a drug is covered or not, quantity limits, whether subject to TIP.

# Limits on Plan Coverage

## Preauthorizing Medical Services



**ALERT!** This section does not apply to prescription drugs. See page 47 for how to request preauthorization of covered drugs under the prescription drug benefit.

Some medical services and supplies require preauthorization by UMP CDHP to determine whether the service or supply meets the plan's medical necessity criteria in order to be covered. ***The fact that a service or supply is prescribed or furnished by a provider does not, by itself, make it a medically necessary covered service; see definition on pages 113–115.*** If you receive a service listed as an exclusion in the “What the Plan Doesn’t Cover” section on pages 57–61, you are responsible for paying all associated charges.

A change after the plan has approved a preauthorization request—such as but not limited to a change of provider, or different/additional services—requires a new preauthorization request be submitted to and approved by the plan.

### Your Preauthorization Role



**ALERT!** Some services—including but not limited to Applied Behavior Analysis Therapy (page 22) and bariatric surgery (pages 23–24)—must be preauthorized before services are received to be covered.

- ♦ A preferred or participating provider may be required to request preauthorization before performing services.
- ♦ Out-of-network providers are not required to obtain preauthorization in advance of services.

Because your provider has the clinical details and technical billing information needed for the preauthorization request, it is to your benefit that they submit a preauthorization request on your behalf.

You may request that an out-of-network provider preauthorize services on your behalf to determine medical necessity prior to the services being rendered.

Call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 to ask if a service requires preauthorization and how to submit a request.

You may be liable for all charges if you choose to seek services that are determined to be not medically necessary, experimental or investigational, or not covered under this plan (see “What the Plan Doesn’t Cover” section on pages 57–61).



**ALERT!** For how to appeal denial of a preauthorization request before receiving services see pages 74–79.

## Where Can I Find the List of Services Requiring Preauthorization or Notification?

For a list of services and treatments requiring preauthorization or plan notification:

- ♦ Visit the UMP website at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump).
- ♦ Call UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.
- ♦ Request a printed list by calling UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.



**ALERT!** The UMP preauthorization list is updated throughout the year. You may view the current list of services that require preauthorization at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 to determine if services require preauthorization or notification. The fact that a service doesn't require preauthorization or notification does not guarantee coverage.

## Notification for Facility Admissions

Your provider must notify the plan upon your admission to a facility for services requiring notification as listed at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump). Facility admissions for which the plan is not notified may not be covered. Notification is usually done by the facility at the time you are admitted. Notification is not the same as preauthorization; many services require both.

## What Is the Difference Between Preauthorization and Notification?



**ALERT!** Many services, including but not limited to inpatient services, require both preauthorization and notification. Call 1-888-849-3681 or talk to your provider if you have questions about services needing preauthorization or notification by the plan.

“Preauthorization” is when your provider sends a request for coverage of a service on the UMP preauthorization list at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump), and the plan sends either an approval or denial of coverage. If services that require preauthorization are not approved before being provided, coverage may be denied. The plan does not preauthorize services that are not on the UMP preauthorization list. Preauthorization is usually requested by the provider performing the services. “Notification” means that your provider must contact the plan to let us know when you

receive services. Notification is usually done by the facility at the time you are admitted.



**ALERT!** If the plan denies coverage for a service requiring preauthorization and you receive those services anyway, you (the patient) are responsible for the provider's entire billed charge.

## How Long Does the Plan Have to Make a Decision?

You will be notified in writing within 15 calendar days of the plan's receipt of the preauthorization request whether the request has been approved, denied, or if more information is needed to make a determination.

If additional information is requested:

- ♦ You are allowed up to 45 calendar days of the date on the letter to submit the information requested.
- ♦ You will be notified in writing of the determination within 15 calendar days of either the plan's receipt of the additional information or the end of the 45-day period if no additional information is received.

If you or your physician believes that waiting for a determination under the standard time frame could place your life, health, or ability to regain maximum function in serious jeopardy, your physician should notify the plan by phone or fax as a shorter time limit may apply.

## General Information From Customer Service Is Not a Guarantee That a Service Is Covered

For services not requiring preauthorization, you may call 1-888-849-3681 to ask if a particular service is generally covered by the plan, and for an estimate of how much you will pay.

Until a claim is submitted, we cannot guarantee that your service will be covered or give an

exact amount you will pay out of pocket. This is because when a provider bills for a service, the plan pays for it based on procedure codes developed by independent organizations (not affiliated with the plan). Each code describes a particular service in some detail, and there are many codes for similar-sounding services. Your provider, not the plan, determines which of these codes is used on the submitted claim. If you receive covered services from a preferred provider, you will generally pay 15% of the allowed amount per code billed until you reach your out-of-pocket limit (see pages 11–12). Once you reach that limit, the plan pays 100% of the allowed amount for covered services from preferred providers.

## Case Management

### Case Management for Complex Health Care Needs

Case management is a free service offered by the plan to help enrollees with serious, complex, or difficult health care needs coordinate their care. You work with a nurse case manager who assists you in finding health care providers and services appropriate for your treatment. When preauthorization is requested for a condition that may benefit from case management services or the plan receives a claim for services indicating complex health needs, you will be contacted by case management staff to discuss your options.

This free service helps you:

- ◆ Ensure you get the most out of your UMP CDHP benefits.
- ◆ Find preferred providers, facilities, and other resources to assist in the coordination of your medical care.
- ◆ Keep your health care costs down (for example, negotiating rates when no preferred providers are available).

You, your family, or any provider or facility (such as a hospital) involved in your treatment may call 1-866-543-5765 to request evaluation and consideration of case management services.

### Case Management as a Condition of Coverage

An HCA or plan medical director may review medical records and determine that your use of certain services is potentially harmful, excessive, or medically inappropriate. Based on this determination, the plan may require you to participate in and comply with a case management plan as a condition of continued benefit payment. Case management may include designating a primary physician (MD or DO) to coordinate care, and designating a single hospital and pharmacy to provide covered services or medications. The plan may deny payment for any services and providers or facilities not included in your required case management plan, except medically necessary emergency services.

# What the Plan Doesn't Cover

## Expenses Not Covered, Exclusions, and Limitations



**TIP:** If you have any questions about services not covered by the plan, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681. You may pay all costs associated with a noncovered service.

This plan covers only the services and conditions specifically identified in this *Certificate of Coverage*. Unless a service or condition fits into one of the specific benefit definitions, it is not covered.

Here are some examples of common services and conditions that are not covered. Many others are also not covered—these are examples only, not a complete list. These examples are called exclusions, meaning these services are **not** covered, **even if the services are medically necessary**.

1. Air ambulance, if ground ambulance would serve the same purpose.
2. Arthroscopic knee surgery (lavage and debridement of the knee) for the diagnosis of osteoarthritis.
3. Bariatric surgery for members under age 18.
4. Cardiac Artery Calcium Scoring.
5. Complications arising directly from services that would not be covered by the plan during the current plan year. The plan will, however, cover complications arising directly from services that a PEBB plan paid for you in the past.
6. Computed Tomographic Colonography for routine colorectal cancer screening.
7. Corneal Refractive Therapy (CRT), also called Orthokeratology.
8. Cosmetic services or supplies, including drugs and pharmaceuticals. However, the plan does cover:
  - Reconstructive breast surgery following a mastectomy necessitated by disease, illness, or injury.
  - Reconstructive surgery of a congenital anomaly, such as cleft lip or palate, to improve or restore function.
9. Court-ordered care, unless determined by the plan to be medically necessary and otherwise covered.
10. Custodial care (see definition on page 109).
11. Dental care for the treatment of problems with teeth or gums, other than the specific covered dental services listed on pages 24–25.
12. Dietary or food supplements, including but not limited to:
  - Herbal supplements, dietary supplements, medical foods, and homeopathic drugs.
  - Infant or adult dietary formulas (see “Exceptions Covered” on page 52 for exceptions that are covered by the plan).
  - Medical foods.
  - Minerals.
  - Prescription or over-the-counter vitamins (see exceptions on page 51).
13. Dietary programs.
14. Drugs or medicines not covered by the plan as described in the “Your Prescription Drug Benefit” section, pages 43–53.
15. Drugs or medicines obtained through foreign (non-United States) mail-order pharmacies.

16. Educational programs, except as described under:
  - “Diabetes Control Program” on page 26.
  - “Diabetes Education” on page 26.
  - “Diabetes Prevention Program” on pages 26–27.
  - “Tobacco Cessation Program” on page 41.
17. Email consultations or e-visits.
18. Equipment not primarily intended to improve a medical condition or injury, including but not limited to:
  - Air conditioners or air purifying systems
  - Arch supports
  - Communication aids
  - Elevators
  - Exercise equipment
  - Massage devices
  - Overbed tables
  - Sanitary supplies
  - Telephone alert systems
  - Vision aids
  - Whirlpools, portable whirlpool pumps, or sauna baths
19. Erectile or sexual dysfunction treatment with drugs or pharmaceuticals.
20. Experimental or investigational services, supplies, or drugs.
21. Eye surgery to alter the refractive character of the cornea, such as radial keratotomy, photokeratectomy, or LASIK surgery.
22. Foot care not related to a medical condition: Cutting of toenails; treatment for diagnosed corns and calluses; or any other maintenance-related foot care.
23. Hip surgery for treatment of Femoroacetabular Impingement (FAI) Syndrome.
24. Home health care, except as described on page 32. The plan does not cover the following services:
  - Private duty or continuous care in the member’s home.
  - Housekeeping or meal services.
  - Care in any nursing home or convalescent facility.
  - Care provided by or for a member of the patient’s family.
  - Any other services provided in the home that do not meet the definition of skilled home health care as described on page 32 or not specifically listed as covered in this *Certificate of Coverage*.
25. Hospital inpatient charges for non-essential services or features such as:
  - Admissions solely for diagnostic procedures that could be performed on an outpatient basis.
  - Reserved beds.
  - Services and devices that are not medically necessary (see definition of “Medically Necessary Services, Supplies, Drugs, or Interventions” on pages 113–115).
  - Personal or convenience items.
26. Hyaluronic acid injections (viscosupplementation) for treatment of pain in any joint other than the knee.
27. Immunizations for the purpose of travel or employment, even if recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
28. Implantable drug delivery systems (infusion pumps or IDDS) for chronic non-cancer pain.
29. In vitro fertilization and all related services and supplies, including all procedures involving selection of embryo for implantation.
30. Incarceration: Services and supplies provided while confined in a prison or jail.

31. Infertility or fertility testing or treatment, including drugs, pharmaceuticals, artificial insemination, and any other type of testing, treatment, complications resulting from such treatment (for example, selective fetal reduction), or visits for infertility.
32. Late fees, finance charges, or collections charges.
33. Learning disabilities treatment after diagnosis, except as covered under the following benefits:
  - “Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy” on page 22.
  - “Physical, Occupational, Speech, and Neurodevelopmental Therapy” on page 37; or
  - When part of treating a mental health disorder as described on page 34.
34. Magnetic Resonance Imaging—Upright MRIs (uMRI), also known as “positional,” “weight-bearing” (partial or full), or “axial loading.”
35. Maintenance care (see definition on page 113).
36. Manipulations of the spine or extremities, except as described under “Spinal and Extremity Manipulations” on page 39.
37. Marriage, family, or other counseling or training services, except as provided to treat an individual member’s neuropsychiatric, mental, or personality disorder.
38. Massage therapy services when the massage therapist is not a preferred provider.
39. Medicare-covered services or supplies delivered by a provider who does not offer services through Medicare, when Medicare is the patient’s primary coverage.
40. Missed appointment charges.
41. Noncovered provider types: Services delivered by providers not listed as a covered provider type (see page 7).
42. Orthoptic therapy except for the diagnosis of strabismus, a muscle disorder of the eye.
43. Orthotics, foot or shoe: Items such as shoe inserts and other shoe modifications, except as specified on page 28.
44. Out-of-network provider charges that are above the allowed amount.
45. Over-the-counter contraceptive supplies intended for use by males.
46. Postage and handling related to medical services and supplies.
47. Prescription drug charges over the allowed amount, regardless of where purchased.
48. Prescription drugs that require preauthorization unless the request is:
  - Supported by medical justification from a clinician other than the patient or member of the patient’s family.
  - Approved by the plan.
49. Provider administrative fees—Any charges for completing forms, copying records, or finance charges, except for records requested by the plan to perform retrospective (postpayment) review.
50. Recreation therapy.
51. Replacement of lost, stolen, or damaged durable medical equipment.
52. Replacement of medications that are any of the following:
  - Confiscated or seized by Customs or other authorities
  - Contaminated
  - Damaged
  - Lost or stolen
  - Ruined
53. Residential treatment programs that are not solely for chemical dependency treatment or a mental health condition requiring inpatient treatment. Examples include, but are not limited to, schools, wilderness programs, and behavioral programs.

54. Reversal of voluntary sterilization (vasectomy, tubal ligation, or similar procedures).
55. Riot, rebellion, and illegal acts: Services and supplies for treatment of an illness, injury, or condition caused by a member's voluntary participation in a riot, armed invasion or aggression, insurrection or rebellion, or sustained by a member arising directly from an act deemed illegal by a court of law.
56. Separate charges for records or reports.
57. Service animals: Any expenses related to a service animal.
58. Services covered by other insurance, including but not limited to motor vehicle, homeowner's, renter's, commercial premises, personal injury protection (PIP), medical payments (Med-Pay), automobile no-fault, general no-fault, underinsured or uninsured motorist coverage. See page 82 for more about how this works.
59. Services delivered by providers delivering services outside the scope of their licenses.
60. Services or supplies:
  - That are not medically necessary for the diagnosis and treatment of injury or illness or restoration of physiological functions, and are not covered as preventive care. This applies even if services are prescribed, recommended, or approved by your provider.
  - For which no charge is made, or for which a charge would not have been made if you had no health care coverage.
  - Provided by a family member or any household member.
  - Provided by a resident physician or intern acting in that capacity.
  - That are solely for comfort.
  - For which you are not obligated to pay.
61. Services performed during a noncovered service.
62. Services performed primarily to ensure the success of a noncovered service, including but not limited to a hiatal hernia repair done to ensure the success of a noncovered Laparoscopic Adjustable Gastric Banding surgery.
63. Services, supplies, or drugs related to occupational injury or illness (see definition on page 116).
64. Services, supplies, or items that require preauthorization unless the request is:
  - Supported by medical justification from a clinician other than the patient or member of the patient's family.
  - Approved by the plan.
65. Skilled nursing facility services or confinement:
  - When primary use of the facility is as a place of residence.
  - When treatment is primarily custodial.
66. Spinal cord stimulator for chronic neuropathic pain.
67. Spinal injections, therapeutic (except as described under "Spinal Injections" on page 40) of the following types:
  - Medial branch nerve block
  - Intradiscal
  - Facet neurotomy
68. Spinal surgical procedures known as vertebroplasty, kyphoplasty, and sacroplasty.
69. Telephone consultations, except as described under "Telehealth Services" on page 40.
70. TENS (Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation) Units.
71. Tobacco cessation services, supplies, or medications, except as described under "Tobacco Cessation Program" on page 41.

72. Travel, transportation, and lodging expenses, other than ambulance services covered by the plan as described on page 22.
73. Ultrasounds during pregnancy, except as described on page 36.
74. Weight control, weight loss, and obesity treatment:
- **Non-surgical:** Any program, drugs, services, or supplies for weight control, weight loss, or obesity treatment. Exercise or diet programs (formal or informal), exercise equipment, or travel expenses associated with non-surgical or surgical services are not covered. Such treatment is not covered even if prescribed by a provider, except as covered under “Diabetes Prevention Program” (see pages 26–27).
  - **Surgical:** Any bariatric surgery procedure, any other surgery for obesity or morbid obesity, and any related medical services, drugs, or supplies, except if approved through case management as described under “Bariatric Surgery” on page 23.
75. Workers’ compensation: When a claim for workers’ compensation is accepted as being caused by a work-related injury or illness, all services related to that injury or illness are not covered, even if some services are denied by workers’ compensation.

If you have questions about whether a certain service or supply is covered, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

# If You Have Other Medical Coverage

## When UMP CDHP Pays First (Primary)

If you have UMP CDHP as your primary payer (see definition on page 118), UMP CDHP pays the normal benefit as described elsewhere in this book. If you have other secondary coverage and have questions about how that plan coordinates benefits, you should contact that plan. If you are unsure about which plan is primary, contact UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## What Happens When UMP CDHP Is Supposed to Pay First, But Another Plan Actually Paid First?

If another plan pays first on claims where UMP CDHP should have paid first:

- ♦ UMP CDHP may pay the other plan the amount UMP CDHP should have paid.
- ♦ Amounts paid by UMP CDHP to the other plan are considered benefits paid by UMP CDHP.

## What Is Coordination of Benefits?

*Coordination of benefits (COB)* happens when you have health coverage through two or more groups (such as your employer and your spouse's employer), and these two group health plans both pay a portion of your health care claims. The rules below determine which plan pays first ("primary payer") and which pays second ("secondary payer"). See pages 64–65 for a description of how UMP CDHP coordinates benefits when it is secondary.

UMP processes claims differently depending on if it is the plan that pays first ("primary

payer") or the plan that pays second ("secondary payer"). The differences are described in the next several pages.



**TIP:** If you have other health coverage, it is important that you let all of your providers know, including the pharmacies where you get your prescription drugs.

## Whom Do I Inform If I Have Other Coverage?

If you or your dependents have other insurance, you must let Regence BlueShield and Washington State Rx Services know so claims are paid correctly. To do this, you must complete and submit a separate form for medical services and prescription drugs; see the table below.

Medical services	
<b>Phone</b>	Call 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711) to request the form
<b>Online</b>	<b>regence.com</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Log in to your online account</li> <li>▪ In the Search box, type Coordination of Benefits</li> <li>▪ On the list that comes up, choose "UMP Multiple Coverage Inquiry–Coordination of Benefits"</li> <li>▪ You may fill out and submit online, or print out and mail or fax in</li> </ul> Or go to <b>www.hca.wa.gov/ump</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Select <i>Forms</i> under <i>Fast Find</i> to download form to mail or fax in</li> </ul>
<b>Fax</b>	1-877-357-3418
<b>Mail</b>	Regence BlueShield Attn: UMP Claims PO Box 91015 MS BU385 Seattle, WA 98111-9115

Prescription drugs	
Phone	1-888-361-1611
Online	Go to <a href="http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump">www.hca.wa.gov/ump</a> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Select <i>Forms</i> under <i>Fast Find</i> to download form to mail or fax in</li> </ul> Or submit through your pharmacy account at <a href="http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump">www.hca.wa.gov/ump</a>
Fax	503-412-4058
Mail	Washington State Rx Services PO Box 40168 Portland, OR 97240-0168

Each person claiming payment for benefits under UMP CDHP is required to give Regence and Washington State Rx Services any facts needed to apply these coordination of benefits rules and determine the correct benefits payable. If your coverage under other plans changes, please call Customer Service right away.

## Who Pays First?

When UMP CDHP coordinates benefits with other plans, the following rules determine which plan pays first. These rules apply in order, so the first rule below that applies to your situation will determine which plan is your primary coverage (subsequent rules do not apply).



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** If you cannot determine which plan pays first (“primary payer”), call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## The Following Plan Pays First

1. Any plan that does not coordinate benefits.
2. The plan that covers the patient as a subscriber, not a dependent.
3. The plan that covers the patient (or their spouse or domestic partner) as an active employee pays before a plan that covers you as a retired employee.

4. The plan that has covered the patient (or their spouse or domestic partner) as a subscriber the longest, if there are two plans and numbers 1–3 in the list above do not determine which plan pays first.
5. The plan that covers the patient (or their spouse or domestic partner) as an active employee if the other coverage is Medicare.
6. A plan covering the patient as an employee, subscriber, retiree, or the dependent of such a patient will pay before a COBRA or a state right of continuation plan.

## For Dependent Children

- ♦ If a dependent child has coverage through his or her employment, the child’s coverage pays before the parent’s.
- ♦ This plan is usually primary over Medicaid programs that cover children.

### *Dependent children of married parents*

The plan of the parent whose birth month and day is earlier in the year pays first (for example, the plan of a parent born April 14 is primary over the plan of a parent born August 21). This is called the “birthday rule.” This rule looks only at the month and day, not the year. If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that covered either parent longer is primary.

**Exception for newborn children:** Under Washington State law, the mother’s health plan must provide newborns with coverage that is no less than the mother’s coverage for the first 21 days of life. Therefore, the mother’s plan pays first for covered charges during the first 21 days of life, unless there is other primary coverage.

### *Dependent children of legally separated or divorced parents*

When there is no court order that specifies which parent is responsible for providing

health insurance coverage, the following standard coordination of benefits rules determine which plan pays first:

1. The plan of the custodial parent.
2. The plan of the custodial parent's spouse, if the custodial parent has remarried.
3. The plan of the non-custodial parent.
4. The plan of the non-custodial parent's spouse, if the non-custodial parent has remarried.

The custodial parent is the parent awarded custody by a court decree or, in the absence of a court decree, is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year excluding any temporary visitation.

The **birthday rule** is used to determine which parent's plan pays first if:

- ♦ The court order states that both parents are responsible for the child's/children's health coverage and expenses.
- ♦ The court orders joint custody without specifying that one parent is responsible for the child's/children's health coverage and expenses.

If the court order states one parent is to assume primary financial responsibility for the child but does not mention responsibility for health coverage or health care expenses, the plan of the parent assuming financial responsibility is the primary payer.

In some cases, a court order determines payment for health care expenses and **standard coordination of benefits rules may not apply**. In these cases, you must promptly provide UMP CDHP with copies of legal documents needed to decide which plan pays first and which plan pays second.

If a dependent child is covered under more than one plan through persons who are not the child's parent or stepparent (for example, a grandparent or other guardian), use the

birthday rule to determine which plan pays first ("primary payer").

If none of the preceding rules determines who pays first, then each plan covers half of the allowed expenses.

## How Does UMP CDHP Coordinate Benefits?

UMP CDHP uses a type of coordination of benefits called **nonduplication of benefits** (see examples on page 65). When UMP CDHP pays second ("secondary payer") to another group plan that covers you, we will pay only an amount needed to bring the total benefit up to the amount UMP CDHP would have paid if you did not have another plan. The intent of this type of coordination of benefits is to maintain the level of benefits available through the UMP CDHP plan. The nonduplication of benefits type of coordination is not designed to pay your covered expenses in full.

## How Much Will I Pay When UMP CDHP Pays Second?

When you see providers preferred under UMP CDHP (see definition on page 118), you will owe only the balance of the UMP CDHP allowed amount after your primary plan and UMP CDHP pay benefits for covered services. Your cost will usually be higher if you see out-of-network providers; see "Comparing Payments to Preferred, Participating, and Out-of-Network Providers" on page 8 for examples.

## Examples

The examples in the table below assume that you have met your deductible.

	Preferred Provider Charge	UMP CDHP Allowed Amount	UMP CDHP Normal Benefit	Other Plan Pays	UMP CDHP Pays	You Pay Your Provider
<b>UMP CDHP Is Primary, Other Plan Is Secondary</b>						
<b>EXAMPLE 1:</b> When UMP CDHP pays first (or is the only plan)	\$200	\$100	\$85 (85% of \$100)	N/A	\$85	\$15
<b>UMP CDHP Is Secondary, Other Plan Is Primary</b>						
<b>EXAMPLE 2:</b> The other plan pays less than the normal UMP CDHP benefit	\$200	\$100	\$85	\$80	\$5	\$15
<b>EXAMPLE 3:</b> The other plan pays as much as (or more than) the normal UMP CDHP benefit	\$200	\$100	\$85	\$85	\$0	\$15

Please contact UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 for help with any questions when you or a family member is covered by more than one plan.

## Submit Secondary Claims Promptly

All health plans have deadlines for filing a claim, called a “timely filing” requirement. The timely filing deadline for UMP CDHP is 12 months from the date of service. If a claim is not submitted within a plan’s timely filing deadline, the plan can deny it. If your primary plan delays payment on a claim, the claim should be submitted to UMP CDHP within the timely filing deadline to prevent denial of the claim. Promptly notifying your providers of any change to your coverage will help avoid errors and delays in processing of claims. See pages 68–70 for how to submit claims.

## How Are Diabetes Care Supplies Covered When UMP CDHP Pays Second?

### *When UMP CDHP Is Secondary to a Plan Other Than Medicare*

UMP CDHP covers diabetes care supplies only under the prescription drug benefit.

- ♦ If you get your supplies from a pharmacy, ask if the pharmacy can bill both your primary plan and UMP CDHP. If your pharmacy does, you don’t need to do anything further. If not, you will need to send a claim to Washington State Rx Services for secondary payment; see page 69 for instructions.
- ♦ If you get your supplies from a diabetic care supplier, the primary plan may process the claim as medical. In this case, you will need to send your Explanation of Benefits and a claim form to Washington

State Rx Services for secondary payment; see pages 69–70 for instructions.

**Note:** Nonduplication of benefits applies to these claims (see “How Does UMP CDHP Coordinate Benefits?” on page 64), which means that UMP CDHP may pay nothing after your primary plan pays.

See also “Diabetes Care Supplies” on page 26 for more about this benefit.

A secondary claim for diabetes care supplies submitted to Regence BlueShield will be denied; the claim must be submitted to Washington State Rx Services.

### ***When UMP CDHP Is Secondary to Medicare***



**ALERT!** When Medicare pays after UMP CDHP, your provider must bill Medicare after UMP pays; UMP does not bill Medicare.

If Medicare is primary and UMP CDHP is secondary, Medicare pays for some diabetes care supplies under the Part B medical benefit. As a result, UMP CDHP pays these claims under the durable medical benefit (not the prescription drug benefit) according to standard coordination of benefits rules (not nonduplication of benefits). See “What Happens When Medicare Pays First and UMP CDHP Pays Second?” on page 67 for more about when Medicare is primary to UMP CDHP.

## **How Does Coordination of Benefits Work With Prescription Drugs?**

Some of the limits and restrictions to prescription drug coverage listed on pages 47–50 will apply when UMP CDHP pays second (“secondary payer”) to another plan. See “Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs” beginning on page 69 for how to submit your prescription drug claim.

**Note:** If UMP CDHP pays second (“secondary payer”) to another plan other than Medicare, nonduplication of benefits applies (see “How Does UMP CDHP Coordinate Benefits?” on page 64). This means that UMP CDHP may pay nothing after your primary plan pays.

### **Using Network Pharmacies When UMP CDHP Is Your Secondary Coverage**

If you have primary coverage through another plan that covers prescription drugs, show both plan cards to the pharmacy and make sure they know which plan pays first and which plan pays second. It is important that the pharmacy bills the plans in the correct order, or claims may be denied or paid incorrectly.

### ***Using Mail-Order Pharmacies When UMP CDHP Is Secondary***

If your primary plan also uses PPS as the plan’s network mail-order pharmacy, PPS can process payments for both plans and charge only what’s left. Make sure that PPS has the information for both plans and knows which plan is primary.

However, if your primary plan uses a different mail-order pharmacy, you will have to use your primary plan’s mail order, then submit a paper claim for payment by UMP CDHP. See “Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs” beginning on page 69 for how to do this.

## Who Can Have Both UMP CDHP and Medicare?

You can be enrolled in both UMP CDHP and Medicare only if:

- ♦ You are not the subscriber; and
- ♦ The subscriber is an employee enrolled in UMP CDHP and you are their dependent or spouse.

Since the subscriber must be an employee, UMP CDHP is usually primary to Medicare. This means that UMP CDHP pays first, then Medicare pays second. In this case, UMP CDHP pays its normal benefit as described elsewhere in this book.



**ALERT!** When UMP CDHP pays first and Medicare pays second, you or your provider must submit a claim to Medicare after UMP CDHP pays (see pages 68–70). UMP CDHP does not bill Medicare.

## What Happens When UMP CDHP Pays First and Medicare Pays Second?

Make sure that your provider agrees to bill both UMP CDHP and Medicare. The provider should submit claims to UMP CDHP first, then to Medicare after UMP CDHP has paid its share. Medicare doesn't usually accept claims from members; if a provider doesn't bill Medicare you may not receive reimbursement from Medicare. The provider would need to bill Medicare after UMP CDHP has processed the claim.



**ALERT!** UMP does not bill Medicare or in any way coordinate benefits with Medicare when Medicare is the secondary payer.

## What Happens When Medicare Pays First and UMP CDHP Pays Second?

In a few cases, Medicare may be primary and UMP CDHP secondary. Examples are dependents who are domestic partners with Medicare primary due to age, or a dependent enrolled in Medicare due to disability (such as but not limited to end stage renal disease). In such cases, standard coordination of benefits (not nonduplication of benefits) applies to UMP CDHP payments. If you have questions about how your claims will be paid, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## Does UMP Coordinate With Occupational Injury or Illness (Workers' Compensation) Claims?

UMP CDHP does not pay claims for services, drugs, or items related to occupational injury or illness (see definition on page 116). You must file a workers' compensation claim with your workers' compensation carrier (for example, in Washington State you would file a claim with the Washington State Department of Labor & Industries). If your claim for workers' compensation is denied as not being related to an occupational injury or illness, UMP CDHP will pay for covered services.

However, if your workers' compensation claim is approved, UMP will not cover future services related to the occupational injury or illness while that case is open. However, if your workers' compensation case then denies claims as being not medically necessary, or beyond benefit limits, UMP CDHP will not cover future services for that injury or illness unless or until the workers' compensation case is closed. You may be required to provide written proof of claim denial or case closure before UMP CDHP will provide benefits related to the occupational injury or illness.

# Billing & Payment: Filing a Claim

## Submitting a Claim for Medical Services

When UMP CDHP is your primary insurance and your provider is preferred, you don't need to submit claims; the provider will do it for you. If you have a question about whether your provider's office has submitted a claim, log in to your account at [regence.com](http://regence.com) or call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## When Do I Need to Submit a Claim?

You may need to submit a claim to UMP CDHP for payment if:

- ♦ You receive services from an out-of-network provider.
- ♦ You have other insurance that pays first and UMP CDHP is secondary. (**See also:** Medicare retirees, see "Who Can Have Both UMP CDHP and Medicare?" on page 67). Dependents with other coverage, see pages 62–67.)

Out-of-network providers may submit a claim on your behalf; ask the provider.

## How Do I Submit a Claim?



**TIP:** If you purchase contact lenses or eyeglasses from an out-of-network provider that doesn't bill your plan, you will need to submit a claim for reimbursement. You can download the *Vision Claim Form* at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or call Customer Service for a copy.

To submit a claim yourself, you'll need to obtain and mail the following documents:

1. The *Medical Claim Form*—You can find the form online at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or you may request a form by calling Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.
2. An itemized bill from your provider that describes the services you received and the charges.

The following information must appear on the provider's itemized bill for the plan to consider the claim for payment:

- ♦ Patient's name and plan ID number, including the alpha prefix (three letters before ID number).
  - ♦ Description of the injury or illness.
  - ♦ Date and type of service.
  - ♦ Provider's name, address, and phone number.
  - ♦ For ambulance claims, please also include where the patient was picked up and where he or she was taken.
3. If UMP CDHP is secondary, you must include a copy of your primary plan's Explanation of Benefits, which lists the services covered and how much the other plan paid. You should wait until the primary plan has paid to submit a secondary claim to UMP CDHP, unless the

primary plan's processing of the claim is delayed. Claims not submitted to UMP CDHP within 12 months of the date of service will not be paid.

If we have to request additional information, the processing of your claim may be delayed.

Reimbursement for services received from an out-of-network provider may be sent to the provider or to you in the form of a check listing both you and the provider as payees.

Be sure to make copies of your documents for your records.

Mail both the claim form and the provider's claim document (or bill) to:

**Regence BlueShield**  
**PO Box 30271**  
**Salt Lake City, UT 84130-0271**

Call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 if you have a question about the processing of your claim.

## Important Information About Submitting Claims



**ALERT!** You or your provider must submit claims within 12 months of the date you received health care services; this is called the "timely filing" deadline. The plan will not pay claims submitted more than 12 months after the date of service. See "Submit Secondary Claims Promptly" on page 65 for how this works when you have other coverage that pays first.

For important information about submitting claims for services outside of the United States, see "Services Received Outside the U.S." on page 3. You may have to pay services upfront and submit a claim for reimbursement.

If you or a family member has other health care coverage, see "If You Have Other Medical Coverage" on pages 62–67 for information on how the plan coordinates benefits with other plans.

## Claims Reimbursement

Most of the time, the plan will pay preferred providers directly. For claims submitted by you or an out-of-network provider, the plan will determine whether to pay you, the provider, or both you and the provider. For a child covered by a legal qualified medical child support order (QMCSO)—see page 90—the plan may pay the custodial parent or legal guardian of the child.

## Claims Determinations

You will be notified of action taken on a claim within 30 days of the plan receiving it. This 30-day period may be extended by 15 days when action cannot be taken on the claim due to:

- ♦ Circumstances beyond the plan's control. Notification will include an explanation why an extension is necessary and when the plan expects to take action on the claim.
- ♦ Lack of information. The plan will notify you within the 30-day period that an extension is necessary, with a description of the information needed as well as why it is needed.

If the plan is asking you for additional information, you will be allowed at least 45 days to provide it. If the plan doesn't receive the information requested within the time allowed, the claim will be denied.

## Submitting a Claim for Prescription Drugs

You may need to submit your own prescription drug claim to Washington State Rx Services for reimbursement if you:

- ♦ Purchase drugs at a non-network pharmacy.
- ♦ Fail to show your ID card at a network pharmacy.
- ♦ Get a prescription from a mail-order or internet pharmacy other than PPS, the

plan's network mail-order pharmacy.

- ♦ Have other prescription coverage that pays first and UMP CDHP is secondary.



**TIP:** If you get a vaccine from an out-of-network provider, make sure that you submit your claim to Regence BlueShield as a medical claim (see page 68). Member-submitted vaccine claims sent to Washington State Rx Services will be denied.

Prescription drug claim forms are available online at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or by calling Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611. Send the completed claim form, along with your pharmacy receipt(s), to:

**Washington State Rx Services**  
**Attn: Pharmacy Claims**  
**PO Box 40168**  
**Portland, OR 97240-0168**  
**Fax 1-800-207-8235**

It's a good idea to keep copies of all your paperwork for your records.



**TIP:** Foreign claims for prescription drugs must be translated into English with specific services, charges, drugs and dosage documented, and you must tell us the currency exchange rate. The plan does not pay for this documentation or translation.

When you submit a prescription drug claim to Washington State Rx Services, the plan pays the claim based on the following rules, no matter where you purchased the drug:

- ♦ The plan pays based on the allowed amount. If the pharmacy charges you more than the allowed amount, you will pay your usual coinsurance (and deductible if applicable), plus the difference between what the plan paid and the pharmacy's charge.
- ♦ The plan pays all prescription drug claims, including non-network, based on coinsurance; see page 44.

- ♦ If your claim exceeds the quantity limit allowed by the plan or the maximum days' supply, the plan will pay only for the amount of the drug up to the quantity limit or maximum days' supply.
- ♦ If you receive a refill before 84% of the last supply you received should have been taken, the plan will not pay for it. This is called a "refill too soon" (see page 50).

You must submit prescription drug claims within 12 months of purchase. Claims for prescription drugs submitted more than 12 months after purchase will not be paid.



**ALERT!** If you do not show your plan ID card when purchasing a prescription at a Washington State Rx Services' network pharmacy, you will have to pay the full cash price and submit a *Prescription Drug Claim Form*. You won't receive the plan discount.

## False Claims or Statements

Neither you nor your provider (or any person acting for you or your provider) may submit a claim for services or supplies that were not received, were resold to another party, or for which you are not expected to pay.

In addition, neither you nor any person acting for you may make any false or incomplete statements on any document for your plan coverage.

The plan may recover any payments or overpayments made as a result of a false claim or false statement by withholding future claim payments, by suing you, or by other means. False claims may also be crimes.

If you represent yourself as being enrolled in this plan when you are not, the plan will deny all claims.

# What You Need to Know as a Plan Member

## Your Rights and Responsibilities

To ensure UMP CDHP offers the best possible medical care, we must work together with you and your providers as partners. To achieve this goal, you must know your rights and responsibilities.

As a plan member, you have the right to:

- ◆ Be treated with respect.
- ◆ Be informed by your providers about all appropriate or medically necessary treatment options for your condition, regardless of cost or benefit coverage.
- ◆ Ask your provider to submit secondary claims to Medicare; see page 65.
- ◆ On request, receive information from the plan about:
  - How new technology is evaluated for inclusion as a covered benefit.
  - Technologies and treatments currently under review by the Health Technology Clinical Committee (HTCC).
  - Services and treatments that have completed HTCC review and how that affects coverage by UMP.
  - How the plan reimburses providers.
  - Preauthorization and review requirements.
  - Providers you select and their qualifications.
  - The plan and preferred providers.
  - Your covered expenses, exclusions, reductions, and maximums or limits.
- ◆ Keep your medical records and personal information confidential.

- ◆ Get a second opinion about your provider's care recommendations.
- ◆ Make decisions with your providers about your health care.
- ◆ Make recommendations about member rights and responsibilities.
- ◆ Have a translator's assistance, if required, when calling the plan.
- ◆ Complain about or appeal plan services or decisions, or the care you receive.
- ◆ Receive:
  - All covered services and supplies also determined to be medically necessary as described in this *Certificate of Coverage*, subject to the maximums, limits, exclusions, deductibles, and coinsurance.
  - Courteous, prompt answers from the plan.
  - Timely, proper medical care without discrimination of any kind — regardless of health status or condition, sex, ethnicity, race, marital status, or religion.
  - Written explanation from the plan about any request to refund an overpayment.

As a plan member, you have the responsibility to:

- ◆ Understand your plan benefits, including what's covered, preauthorization and notification requirements, and other information described in this *Certificate of Coverage*.
- ◆ Understand how to contact the plan for additional information and assistance about any covered benefit or information described in this *Certificate of Coverage*.

- ◆ Contact the plan as soon as possible if you do not understand what is covered, if you have any questions, or if you need information.
- ◆ Confirm your provider's network status before *every* visit.
- ◆ Understand how Uniform Medical Plan coverage coordinates with other insurance coverage you may have, including Medicare.
- ◆ Enroll in Medicare Part A and Part B as soon as you are entitled.
- ◆ Comply with requests for information by the date given.
- ◆ Follow your providers' instructions about your health care.
- ◆ Give your providers complete information about your health to get the best possible care.
- ◆ Know how to access emergency care.
- ◆ Not engage in fraud or abuse in dealing with the plan or your providers.
- ◆ Participate with your providers in making decisions about your health care.
- ◆ Pay your coinsurance and deductibles promptly.
- ◆ Refund promptly any overpayment made to you or for you.
- ◆ Report to the plan any outside sources of health care coverage or payment.
- ◆ Return your completed Multiple Coverage Inquiry questionnaire you receive from the plan in a timely manner to prevent delay in claims payment.
- ◆ Use preferred providers when available.

## Information Available to You

We support the goal of giving you and your family the detailed information you need to make the best possible health care decisions. You can find the following information in this *Certificate of Coverage*:

- ◆ List of covered expenses (pages 21–42).
- ◆ Benefit exclusions, reductions, and maximums or limits (pages 57–61).
- ◆ Clear explanation of complaint and appeal procedures (pages 74–79).
- ◆ Preventive health care benefits that are covered (pages 38–39).
- ◆ Definition of terms (pages 107–121).
- ◆ Process for preauthorization, notification, or review (pages 54–55).
- ◆ Policies regarding drug coverage and how the plan adds and removes drugs from the *UMP Preferred Drug List* (pages 43–53).

You can get the following information at **[www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump)** or by calling Customer Service:

- ◆ Directory of preferred providers, including both primary care providers and specialists.
- ◆ The Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) and Uniform Glossary of Terms (UGT).
- ◆ Preferred Drug List.
- ◆ Claims history and deductible status.
- ◆ Information on the plan's care management programs.
- ◆ When the plan may retroactively deny coverage for preauthorized care.
- ◆ Notice of privacy practices (includes plan policy for protecting the confidentiality of health information; see page 73).
- ◆ Procedures to follow for consulting with providers.

- ♦ General reimbursement or payment arrangements between the plan and preferred providers.
- ♦ Description and justification for provider compensation programs, including any incentives or penalties intended to encourage providers to withhold services.
- ♦ How you can be involved in decisions about benefits.
- ♦ Accreditation information, including measures used to report the plan's performance such as consumer satisfaction survey results or Health Plan Employer Data and Information Set (HEDIS) measures.
- ♦ Documents and other materials referred to in the PEBB Program's open enrollment materials or this *Certificate of Coverage*.

You may also call Customer Service for an annual accounting of all payments made by the plan that have been counted against any payment limits, day limits, visit limits, or other limits on your coverage. The plan will provide a written summary of payments within 30 calendar days of your request. Some of this information is also available at **regence.com**.

The plan does not prevent or discourage providers from telling you about the care you require, including various treatment options and whether the provider thinks that care is consistent with the plan's coverage criteria. You may, at any time, get health care outside of plan coverage for any reason; however, you must pay for those services and supplies. In addition, the plan does not prevent or discourage you from talking about other health plans with your provider.

## Confidentiality of Your Health Information

The plan follows our *Notice of Privacy Practices*, available online at **[www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump)** or by calling Customer Service. The plan will release member health information only as described in that notice or as required or permitted by law or court order.

## Release of Information

The plan or Washington State Health Care Authority may require you to give information when needed to determine eligibility, administer benefits, or process claims. This could include medical and other records. The plan could deny coverage if you don't provide the information when requested.

# Complaint and Appeal Procedures

**For more information:** If you have any questions about appeals or complaints, you may contact us at:

## **Medical Services**

**1-888-849-3681**

Uniform Medical Plan  
PO Box 2998  
Tacoma, WA 98401-2998

## **Prescription Drugs**

**1-888-361-1611**

Washington State Rx Services  
Attn: Appeals  
PO Box 40168  
Portland, OR 97240-0168



**ALERT!** Appeals procedures may change during the year if required by federal or Washington State law.

## What Is a Complaint or Grievance?

A complaint (also known as a grievance) is an oral or written complaint submitted by or on behalf of a member regarding:

- ♦ Dissatisfaction with medical care.
- ♦ Waiting time for medical services.
- ♦ Provider or staff attitude or demeanor.
- ♦ Dissatisfaction with service provided by the health plan.

**Note:** If your issue is regarding denial of payment or nonprovision of medical services, it is an appeal; see “How to File an Appeal” on page 76.

## How to File a Complaint or Grievance

For all complaints or grievances, we recommend calling Customer Service first. Many issues can be resolved with a phone call. If an initial phone call does not resolve your grievance, you may submit your complaint or grievance:

- ♦ Over the phone: If you want a written response, you must request one.
- ♦ In writing.
- ♦ By mail, fax, or email (see contact information on page 77).

You will receive notice of the action on your written request, complaint, or grievance within 30 calendar days of our receiving it. We will notify you if we need more time to respond.

## What Is an Appeal?

An appeal is an oral or written request sent by you or your authorized representative to Regence BlueShield or Washington State Rx Services to reconsider a previous decision about:

- ♦ Claims payment, processing, or reimbursement for health care services or supplies.
- ♦ A decision to deny, modify, reduce, or terminate payment, coverage, certification, or provision of health care services or benefits, including the admission to, or continued stay in, a health care facility.
- ♦ A retroactive decision to deny coverage based on eligibility; see “Appeals Related to Eligibility” on page 79.

# The Appeals Process



**ALERT!** If your appeal is for an urgent or life-threatening condition, see “Expedited Appeals” on page 77.

You may appeal yourself, or an authorized representative (see “How to Designate an Authorized Representative” on this page) may request an appeal for you. There are three parts to the appeals process: first-level appeal, second-level appeal, and independent review.

If your request involves a decision to change, reduce, or terminate coverage for services, supplies, or prescription drugs already being covered, the plan must continue coverage for these services during your appeal. However, if the plan or the Health Care Authority upholds the decision to change, reduce, or terminate coverage, you will be responsible for any payments made by the plan during that period. If you request payment for denied claims or approval of services, supplies, or prescription drugs not yet covered by the plan, we do not have to cover the services, supplies, or prescription drugs while the appeal is under consideration.

The plan will consult with a health care professional on appeals where the plan’s decision was based in whole or in part on a medical judgment. That includes decisions based on determinations that a particular treatment, drug, or other item is experimental, investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate. In this case, the plan will consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved.

You may send written comments, documents, and any other information when you request an appeal. You may also request copies of documents the plan has that are relevant to your appeal, which the plan will provide at no cost. Our review will consider any information you or your provider submits to us.

## How to Designate an Authorized Representative



**TIP:** Because of privacy laws, the plan usually cannot share information on appeals or complaints with family members or other persons unless the patient is a minor, or the plan has received written authorization to release personal health information to the other person. If you want to authorize someone to receive your protected health information or designate a representative, you may request an *Authorization to Disclose Protected Health Information* form from Customer Service. This form must be returned to the address on the form before the plan can share information. If you are designating someone else to represent you in an appeal or complaint, the authorization form must specifically state this.

In most cases, UMP CDHP must have written authorization to communicate with anyone but the member (patient). However, a parent or legal guardian may act as a representative for a member under age 13 without written authorization, except for issues involving contraceptive use. For members age 13 to 17, a parent or legal guardian may usually act as a representative, except for certain specially protected types of information, for which the plan must receive written authorization as described below.

You may choose to authorize a representative to:

- ♦ Talk to UMP CDHP about claims or services.
- ♦ Share your protected health information.
- ♦ Handle an appeal on your behalf.

To designate an authorized representative, you must complete an *Authorization to Disclose Protected Health Information* form, available by:

For medical appeals	Calling Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 or through your <b>regence.com</b> account.
For prescription drug appeals	Calling Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611, or downloading the form at <b>www.hca.wa.gov/ump</b> .

Send the form to the address on the form. UMP CDHP cannot share information until we receive the completed form.

On the form, you must specify:

- ♦ What information may be disclosed;
- ♦ The purpose of the disclosure (for example, handling an appeal on your behalf); and
- ♦ Who is designated to receive or release the information.

## How to File an Appeal

You can send an appeal **by telephone, mail, fax, or email** (see contact information on page 77). The plan will send confirmation upon receipt of your appeal. You will also receive notice of the action on your appeal within 30 calendar days. We will ask your permission if we need more time to respond.

### *Information to Provide With an Appeal*

Your appeal will be handled more quickly if you provide all the necessary information when you file it. Please include the following information when requesting an appeal:

- ♦ The subscriber's full name (the name of the employee or retiree covered by the plan).
- ♦ The patient's full name (the name of the employee, retiree, or family member covered by the plan).
- ♦ The subscriber's ID number (starting with a "W" on your ID card).
- ♦ The name(s) of any providers involved in the issue you are appealing.
- ♦ The dates when services were provided.
- ♦ Your mailing address.
- ♦ Your daytime phone number(s).
- ♦ A statement of what the issue is and what you are asking for.
- ♦ A copy of the Explanation of Benefits, if applicable.

- ♦ Medical records from your provider, if applicable. For cases in which the denial of coverage is based on medical necessity or other clinical reasons, your provider should supply clinically relevant information such as medical records or any other relevant information along with your appeal. Because of the time limits on deciding appeals, getting this information in advance will help us make the most accurate decision on your case.

### *First-Level Appeals*

You may request a first-level appeal orally or in writing, no more than 180 days after you receive notice of the action leading to the appeal. Although you may request an appeal by phone or in person, putting your appeal in writing will help us make more informed decisions. If you don't appeal within this time period, you will not be able to continue further appeals (second-level and independent review).

First-level appeals for medical services are handled by Regence BlueShield and first-level appeals for prescription drugs are handled by Washington State Rx Services. Employees from Regence BlueShield and Washington State Rx Services handling the appeals will not have been involved in the initial decision you are appealing. Claim processing disputes will be reviewed by administrative staff. Appeals that involve issues requiring medical judgment about covering, authorizing, or providing health care will be evaluated by the staff of health care professionals at Regence BlueShield or Washington State Rx Services.



**ALERT!** Deadlines for submitting an appeal are based on the first date you are notified of how a claim processed, usually when the plan sends you an Explanation of Benefits (including services that applied to the deductible or were denied). The plan does not waive deadlines based on untimely billing by your provider.

## Second-Level Appeals

If you disagree with the decisions made on your first-level appeal, you may request a second-level appeal. Second-level appeals must be submitted no more than 180 days after the date of the letter responding to your first-level appeal. If you don't appeal within this time period, you will not be able to continue further appeals (independent review).

Second-level appeals for medical services are reviewed by a panel of Regence BlueShield employees, and second-level appeals for prescription drugs are handled by Washington State Rx Services. Employees from Regence BlueShield and Washington State Rx Services handling the appeals will not have been involved in, or subordinate to anyone involved in, the first-level decision. You, or your authorized representative (see page 75), will be given a reasonable opportunity to provide written testimony for the Regence BlueShield panel or Washington State Rx Services to consider.

## Expedited Appeals

### *Expedited Appeals for Medical Service Claims Involving Urgent Care*

There are two parts to the expedited appeals process: first-level appeal and independent review. If the plan denies coverage for services and your provider determines that taking the usual time allowed could seriously affect your life, health, or ability to regain maximum function, or would subject you to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the disputed care or treatment, ask your provider to request an expedited appeal. Regence BlueShield will decide on your expedited appeal within 72 hours of the request. Your provider must submit all clinically relevant information to the plan by phone or fax at:

**Phone: 1-888-849-3681**

**Fax: 1-877-663-7526 (providers only)**

## Expedited Appeals for Prescription Drugs

If your provider thinks that you need a medication immediately, he or she may request an expedited review. This means that Washington State Rx Services will decide regarding coverage of the drug within 72 hours of the request. In this case, you may choose to purchase a three-day supply at your own expense. If Washington State Rx Services' decision is to cover the drug, Washington State Rx will reimburse you up to the allowed amount minus the member cost-share (coinsurance and deductible if applicable). If Washington State Rx decides not to cover the drug (denies the appeal), you are responsible for the full cost of the drug.

**Phone: 1-888-361-1611**

**Fax: 1-866-923-0412**

## Where to Send Complaints or Appeals About Medical Services

**Phone:** Uniform Medical Plan

Customer Service

1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711)

Monday through Friday

7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Pacific Time

**Mail:** Uniform Medical Plan

PO Box 2998

Tacoma, WA 98401-2998

**Email:** Secure email through your account at **regence.com**

**Fax:** 1-877-663-7526

## Where to Send Complaints or Appeals About Prescription Drugs

**Washington State Rx Services**

**Attn: Appeals**

**PO Box 40168**

**Portland, OR 97240-0168**

**Phone: 1-888-361-1611**

**Fax: 1-866-923-0412**

We recommend calling first with a complaint or appeal about prescription drugs, since many problems can be resolved quickly over the phone.

## Time Limits for the Plan to Decide Appeals

The time limits below apply to both first- and second-level appeals, and are calculated from when the plan receives the appeal.

- ♦ The plan will decide on your appeal within 14 days of receipt but may take up to 30 days unless a different time limit applies as explained below. We will request written permission from you or your authorized representative (see page 75) when we need an extension to the 30-day timeline, to get medical records or a second opinion.
- ♦ When your provider determines a delay could seriously jeopardize your life, health, or ability to regain maximum function, or that delay would cause severe pain that could not be adequately managed without the care or treatment you are appealing, we will decide as soon as possible but always within 72 hours. We will notify you (or your authorized representative) of our decision verbally within 72 hours, and will mail a written notification within 72 hours of the decision.
- ♦ If the adverse benefit decision was based on the conclusion that the service, drug, or device is experimental or investigational, the appeal decision will be made within 20 business days. If a shorter time limit applies under other provisions of this *Certificate of Coverage*, the shorter time limit applies.



**ALERT!** The plan will comply with shorter time limits than those above when required by Washington State law.

## Independent Review

You may request an external or independent review *only* when the denial is based on one of the following:

- ♦ Medical necessity
- ♦ Appropriateness

- ♦ Health care setting
- ♦ Level of care
- ♦ Effectiveness of a covered benefit

If you have gone through both a first- and second-level appeal and your appeal was based on one of the issues listed above, you may request an external or independent review in the following situations:

- ♦ If the plan has exceeded the timelines for response to your appeal without good cause and without reaching a decision.
- ♦ If you are dissatisfied with the decision of your second-level appeal.
- ♦ If the plan has failed to strictly adhere to the requirements of the appeals process.

You must request an independent review no more than 180 days after the date of the letter responding to your second-level appeal. Only the member or an authorized representative (see page 75) can request an independent review.

## Independent Review for Medical Services

To request an independent review for medical services, contact the plan at:

**Uniform Medical Plan**  
**PO Box 2998**  
**Tacoma, WA 98401-2998**

**Fax: 1-877-663-7526**  
**Phone: 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711)**

Regence BlueShield will send the relevant medical information and correspondence to the Independent Review Organization.

## Independent Review for Prescription Drugs

To request an independent review for prescription drugs, contact the plan at:

**Washington State Rx Services**  
**Attn: Appeals**  
**PO Box 40168**  
**Portland, OR 97240-0168**

**Phone: 1-888-361-1611**  
**Fax: 1-866-923-0412**



**TIP:** An Independent Review Organization (IRO) will conduct the external review. An IRO is a group of medical and benefit experts certified by the Washington State Department of Health and not related to the plan, Regence BlueShield, Washington State Rx Services, or the Health Care Authority. An IRO is intended to provide unbiased, independent clinical and benefit expertise as well as evidence-based decision making while ensuring confidentiality. The IRO reviews your appeal to determine if the plan's decision is consistent with state law and the *UMP CDHP Certificate of Coverage*. The plan will pay the IRO's charges.

## Additional Legal Options

You may pursue litigation against UMP or the Health Care Authority (only after you have completed the first- and second-level or expedited appeals process as described on pages 75–77) in the following circumstances:

- ♦ Instead of requesting an independent review.
- ♦ After an independent review decision.
- ♦ When your appeal is not eligible for an independent review.

An external review determination is binding unless other remedies are available under state or federal law. If a final external review determination reverses the plan's decision and you or the plan decides to pursue other remedies available under state or federal law, the plan must provide benefits, including making payment on a claim until there is a judicial decision changing the external review determination.

## Complaints About Quality of Care

For complaints or concerns about the quality of care you received from a preferred provider, you may contact Customer Service by:

**Phone:** 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711)

**Secure email through your account at** [regence.com](http://regence.com)

Or you may contact the Washington State Department of Health regarding any provider (preferred or out-of-network) you have a concern about by:

**Phone:** 360-236-4700

**Email:** [HSQAComplaintIntake@doh.wa.gov](mailto:HSQAComplaintIntake@doh.wa.gov)

**Website:** [www.doh.wa.gov/AboutUs/DepartmentofHealth/Fileacomplaint](http://www.doh.wa.gov/AboutUs/DepartmentofHealth/Fileacomplaint)

## Appeals Related to Eligibility

Appeals related to eligibility and enrollment are handled by the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) Program and governed by

Washington Administrative Code (WAC) chapter 182-16. Information on how to file an appeal is available:

- ♦ On the PEBB website at [www.hca.wa.gov/pebb](http://www.hca.wa.gov/pebb).
- ♦ By contacting the PEBB Appeals Manager at 1-800-351-6827 or [pebappeals@hca.wa.gov](mailto:pebappeals@hca.wa.gov).

# When Another Party Is Responsible for Injury or Illness

## What Do I Need to Do?

You may receive a letter from the plan asking if your injury or illness was the result of an accident, or might be someone else's responsibility. To ensure timely payment of claims, it is important that you respond as directed in the letter, even if the answer is no. If you don't, coverage may be denied. You may call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 if you have questions.

## What Are My and the Plan's Legal Rights and Responsibilities?

Coverage under the plan is not provided for medical, dental, or vision expenses you incur for treatment of an injury or illness if the costs associated with the injury or illness may be covered by another first party insurance or may be recoverable from any of the following:

- ♦ A third party; or
- ♦ Any other source, including no fault automobile medical payments ("Med-Pay"), no fault automobile personal injury protection ("PIP"), homeowner's no-fault coverage, commercial premises no-fault medical coverage, sports policies including excess or similar contract or insurance, when the contract or insurance is either issued to, or makes benefits available to you, whether or not you make a claim under such coverage; or
- ♦ Services or supplies for work-related injury or illness, even when the service or supply

is not a covered workers' compensation benefit under the workers' compensation plan.



**ALERT!** You must respond to any communication sent to you about other sources of benefits, or claims may be denied. See "What Do I Need to Do?" on this page.

However, after expiration or exhaustion of the above not fault benefits, if you also have a potential right of recovery for illnesses or injuries from a third party who may have legal responsibility or from any other source, benefits may be advanced by the plan pending the resolution of a claim to the right of recovery if all the following conditions apply:

- ♦ By accepting or claiming benefits, you agree that the plan is entitled to reimbursement of the full amount of benefits paid out of any settlement or recovery from any source to the extent that the settlement or recovery exceeds full compensation to you for the injury or illness that you sustained. This includes any arbitration award, judgment, settlement, disputed claim settlement, underinsured or uninsured motorist payment or any other recovery related to the injury or illness for which benefits under the plan have been provided.
- ♦ The plan may choose to recover expenses through subrogation to the extent that the settlement or recovery exceeds full compensation to you for the injury or illness that you sustained. The plan is authorized, but not obligated, to recover any benefits to the extent that were paid under

the plan directly from any party liable to you, upon mailing of a written notice to the potential payer, to you or to your representative.

- ♦ The plan's rights apply without regard to the source of payment for medical expenses, whether from the proceeds of any settlement, arbitration, award, or judgment; or other characterization of the recovery by the claimant or any third party or the recovery source. The plan is entitled to reimbursement from the first dollars received from any recovery to the extent that the settlement or recovery exceeds full compensation to you for the injury or illness that you sustained. This applies regardless of whether:
  - The third party or third party's insurer admits liability;
  - The health care expenses are itemized or expressly excluded in the recovery; or
  - The recovery includes any amount (in whole or in part) for services, supplies, or accommodations covered under the plan.
- ♦ You may be required to sign and deliver all legal papers and take any other actions requested to secure the plan's rights (including an assignment of rights to pursue your claim if you fail to pursue your claim of recovery from the third party or other source). If you are asked to sign a trust/reimbursement agreement or other document to reimburse the plan from the proceeds of any recovery, you will be required to do so as a condition to advancement of any benefits. If you or your agent or attorney fail to comply during the course of the case, we may request refunds from the providers or offset future benefits.
- ♦ You must agree that nothing will be done to prejudice the plan's rights and that you will cooperate fully with the plan, including signing any documents within the required time and providing prompt notice of any settlement or other recovery. You must notify the plan of any facts that may impact the right to reimbursement or subrogation, including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
  - The filing of a lawsuit;
  - The making of a claim against any third party;
  - Scheduling of settlement negotiations in accordance with the plan (including, but not necessarily limited to, a minimum of 21 days advance notice of the date, time, location and participants to be involved in any settlement conferences or mediations); or
  - Intent of a third party to make payment of any kind to your benefit or on your behalf and that in any manner relates to the injury or illness that gives rise to the plan's right of reimbursement or subrogation (notification is required a minimum of five business days before the settlement).
- ♦ You and your agent or attorney must agree to keep segregated in its own account any recovery or payment of any kind to your benefit that in any manner relates to the injury or illness giving rise to the plan's right of reimbursement or subrogation, until the plan's right is satisfied or released.
- ♦ In the event you or your agent or attorney fails to comply with any of these conditions, any such benefits advanced for any illness or injury may be recovered through legal action to the extent that the settlement or recovery exceeds full compensation to you for the injury or illness that you sustained.
- ♦ Any benefits provided or advanced under the plan are provided solely to assist you. By paying such benefits, the plan is not waiving any right to reimbursement or subrogation.

## Services Covered by Other Insurance

The plan does not cover services that are covered by other insurance, including but not limited to no fault automobile medical payments (“Med-Pay”), no fault automobile personal injury protection (“PIP”), homeowner’s no fault coverage, commercial premises no fault medical coverage, sports policies including excess, underinsured or uninsured motorist coverage or similar contract or insurance. You are responsible for any cost-sharing required under the other coverage as allowed by state law. Once you have exhausted benefits (for example, reached the maximum medical expenses amount of the other insurance policy[ies], or services are no longer injury-related), the plan will cover services according to this certificate of coverage.

## Motor Vehicle Coverage

If you are involved in a motor vehicle accident, whether as a driver, passenger, pedestrian, or other capacity, you may have rights under multiple motor vehicle insurance no fault coverages and also against a third party who may be responsible for the accident. In that case, this right of reimbursement and subrogation provision still applies.

## Fees and Expenses

You may incur attorney’s fees and costs in connection with obtaining a recovery. We shall pay a proportional share of such attorney’s fees and costs incurred by you at the time of any settlement or recovery to otherwise reduce the amount of reimbursement paid to the plan to less than the full amount of benefits paid by the plan.

## Future Medical Expenses

Benefits for otherwise covered services may be excluded, as follows:

- ♦ When you have received a recovery from another source relating to an illness or injury for services for which we normally would provide benefits. The amount of any exclusions under this provision, however, will not exceed the amount of your recovery.
- ♦ Until the total amount excluded under this subrogation provision equals the third-party recovery.

# Eligibility and Enrollment for Active Employees

## Notice

This consumer-directed health plan (CDHP) is a qualified high-deductible health plan compatible with a Health Savings Account (HSA) under federal law. In addition to enrolling in a qualified high-deductible health plan, you must meet the eligibility requirements below to contribute to and use the funds from an HSA. UMP CDHP does not provide tax advice. If you are not eligible to have an HSA and enroll in UMP CDHP, you may be liable for tax penalties. If you have questions about whether you are eligible to have an HSA, call HealthEquity at 1-877-873-8823, or consult with a financial or tax advisor.

## Who Can Enroll in UMP CDHP With an HSA?

**NOTE:** The following rules apply to the subscriber, who is the person directly enrolled in the plan (UMP CDHP) and is an employee or retiree of the sponsoring agency. Some rules are different for spouses and dependents.

IRS rules state that to enroll in an HSA, you must:

- ♦ Have a qualified, high-deductible health plan (also called a consumer-directed health plan).
- ♦ Have no other health coverage, with certain exceptions allowed by the IRS (for example, dental, vision, long-term care, and disability coverage are allowed).

- ♦ Not be enrolled in Medicare.\*
- ♦ Not be enrolled in a flexible spending account (FSA). If you're currently enrolled in an FSA and want to enroll in UMP CDHP for 2015, you must spend all of your FSA dollars by December 31, 2014. This also would apply if your spouse has an FSA, even if you are not covering your spouse on your CDHP.
- ♦ Not be able to be claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax return.
- ♦ Not have received Veterans' Administration benefits (including prescription drugs) in the three months before your CDHP enrollment begins, or have TRICARE coverage.
- ♦ Have a limited VEBA account (if you or your spouse has VEBA).

*\*The spouse or a dependent of an employee may be enrolled in Medicare as their secondary plan. PEBB rules require subscribers and dependents enrolled in PEBB retiree insurance coverage to enroll in Medicare if eligible. Also, if you or your dependent do not enroll in Medicare Part B when first eligible, you or your dependent may have to pay a premium penalty to enroll in Part B later.*

In addition, PEBB will not allow non-Medicare retiree or COBRA subscribers who have a family member enrolled in Medicare to select the CDHP/HSA. If you are a non-Medicare retiree or COBRA subscriber with a Medicare dependent enrolled on your account, you must disenroll your Medicare dependent from your PEBB coverage to enroll in a CDHP. Your disenrolled family member will not qualify for COBRA or other continuation coverage options through the PEBB Program.

# Eligibility

## Eligible Employees

In these sections we may refer to employees as “subscribers” or “enrollees.” The employee’s employing agency will inform the employee whether or not he or she is eligible for benefits upon employment and whenever the employee’s eligibility status changes. The communication will include information about the employee’s right to appeal eligibility and enrollment decisions. Information about an employee’s right to an appeal can be found on page 93 of this *Certificate of Coverage*.

## Eligible Dependents

To enroll in a health plan a dependent must be eligible and the employee must follow the procedural requirements for enrolling the dependent. The employing agency verifies the eligibility of all dependents and requires subscribers provide documents that prove a dependent’s eligibility.

The following are eligible as dependents:

1. Lawful spouse.
2. Registered domestic partner, defined to include the following:
  - a. Effective January 1, 2010, a state-registered domestic partner; or
  - b. A domestic partner who was qualified under PEBB eligibility criteria as a domestic partner before January 1, 2010, and was continuously enrolled under the employee in a PEBB health plan or life insurance.
3. Children. Children are eligible up to age 26 except as described in subsection (i) of this section. Children are defined as the subscriber’s:
  - a. Children as defined in state statutes that establish the parent-child relationship;
  - b. Biological children, where parental rights have not been terminated;
  - c. Stepchildren The stepchild’s relationship to a subscriber (and eligibility as a PEBB dependent) ends on the same date the subscriber’s legal relationship with the spouse or registered domestic partner ends through divorce, annulment, dissolution, termination, or death;
  - d. Legally adopted children;
  - e. Children for whom the subscriber has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption of the child;
  - f. Children of the subscriber’s registered domestic partner;
  - g. Children specified in a court order or divorce decree;
  - h. Extended dependents in the legal custody or legal guardianship of the subscriber, the subscriber’s spouse, or subscriber’s registered domestic partner. The legal responsibility is demonstrated by a valid court order and the child’s official residence with the custodian or guardian. “Children” does not include foster children for whom support payments are made to the subscriber through the state Department of Social and Health Services foster care program; and
  - i. Children of any age with a developmental disability or physical handicap that renders the child incapable of self-sustaining employment and chiefly dependent upon the subscriber for support and maintenance provided such condition occurs before age 26.
    - ♦ The subscriber must provide evidence of the disability and evidence that the condition occurred before age 26.
    - ♦ The subscriber must notify the PEBB Program in writing when his or her dependent is not eligible under this section. The notification must be received by the PEBB Program no

later than 60 days after the date that a child age 26 or older no longer qualifies under this subsection.

- ♦ A child with a disability or physical handicap who becomes self-supporting is not eligible as of the last day of the month in which he or she becomes capable of self-support.
- ♦ A child with a developmental disability or physical handicap age 26 and older who becomes capable of self-support does not regain eligibility under (i) of this subsection if he or she later becomes incapable of self-support;
- ♦ The PEBB Program will verify the disability and dependency of children with disabilities periodically, but no more frequently than annually after the two-year period following the child's 26th birthday.



**ALERT!** Don't forget to notify your employer of changes in dependent status. You may be required to pay for services received by ineligible dependents.

#### 4. Parents.

- a. Parents covered under a PEBB medical plan before July 1, 1990, may continue enrollment on a self-pay basis as long as all of the following are met:
  - ♦ The parent maintains continuous enrollment in a PEBB medical plan;
  - ♦ The parent qualifies under the Internal Revenue Code as a dependent of the subscriber;
  - ♦ The subscriber continues enrollment in PEBB insurance coverage; and
  - ♦ The parent is not covered by any other group medical plan.
- b. Parents eligible under this subsection may be enrolled with a different medical plan than that selected by the subscriber. Parents may not enroll additional dependents to their insurance coverage.

## Enrollment



**TIP:** When you retire, be sure to enroll in PEBB retiree coverage within 60 days of your retirement date. Retirees may defer medical coverage if they have other employment that provides employer-based group medical insurance. If you do not enroll or formally defer PEBB coverage within 60 days of retirement, you will not be able to return to PEBB coverage later.

An employee or dependent is eligible to enroll in only one PEBB medical plan even if eligibility criteria are met under two or more subscribers. For example, a dependent child who is eligible for enrollment under two or more parents working for employers that participate in PEBB coverage may be enrolled as a dependent under one parent, but not more than one.

Employees may waive enrollment in a PEBB medical plan if they are enrolled in other employer-based group medical insurance. If an employee waives enrollment in a PEBB medical plan, the employee cannot enroll eligible dependents.

## How to Enroll



**ALERT!** Subscribers may change health plans at the following times:

- **During annual open enrollment:** Subscribers may change health plans during the annual open enrollment; see page 87.
- **During a special open enrollment:** Subscribers may change health plans outside of the annual open enrollment if a special open enrollment event occurs; see pages 87–90.

Employees must submit an *Employee Enrollment/Change* form to their employing agency. The form must be received by the employing agency no later than 31 days after the date the employee becomes eligible. To enroll an eligible dependent, the employee must include the dependent's enrollment

information on the form and provide the required document(s) as evidence of the dependent's eligibility. The dependent will not be enrolled if his or her eligibility is not verified. If the employee does not return the *Employee Enrollment/Change* form in time to meet the procedural requirements, the employee will be enrolled in the Uniform Medical Plan Classic, and any eligible dependents cannot be enrolled until the next open enrollment.

An employee or his or her dependents may enroll during the annual open enrollment (see "Annual Open Enrollment" on page 87) or during a special open enrollment (see "Special Open Enrollment" on page 87). The employee must provide evidence of the event that created the special open enrollment.



**ALERT!** Failure to notify your payroll office or PEBB of changes in status affecting eligibility may result in termination of coverage. You are responsible for the cost of any services received when you or your dependent(s) were ineligible.

**Employees are required to notify their employing agency to remove dependents** no later than 60 days from the last day of the month when dependents no longer meet the eligibility criteria described under Eligible Dependents. Consequences for not submitting notice within 60 days may include, but are not limited to:

- ♦ The dependent may lose eligibility to continue health plan coverage under one of the continuation coverage options described on page 92;
- ♦ The subscriber may be billed for claims paid by the health plan for services that were rendered after the dependent lost eligibility;
- ♦ The subscriber may not be able to recover subscriber-paid insurance premiums for dependents that lost their eligibility; and

- ♦ The subscriber may be responsible for premiums paid by the state for the dependent's health plan coverage after the dependent lost eligibility.



**TIP:** Keeping your address and other personal information up-to-date helps ensure that you receive important notices about your benefits. If your address or name changes:

- Employees should notify their personnel, payroll, or benefits office as soon as possible.
- Retirees (and other self-pay enrollees) should contact PEBB Customer Service at 1-800-200-1004.

## When Medical Enrollment Begins

For an employee and the employee's eligible dependent, enrolled when the employee is newly eligible, medical plan enrollment will begin the first day of the month following the day the employee became eligible. If the employee becomes eligible on the first working day of the month, coverage will begin on that date.

For an employee or an employee's eligible dependent enrolled during the PEBB Program's annual open enrollment, medical coverage will begin on January 1 of the following year.

For an employee or an employee's eligible dependent enrolled during a special open enrollment, medical coverage will begin the first day of the month following the later of the event date or the date the form is received. If that date is the first of the month, the change in enrollment begins on that day.

Exceptions:

1. If the special open enrollment is due to the birth or adoption of a child, or when the subscriber has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption of a child, medical plan coverage will begin the month in which the event occurs.

2. If adding a child who becomes eligible as an extended dependent through legal custody or legal guardianship, or a child who becomes eligible as a dependent with a developmental disability or physical handicap, medical coverage will begin on the first day of the month following eligibility certification.

## Annual Open Enrollment

Subscribers may make a change to their enrollment during the PEBB Program's annual open enrollment as follows:

- ♦ Enroll in or waive his or her enrollment in a medical plan;
- ♦ Enroll or remove eligible dependents; or
- ♦ Change medical plan choice.

The employee must submit the appropriate enrollment/change form to his or her employing agency. The form must be received no later than the last day of the annual open enrollment (usually November 30). The enrollment change will become effective January 1 of the following year.

## Special Open Enrollment



**TIP:** You may be eligible to change medical plans if you move during the calendar year. See the list of special open enrollment events beginning below for details.

Employees may change their enrollment outside of the annual open enrollment if a special open enrollment event occurs. However, the change in enrollment must be allowable under Internal Revenue Code and correspond to and be consistent with the event that creates the special open enrollment for the employee, the employee's dependent, or both. The special open enrollment may allow an employee to:

- ♦ Enroll in or change his or her health plan,
- ♦ Waive his or her health plan enrollment, or
- ♦ Enroll or remove eligible dependents.

To make an enrollment change, the employee must submit the appropriate form(s) to his or her employing agency. The form(s) must be received no later than 60 days after the event that created the special open enrollment. In addition to the appropriate forms, the PEBB Program or employing agency may require the employee to prove eligibility or provide evidence of the event that created the special open enrollment.



**ALERT!** See "Adding a New Dependent to Your Coverage" on page 36.

**Exception:** If an employee wants to enroll a newborn or child whom the employee has adopted or has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption, the employee should notify his or her employer by submitting an enrollment form as soon as possible to ensure timely payment of claims. If adding the child increases the premium, the required enrollment/change form must be received no later than 12 months after the date of the birth, adoption, or the date the legal obligation is assumed for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption. Employees should contact their personnel, payroll, or benefits office to get the required forms.



**ALERT!** If an enrollee's provider or health care facility discontinues participation with this plan, the enrollee may not change medical plans until the next open enrollment period, unless the PEBB Appeals Manager determines that a continuity of care issue exists. The plan cannot guarantee that any one physician, hospital, or other provider will be available or remain under contract with us. Also, if an employee transfers from one employing agency to another during the year, the enrollee cannot change medical plans, except as outlined in this Enrollment section beginning on page 85.

## ***When can an employee change his or her health plan?***

Any one of the following events may create a special open enrollment:

1. Employee acquires a new dependent due to:
  - a. Marriage or registering a domestic partnership,
  - b. Birth, adoption or when the employee assumes a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption,
  - c. A child becomes eligible as an extended dependent through legal custody or legal guardianship, or
  - d. A child becomes eligible as a dependent with a disability.
2. Employee or an employee's dependent loses other coverage under a group health plan or through health insurance coverage, as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);
3. Employee or an employee's dependent has a change in employment status that affects the employee's or the employee's dependent's eligibility for the employer contribution toward employer-based group health insurance;
4. Employee or an employee's dependent has a change in residence that affects health plan availability. If the employee moves and the employee's current health plan is not available in the new location the employee must select a new health plan;
5. A court order or National Medical Support Notice requires the employee or any other individual to provide insurance coverage for an eligible dependent of the employee (a former spouse or former registered domestic partner is not an eligible dependent);
6. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicaid or a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or the subscriber or the subscriber's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or CHIP.
7. Employee or an employee's dependent becomes eligible for a state premium assistance subsidy for PEBB health plan coverage from Medicaid or a CHIP;
8. Employee or an employee's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicare, or the subscriber or a subscriber's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicare, or enrolls in or cancels enrollment in a Medicare Part D plan. If the employee's current health plan becomes unavailable due to the employee's or an employee's dependent's entitlement to Medicare, the employee must select a new health plan;
9. Employee or an employee's dependent's current health plan becomes unavailable because the employee or enrolled dependent is no longer eligible for a health savings account (HSA);
10. Employee or an employee's dependent experiences a disruption of care that could function as a reduction in benefits for the employee or the employee's dependent for a specific condition or ongoing course of treatment. The employee may not change his or her health plan election if the employee's or dependent's physician stops participation with the employee's health plan unless the PEBB Program determines that a continuity of care issue exists. The PEBB Program will consider but is not limited to considering the following:
  - a. Active cancer treatment such as chemotherapy or radiation therapy for up to 90 days or until medically stable; or
  - b. Transplant within the last 12 months; or
  - c. Scheduled surgery within the next 60 days (elective procedures within the next 60 days do not qualify for this continuity of care); or

- d. Recent major surgery still within the postoperative period; or
- e. Third trimester of pregnancy.

**Note:** If an enrollee's provider or health care facility discontinues participation with UMP CDHP, the enrollee may not change medical plans until the next open enrollment period, unless the PEBB Program determines that a continuity of care issue exists. UMP CDHP cannot guarantee that any one physician, hospital, or other provider will be available or remain under contract with us.

### ***When can an employee waive his or her medical plan enrollment, or enroll after waiving enrollment?***

Any one of the following events may create a special open enrollment:

1. Employee acquires a new dependent due to:
  - a. Marriage or registering a domestic partnership,
  - b. Birth, adoption or when the employee has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption,
  - c. A child becoming eligible as an extended dependent through legal custody or legal guardianship, or
  - d. A child becoming eligible as a dependent with a disability.
2. Employee or an employee's dependent loses other coverage under a group health plan or through health insurance coverage, as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);
3. Employee or an employee's dependent has a change in employment status that affects the employee's or employee's dependent's eligibility for their employer contribution toward employer-based group medical insurance;

4. Employee or an employee's dependent has a change in enrollment under another employer-based group medical insurance plan during its annual open enrollment that does not align with the PEBB program's annual open enrollment;
5. Employee's dependent has a change in residence from outside of the United States to within the United States, or from within the United States to outside of the United States;
6. A court order or National Medical Support Notice requires the employee or any other individual to provide insurance coverage for an eligible dependent of the employee (a former spouse or former registered domestic partner is not an eligible dependent);
7. Employee or an employee's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicaid or a state CHIP, or the employee or an employee's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or CHIP;
8. Employee or an employee's eligible dependent becomes eligible for a state premium assistance subsidy for PEBB health plan coverage from Medicaid or a state CHIP.

### ***When can an employee enroll or remove eligible dependents?***

To enroll a dependent, the employee must include the dependent's enrollment information and provide any required document(s) as evidence of the dependent's eligibility. The dependent will not be enrolled if his or her eligibility is not verified. Any one of the following events may create a special open enrollment:

1. Employee acquires a new dependent due to:
  - a. Marriage or registering a domestic partnership,
  - b. Birth, adoption or when an employee has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption,

- c. A child becoming eligible as an extended dependent through legal custody or legal guardianship, or
  - d. A child becoming eligible as a dependent with a disability.
- 2. Employee or an employee's dependent loses other coverage under a group health plan or through health insurance coverage, as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);
- 3. Employee or an employee's dependent has a change in employment status that affects the employee's or employee's dependent's eligibility for their employer contribution toward employer-based group health insurance;
- 4. Employee or an employee's dependent has a change in enrollment under another employer-based group health insurance plan during its annual open enrollment that does not align with the PEBB Program's annual open enrollment;
- 5. Employee's dependent has a change in residence from outside of the United States to within the United States, or from within the United States to outside of the United States;
- 6. A court order or National Medical Support Notice requires the employee or any other individual to provide insurance coverage for an eligible dependent of the employee (a former spouse or former registered domestic partner is not an eligible dependent);
- 7. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicaid or a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or the subscriber or a subscriber's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or a CHIP.
- 8. Employee or an employee's dependent becomes eligible for state premium assistance subsidy for PEBB health plan coverage from Medicaid or a state CHIP.

## National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) or Court Order

When an NMSN or court order requires a subscriber to provide health plan coverage for a dependent child the following provisions apply:

- 1. The subscriber may enroll his or her dependent child and request changes to his or her health plan coverage as described under subsection three of this section. Employees submit the required forms to their employing agency. All other subscribers submit the required forms to the PEBB Program.
- 2. If the subscriber fails to request enrollment or health plan coverage changes as directed by the NMSN or court order, the employing agency or the PEBB Program may make enrollment or health plan coverage changes according to subsection three of this section upon request of:
  - a. The child's other parent; or
  - b. Child support enforcement program.
- 3. Changes to health plan coverage or enrollment are allowed as directed by the NMSN or court order:
  - a. The dependent will be enrolled under the subscriber's health plan coverage as directed by the NMSN or court order;
  - b. An employee who has waived medical will be enrolled in medical as directed by the NMSN or court order, in order to enroll the dependent;
  - c. The subscriber's selected health plan will be changed if directed by the NMSN or court order;
  - d. If the dependent is already enrolled under another PEBB subscriber, the dependent will be removed from the other health plan coverage and enrolled as directed by the NMSN or court order.

4. Changes to health plan coverage or enrollment described in subsection (3)(a) through (c) of this section will begin the first day of the month following receipt of the NMSN or court order. If the NMSN or court order is received on the first day of the month, the change to health plan coverage or enrollment begins on that day. A dependent will be removed from the subscriber's health plan coverage as described in subsection (3)(d) of this section the last day of the month the NMSN or court order is received. If that day is the first of the month, the change in enrollment will be made the last day of the previous month.

## Medicare Entitlement



**TIP:** Retirees, permanently disabled employees, and eligible dependents must enroll in Medicare Part A and Part B if entitled.

If an enrollee becomes entitled to Medicare, he or she should contact the nearest Social Security Administration office to ask about the advantages of immediate or deferred Medicare enrollment.

For employees and their enrolled spouses age 65 and older, the PEBB medical plan will provide primary insurance coverage, and Medicare coverage will be secondary. However, employees age 65 and older may choose to reject his or her PEBB medical plan and choose Medicare as their primary insurer. If an employee does so, the employee cannot enroll in a PEBB medical plan. The employee can again enroll in a PEBB medical plan during a special open enrollment or annual open enrollment. However, the employee must remain enrolled in PEBB dental, life and long-term disability insurance coverage.

In most situations, employees and their spouses can elect to defer Medicare Part B enrollment, without penalty, up to the date the employee terminates employment. If Medicare entitlement is due to disability, the enrollee must

contact Medicare about deferral of premiums. Upon retirement, Medicare will become the primary insurance, and the PEBB medical plan becomes secondary.

Medicare guidelines direct that state-registered domestic partners who are age 65 or older must have Medicare as their primary insurer.

## When Medical Enrollment Ends



**TIP:** If your coverage under this plan ends, you must pay the costs of any services or supplies, except when coverage is required by law.

Medical plan enrollment ends on the following dates:

1. On the last day of the month when any individual ceases to be eligible for PEBB insurance coverage.
2. On the date a plan terminates, if that should occur. Any person losing coverage will be given the opportunity to enroll in another PEBB medical plan.

Premium payments are not prorated if an enrollee dies or asks to cancel his or her medical plan before the end of the month.

If an enrollee or newborn eligible for benefits under "Obstetric and Newborn Care" is confined in a hospital or skilled nursing facility for which benefits are provided when PEBB medical coverage ends and the enrollee is not immediately covered by other health plan coverage, employer contribution to insurance coverage will be extended until whichever of the following occurs first:

- ♦ The enrollee is discharged from the hospital or from a hospital to which the enrollee is directly transferred;
- ♦ The enrollee is discharged from a skilled nursing facility when directly transferred from a hospital when the skilled nursing facility confinement is in lieu of hospitalization;
- ♦ The enrollee is discharged from the skilled nursing facility or from a skilled nursing

facility to which the enrollee is directly transferred;

- ♦ The enrollee is covered by another health plan that will provide benefits for the services; or
- ♦ Benefits are exhausted.

When medical plan enrollment ends, the enrollee may be eligible for continuation of coverage or conversion to other health plan coverage if application is made within the timelines explained in the following sections.

The enrollee is responsible for timely payment of premiums. If the enrollee's insurance coverage is canceled due to lack of payment, the enrollee's eligibility to participate in PEBB medical coverage will end.

An enrollee who needs help getting the required forms for an enrollment or benefit change may contact the employing agency.



**TIP:** When your coverage under this plan ends, you are responsible for letting your providers know when you receive services. If you do not tell your provider your enrollment has ended and he or she bills the plan for services you receive, the plan will deny all claims.

## Options for Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage

Employees and their dependents covered by this health plan have options for continuing insurance coverage during temporary or permanent loss of eligibility. There are four possible continuation coverage options for PEBB health plan enrollees:

1. COBRA
2. PEBB Extension of Coverage
3. Leave Without Pay (LWOP) Coverage
4. PEBB retiree insurance coverage

The first three options temporarily extend group insurance coverage in some cases when

the subscriber or dependent's PEBB medical plan coverage ends. COBRA coverage is governed by eligibility and administrative requirements in federal law and regulation. PEBB Extension of Coverage is an alternative created for PEBB enrollees who are not eligible for COBRA. LWOP coverage is an alternative in specific situations.

The fourth option above is only available to retiring employees and surviving dependents who meet eligibility and procedural requirements.

All four options are administered by the PEBB Program. Refer to the *PEBB Continuation of Coverage Election Notice* booklet or the *PEBB Retiree Enrollment Guide* for specific details or call PEBB Customer Service at 1-800-200-1004.

Employees also have the right of conversion to individual medical insurance coverage when continuation of group medical insurance coverage is no longer possible. The employee's dependents also have options for continuing insurance coverage for themselves after losing eligibility.

## Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993

Employees on approved leave under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) may continue to receive the employer contribution toward insurance coverage in accordance with the federal FMLA. The employee's employing agency determines if the employee is eligible for leave and the duration of the leave under FMLA. The employee must continue to pay the employee premium contribution during this period to maintain eligibility. If the employee's contribution toward premiums is more than 60 days delinquent, insurance coverage will end as of the last day of the month for which a full premium was paid.

If an employee exhausts the period of leave approved under FMLA, insurance coverage may be continued by self-paying the full premium set by the HCA, with no contribution from the employer while on approved leave. For additional information on continuation of coverage, see the section titled “Options for Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage.”

## Payment of Premium During a Labor Dispute

Any employee or dependent whose monthly premiums are paid in full or in part by the employer may pay premiums directly to UMP CDHP or the HCA if the employee’s compensation is suspended or canceled directly or indirectly as a result of a strike, lockout, or any other labor dispute for a period not to exceed six months.

While the employee’s compensation is suspended or canceled, the employee shall be notified immediately by the HCA by mail addressed to the last address of record with the HCA, that the employee may pay premiums as they become due as provided in this section.

## Conversion of Coverage

Enrollees have the right to switch from PEBB group medical coverage to an individual conversion plan offered through Regence BlueShield to UMP CDHP members when they are no longer able to continue the PEBB group medical plan, and are not eligible for Medicare or another group insurance coverage that provides benefits for hospital or medical care. Enrollees must apply for conversion coverage no later than 31 days after their group medical plan ends or within 31 days from the date notice of the termination of coverage is received, whichever is later.

Evidence of insurability (proof of good health) is not required to obtain the conversion coverage. The rates, coverage and eligibility requirements of our conversion program

differ from those of the enrollee’s current group medical plan. Enrollment in a conversion program may limit the enrollee’s ability to later purchase an individual medical plan without health screening or a preexisting condition waiting period. To receive detailed information on conversion options under this medical plan, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## Appeals of Determinations of PEBB Eligibility

Any employee of a state agency and his or her dependent may appeal a decision by the employing state agency about PEBB eligibility or enrollment to the employing agency.

Any employee of an employer group or his or her dependent may appeal a decision made by an employer group regarding PEBB eligibility or enrollment to the employer group.

Any enrollee may appeal a decision made by the PEBB Program regarding eligibility, enrollment, or premium payments to the PEBB appeals committee.

Any enrollee may appeal a decision regarding administration of a PEBB medical plan by following the appeal provisions of the plan, except when regarding eligibility, enrollment, and premium payment determinations.

## Relationship to Law and Regulations

Any provision of this *Certificate of Coverage* that is in conflict with any governing law or regulation of the state of Washington is hereby amended to comply with the minimum requirements of such law or regulation.

# Eligibility and Enrollment for Retirees and Surviving Dependents



**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** See the “Notice” section on page 83 for details on who may enroll in UMP CDHP.

## Eligibility

In these sections we may also refer to retirees and surviving dependents as “subscribers” or “enrollees.”

The Public Employee’s Benefits Board (PEBB) Program will determine if an employee is eligible to enroll in retiree insurance coverage when it receives a completed *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form. If the employee does not have substantive eligibility or does not meet the procedural requirements for enrollment in retiree insurance, the PEBB Program will notify the employee of his or her right to an appeal. Information about appealing a decision made by the PEBB Program can be found on page 103 of this *Certificate of Coverage*.

The PEBB Program will determine if a dependent is eligible to continue enrollment in insurance coverage as a surviving dependent when it receives a completed *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form. If the dependent does not have substantive eligibility or does not meet the procedural requirements for enrollment in retiree insurance, the PEBB Program will notify the dependent of his or her right to an appeal. Information about appealing a decision made by the PEBB Program can be found on page 103 of this *Certificate of Coverage*.

**Retirees, surviving dependents, and their enrolled dependents, are required to enroll in Medicare Part A and Part B if entitled.** Enrollees who are entitled to Medicare must enroll and maintain enrollment in Medicare Part A and Part B. This is a condition of their enrollment. Enrollees must provide a copy of their Medicare card to the PEBB Program as proof of enrollment in Medicare. If an enrollee is not entitled to either Medicare Part A or Part B on his or her 65th birthday, the enrollee must provide the PEBB Program with a copy of the appropriate documentation from the Social Security Administration. The only exception to this rule is for employees who retired before July 1, 1991.

## Eligible Dependents

To be enrolled in a medical plan, a dependent must be eligible and the subscriber must follow the procedural requirements described in the “Enrollment” section beginning on page 96.

The PEBB Program verifies the eligibility of all dependents and requires documents from subscribers that prove a dependent’s eligibility.

The following are eligible as dependents:

1. Lawful spouse.
2. Registered domestic partner, defined to include the following:
  - a. Effective January 1, 2010, a state-registered domestic partner; or
  - b. A domestic partner who was qualified under PEBB eligibility criteria as a domestic partner before January 1, 2010, and was continuously

enrolled under the subscriber in a PEBB health plan or life insurance.

3. Children. Children are eligible up to age 26 except as described in subsection (i) of this section. Children are defined as the subscriber's:

- a. Children as defined in state statutes that establish the parent-child relationship;
- b. Biological children, where parental rights have not been terminated;
- c. Stepchildren The stepchild's relationship to a subscriber (and eligibility as a PEBB dependent) ends on the same date the subscriber's legal relationship with the spouse or registered domestic partner ends through divorce, annulment, dissolution, termination, or death;
- d. Legally adopted children;
- e. Children for whom the subscriber has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption of the child;
- f. Children of the subscriber's registered domestic partner;
- g. Children specified in a court order or divorce decree
- h. Extended dependents in the legal custody or legal guardianship of the subscriber, the subscriber's spouse, or subscriber's registered domestic partner. The legal responsibility is demonstrated by a valid court order and the child's official residence with the custodian or guardian. "Children" does not include foster children for whom support payments are made to the subscriber through the state Department of Social and Health Services foster care program; and
- i. Children of any age with a developmental disability or physical handicap that renders the child incapable of

self-sustaining employment and chiefly dependent upon the subscriber for support and maintenance provided such condition occurs before age 26.

- ♦ The subscriber must provide evidence of the disability and evidence that the condition occurred before age 26.
- ♦ The subscriber must notify the PEBB Program in writing when his or her dependent is not eligible under this section. The notification must be received by the PEBB Program no later than 60 days after the date that a child age 26 or older no longer qualifies under this subsection.
- ♦ A child with a disability or physical handicap who becomes self-supporting is not eligible as of the last day of the month in which he or she becomes capable of self-support.
- ♦ A child with a developmental disability or physical handicap age 26 and older who becomes capable of self-support does not regain eligibility under (i) of this subsection if he or she later becomes incapable of self-support;
- ♦ The PEBB Program will verify the disability and dependency of children with disabilities periodically, but no more frequently than annually after the two-year period following the child's 26th birthday.



**ALERT!** Notify the PEBB Program at 1-800-200-1004 as soon as possible of changes in dependent status. You may be required to pay for services received by ineligible dependents.

4. Parents.

- a. Parents covered under a PEBB medical plan before July 1, 1990, may continue enrollment on a self-pay basis as long as all of the following are met:
  - ♦ The parent maintains continuous enrollment in a PEBB medical plan;

- ♦ The parent qualifies under the Internal Revenue Code as a dependent of the subscriber;
  - ♦ The subscriber continues enrollment in insurance coverage; and
  - ♦ The parent is not covered by any other group medical plan.
- b. Parents eligible under this subsection may be enrolled with a different medical plan than that selected by the subscriber. Parents may not enroll additional dependents to their insurance coverage.

## Enrollment

### Deferring Enrollment in PEBB Retiree Coverage

Retiring employees and surviving dependents (except for survivors of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty) who want to defer enrollment must submit a *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form to the PEBB Program. The forms must be received by the PEBB Program no later than 60 days after the employer-paid or COBRA coverage ends. If a retiree defers enrollment in a PEBB medical plan, they also defer enrollment for all eligible dependents. Retiring employees and surviving dependents that do not enroll in a PEBB medical plan are only eligible to enroll later if they have deferred enrollment as identified below:

- ♦ Beginning January 1, 2001, retirees may defer enrollment in a PEBB medical plan if they are enrolled in employer-based group medical insurance as an employee or the dependent of an employee, or such medical insurance continued under COBRA.
- ♦ Beginning January 1, 2001, retirees may defer enrollment in a PEBB medical plan if they are enrolled in medical as a retiree or the dependent of a retiree enrolled in a federal retiree plan.
- ♦ Beginning January 1, 2006, retirees may defer enrollment in a PEBB medical plan

if they are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B and a Medicaid program that includes payment of medical and hospital benefits.

- ♦ Beginning January 1, 2014, retirees who are not eligible for Part A and Part B of Medicare may defer enrollment in a PEBB medical plan if they are enrolled in coverage through a health care exchange developed under the Affordable Care Act.

To defer enrollment, the retiree or surviving dependent must submit a *PEBB Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form to the PEBB Program indicating his or her desire to defer enrolling in a PEBB medical plan within the PEBB Program's required enrollment time limits. Exception: A retiree who defers while enrolled as an employee or as a dependent of an employee in a PEBB or Washington State K-12 school district-sponsored health plan does not need to submit a *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form.

If a retiree or surviving dependent defers enrollment in a PEBB retiree medical plan, enrollment must also be deferred for PEBB dental.

Enrollees can enroll in only one PEBB medical plan even if eligibility criteria are met under two or more subscribers.

**Note:** PEBB retiree health plan enrollment is automatically deferred if a retiree becomes newly eligible for PEBB benefits as a new employee and enrolls in a PEBB medical plan.

### How to Enroll

Retirees and surviving dependents must submit a *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form to enroll in or defer enrollment in PEBB retiree insurance coverage. The form must be received no later than 60 days after the date they become eligible to enroll. Surviving dependents of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty must submit a *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form no later than 180 days

after the later of the date of the letter from the Department of Retirement Systems or the Board for Volunteer Firefighters and Reserve Officers or the date of the employee's death, or the last day the surviving dependent was covered under a health plan or COBRA through the emergency service employee's employer. If a retiree or surviving dependent(s) cancels his or her PEBB retiree insurance coverage, he or she is not eligible to enroll at a later date unless enrollment was deferred.

To enroll a dependent the subscriber must include the dependent's enrollment information and provide any required document(s) as evidence of the dependent's eligibility. The PEBB Program will not enroll or reenroll dependents if the PEBB Program is unable to verify a dependent's eligibility.

A subscriber may enroll his or her dependents during the PEBB annual open enrollment (see Annual Open Enrollment section below) or during a special open enrollment (see Special Open Enrollment section below). The subscriber must provide evidence of the event that created the special open enrollment.

Subscribers are required to remove dependents no later than 60 days from the last day of the month when the dependent no longer meets the eligibility criteria described under "Eligible Dependents" on page 94 of this booklet. Consequences for not submitting notice within 60 days may include, but are not limited to:

- ♦ The dependent may lose eligibility to continue medical plan coverage under one of the continuation coverage options described on page 102 of this booklet;
- ♦ The subscriber may be billed for services received after the dependent lost eligibility;
- ♦ The subscriber may not be able to recover subscriber-paid insurance premiums for dependents that lost their eligibility; and
- ♦ The subscriber may be responsible for premiums paid by the state for the

dependent's medical plan coverage after the dependent lost eligibility.

## When Medical Coverage Begins



**ALERT!** See "Adding a New Dependent to Your Coverage" on page 36.

For eligible employees and their dependents enrolling in PEBB retiree insurance coverage within 60 days of the employee's employer-paid or COBRA coverage ending, medical coverage begins on the first day of the month following the loss of employer-paid or COBRA coverage. For a retiree who deferred enrollment and is enrolling in PEBB retiree insurance no later than 60 days following a loss of other coverage, medical coverage will begin the first day of the month following the loss of other coverage.

For an eligible surviving dependent, medical coverage will be continued without a gap subject to payment of premium.

For a retiree's or surviving dependent's dependent enrolled during the PEBB annual open enrollment, medical coverage will begin on January 1 of the following year.

For a retiree's or surviving dependent's dependent enrolled during a special open enrollment, medical coverage will begin the first of the month following the later of the event date or the date the form is received. If that day is the first of the month, the change in enrollment begins on that day.

### Exceptions:

- ♦ If the special open enrollment is due to the birth or adoption of a child, or when the subscriber has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption of a child, medical plan coverage will begin the month in which the event occurs.
- ♦ If adding a child who becomes eligible as an extended dependent through legal

custody or legal guardianship, or a child who becomes eligible as a dependent with a disability, medical coverage will begin on the first day of the month following eligibility certification.



**TIP:** Retirees should notify PEBB Customer Service at 1-800-200-1004 of address, name, or other changes as soon as possible. This helps ensure that you receive important information about your UMP CDHP benefits and helps us serve you better.

## Enrollment Following Deferral

Retirees or surviving dependents who defer enrollment may enroll in a PEBB medical plan during the annual open enrollment or no later than 60 days after the date their enrollment in employer-based group medical insurance ends as long as they were continuously enrolled in such coverage. Retirees or surviving dependents who defer enrollment while enrolled in a federal retiree plan as a retiree or dependent will have a one-time opportunity to enroll in a PEBB medical plan during the PEBB annual open enrollment period or no later than 60 days after their enrollment in a medical plan under the federal retiree plan ends as long as they were continuously enrolled in a medical plan.

Retirees or surviving dependents who defer enrollment while covered under a Medicaid program that provides creditable coverage may enroll in a PEBB medical plan during the PEBB annual open enrollment period or no later than 60 days after their Medicaid coverage ends or no later than the end of the calendar year when their Medicaid coverage ends if they were also eligible under subsidized Medicare Part D.

Retirees or surviving dependents who defer enrollment while enrolled in coverage through a health care exchange developed under the Affordable Care Act will have a one-time opportunity to enroll or reenroll in a PEBB

medical plan during the PEBB annual open enrollment period or no later than 60 days after exchange coverage ends by submitting the required forms and evidence of continuous enrollment in exchange coverage to the PEBB Program.

Retirees or surviving dependents who defer enrollment may enroll in a PEBB health plan if he or she receives formal notice that the HCA has determined it is more cost-effective to enroll in PEBB medical than a medical assistance program.

To enroll in a PEBB medical plan, the retiree or surviving dependent must send a *Retiree Coverage Election/Change* form and evidence of continuous enrollment to the PEBB Program.

Retirees and surviving dependents should contact the PEBB Program to obtain the appropriate forms, information on premiums, and available medical plans.

## Annual Open Enrollment

Subscribers may make a change to their enrollment during the PEBB annual open enrollment as follows:

- ♦ Enroll in or defer his or her enrollment in a medical plan;
- ♦ Enroll or remove eligible dependents; or
- ♦ Change medical plan choice.

## Special Open Enrollment



**TIP:** You may be eligible to change medical plans if you move during the calendar year. See "When may a subscriber change his or her health plan?" on page 99 for a list of special open enrollment events.

Subscribers may change their enrollment outside of the annual open enrollment if a special open enrollment event occurs. However, the change in enrollment must correspond to and be consistent with the event that creates the special open enrollment for the subscriber or the subscriber's dependent.

**Exception:** A retiree or surviving dependent may cancel a dependent's enrollment at any time. Retirees or surviving dependents who have deferred their PEBB retiree insurance coverage may only enroll as described in the "Enrollment Following Deferral" section.

To make an enrollment change, the subscriber must submit the required form(s) to the PEBB Program. The forms must be received no later than 60 days after the event that created the special open enrollment. In addition to the required forms, the PEBB Program will require the subscriber to prove eligibility or provide evidence of the event that created the special open enrollment.

**Exception:** If a subscriber wants to enroll a newborn or child whom the subscriber has adopted or has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption, the subscriber should notify the PEBB Program by submitting an enrollment form as soon as possible to ensure timely payment of claims. If adding the child increases the premium, the required enrollment/change form must be received no later than 12 months after the date of the birth, adoption, or the date the legal obligation is assumed for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption.

### ***When may a subscriber change his or her health plan?***

Any one of the following events may create a special open enrollment:

1. Subscriber acquires a new dependent due to:
  - a. Marriage or registering a domestic partnership,
  - b. Birth, adoption or when the subscriber has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption,
  - c. A child becoming eligible as an extended dependent through legal custody or legal guardianship, or
  - d. A child becoming eligible as a dependent with a disability.
2. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent loses other coverage under a group health plan or through health insurance coverage, as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);
3. Subscriber or the subscriber's dependent has a change in employment status that affects the subscriber's or the subscriber's dependent's eligibility for the employer contribution toward employer-based group health insurance;
4. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent has a change in residence that affects health plan availability. If the subscriber moves and the subscriber's current health plan is not available in the new location the subscriber must select a new health plan.
5. A court order or National Medical Support Notice requires the subscriber or any other individual to provide insurance coverage for an eligible dependent of the subscriber (a former spouse or former registered domestic partner is not an eligible dependent);
6. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicaid or a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or the subscriber or the subscriber's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or a CHIP;
7. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes eligible for state premium assistance subsidy for PEBB health plan coverage from Medicaid or a state CHIP;
8. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicare, or the subscriber or a subscriber's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicare, or enrolls in or cancels enrollment in a Medicare Part D plan. If the subscriber's current health plan becomes unavailable due to the subscriber's or a subscriber's dependent's

entitlement to Medicare the subscriber must select a new health plan;

9. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent's current health plan becomes unavailable because the subscriber or enrolled dependent is no longer eligible for a health savings account (HSA);
10. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent experiences a disruption of care that could function as a reduction in benefits for the subscriber or the subscriber's dependent for a specific condition or ongoing course of treatment. The subscriber may not change his or her health plan election if the subscriber's or dependent's physician stops participation with the subscriber's health plan unless the PEBB Program determines that a continuity of care issue exists. The PEBB Program will consider but is not limited to considering the following:
  - a. Active cancer treatment such as chemotherapy or radiation therapy for up to 90 days or until medically stable; or
  - b. Transplant within the last 12 months; or
  - c. Scheduled surgery within the next 60 days (elective procedures within the next 60 days do not qualify for continuity of care); or
  - d. Recent major surgery still within the postoperative period of up to eight weeks; or
  - e. Third trimester of pregnancy.



**ALERT!** If an enrollee's provider or health care facility discontinues participation with this plan, the enrollee may not change medical plans until the next open enrollment period, unless the PEBB Appeals Manager determines that a continuity of care issue exists. The plan cannot guarantee that any one physician, hospital, or other provider will be available or remain under contract with us.

### ***When may a subscriber enroll or remove eligible dependents?***

Any one of the following events may create a special open enrollment:

1. Subscriber acquires a new dependent due to:
  - a. Marriage or registering a domestic partnership;
  - b. Birth, adoption, or when a subscriber has assumed a legal obligation for total or partial support in anticipation of adoption;
  - c. A child becoming eligible as an extended dependent through legal custody or legal guardianship;
  - d. A child becoming eligible as a dependent with a disability.
2. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent loses other coverage under a group health plan or through health insurance coverage, as defined by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA);
3. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent has a change in employment status that affects the subscriber's or the subscriber's dependent's eligibility for their employer contribution toward employer-based group health insurance;
4. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent has a change in enrollment under another employer-based group health insurance plan during its annual open enrollment that does not align with the PEBB Program's annual open enrollment;
5. Subscriber's dependent has a change in residence from outside of the United States to within the United States, or from within the United States to outside of the United States;
6. A court order or National Medical Support Notice requires the subscriber or any other individual to provide insurance coverage for an eligible dependent. (A

former spouse or former registered domestic partner is not an eligible dependent.);

7. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes entitled to coverage under Medicaid or a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or the subscriber or a subscriber's dependent loses eligibility for coverage under Medicaid or a CHIP;
8. Subscriber or a subscriber's dependent becomes eligible for state premium assistance subsidy for PEBB health plan coverage from Medicaid or a state CHIP.

## Medicare Entitlement

### Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B



**ALERT!** PEBB rules do not require you to enroll in Medicare's prescription drug coverage, Medicare Part D. You cannot have both UMP CDHP and Medicare Part D. If you drop your UMP CDHP coverage and sign up for Medicare Part D, you will need to select a Medicare supplement plan offered through PEBB. If you do not sign up with a PEBB Medicare supplement plan, you cannot keep your PEBB coverage.

If an enrollee becomes entitled to Medicare, he or she should contact the nearest Social Security Administration Office to ask about Medicare enrollment. Unless retirement occurred before July 1, 1991, or the enrollee is a dependent of an employee who retired before July 1, 1991 and is enrolled in PEBB coverage, the enrollee must enroll and maintain enrollment in Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Medicare will become the primary insurance coverage, in most cases, and the PEBB retiree medical plan will become the secondary insurance coverage.

## Medicare Part D

PEBB has determined that UMP CDHP has prescription drug coverage that is, on average, as good as or better than the standard Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage (it is "creditable coverage"). Therefore, you cannot enroll in Medicare Part D and remain in UMP CDHP. If you choose to enroll in Medicare Part D, you may continue your PEBB coverage only by enrolling in the PEBB-sponsored Medicare supplement plan.



**ALERT!** PEBB includes an "annual notice of creditable prescription drug coverage" in the fall *For Your Benefit* newsletter sent to each subscriber. If sometime in the future you or your covered family member(s) decide to drop your UMP CDHP coverage, you may contact the PEBB Program to request a certificate of creditable coverage. If you do not show that you had creditable coverage, you may have to pay higher Medicare premiums.

## When Medical Coverage Ends



**TIP:** If your coverage under this plan ends, you must pay the costs of any services or supplies, except when coverage is required by law.

Medical plan enrollment ends on the following dates:

1. On the last day of the month when any individual ceases to be eligible.
2. On the date a plan terminates, if that should occur. Any person losing coverage will be given the opportunity to enroll in another PEBB medical plan.
3. For an enrollee who declines the opportunity or is ineligible to continue enrollment under one of the options described in the "Options for Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage" on page 102 of this

*Certificate of Coverage*, coverage ends for the enrollee on the last day of the month in which he or she ceases to be eligible.

4. If the subscriber stops paying monthly premiums, coverage ends for the subscriber and enrolled dependents on the last day of the month for which the last full premium was paid. A full month premium is charged for each calendar month of coverage. Premium payments are not prorated if an enrollee dies or a subscriber requests to cancel his or her medical coverage before the end of the month.

***The enrollee is responsible for timely payment of premiums and reporting changes in eligibility or address.*** The enrollee and his or her covered dependent(s) or beneficiary is responsible for reporting changes no later than 60 days after the event, such as divorce, termination of a registered domestic partnership, death, or when a dependent no longer meets the eligibility criteria described under “Eligible Dependents.”

Failure to report changes can result in loss of premiums and loss of the subscriber and his or her dependent’s right to continue coverage under one of the continuation coverage options described in the “Options For Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage” on this page of this *Certificate of Coverage*. To obtain forms subscribers can contact PEBB Customer Service at 1-800-200-1004.

If an enrollee, or newborn eligible for benefits under “Obstetric and Newborn Care,” is confined in a hospital or skilled nursing facility for which benefits are provided when PEBB coverage ends and the enrollee is not immediately covered by other health care coverage, benefits will be extended until whichever of the following occurs first:

- ♦ The enrollee is discharged from the hospital or from a hospital to which the enrollee is directly transferred;

- ♦ The enrollee is discharged from a skilled nursing facility when directly transferred from a hospital when the nursing facility confinement is in lieu of hospitalization;
- ♦ The enrollee is discharged from a skilled nursing facility or from a skilled nursing facility to which the enrollee is directly transferred;
- ♦ The enrollee is covered by another health plan that will provide benefits for the services; or
- ♦ Benefits are exhausted.

When medical plan enrollment ends, the enrollee may be eligible for continuation of coverage or conversion to other health care coverage if application is made within the time limits explained in the following sections.



**TIP:** If your coverage under this plan ends, you are responsible for letting your providers know when you receive services. If you do not tell your provider your enrollment has ended and he or she bills UMP CDHP for services you receive, the plan will deny all claims.

## Options for Continuing PEBB Medical Coverage

Subscribers and their dependents covered by this medical plan may be eligible to continue enrollment if they lose eligibility and are eligible under one of the following options for continuing coverage:

1. COBRA gives enrollees the right to continue group coverage for 18 to 36 months. Refer to the *Continuation of Coverage Election Notice* booklet for specific details.
2. PEBB Extension of Coverage allows for continued retiree coverage of dependents of a deceased subscriber.
3. PEBB retiree insurance coverage.

The first two options above temporarily extend group insurance coverage if certain

circumstances occur that would otherwise end your or your dependent's PEBB medical coverage. COBRA coverage is governed by eligibility and administrative requirements in federal law and regulation. PEBB Extension of Coverage is an alternative for PEBB enrollees who are not eligible for COBRA.

The third option above is only available to surviving dependents who meet eligibility requirements. Contact PEBB Customer Service at 1-800-200-1004 or refer to the *Continuation of Coverage Election Notice* booklet for details.

## Conversion of Coverage

Enrollees have the right to switch from PEBB group coverage to an individual conversion plan offered by Regence BlueShield to UMP CDHP members when they are no longer able to continue PEBB group coverage, and are not eligible for Medicare or another group coverage that provides benefits for hospital or medical care. Enrollees must apply for conversion coverage no later than 31 days after their group coverage ends or within 31 days from the date notice of the termination of coverage is received, whichever is later.

Evidence of insurability (proof of good health) is not required to obtain the conversion coverage. The rates, coverage and eligibility requirements of our conversion plan differ from those of the enrollee's current group plan. Enrollment in a conversion plan may limit the enrollee's ability to later purchase an individual plan without health screening or a preexisting condition waiting period. To obtain detailed information on conversion options under this plan, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681.

## Appeals of Determinations of PEBB Eligibility

Any enrollee may appeal a decision made by the PEBB Program regarding eligibility, enrollment, or premium payments to the PEBB appeals committee.

Any enrollee may appeal a decision regarding the administration of a PEBB medical plan by following the appeal provisions of the plan, except for eligibility, enrollment, and premium payment determinations.

## Relationship to Law and Regulations

Any provision of this *Certificate of Coverage* that is in conflict with any governing law or regulation of the state of Washington is hereby amended to comply with the minimum requirements of such law or regulation.

## Customer Service

If you have questions about your PEBB retiree eligibility and benefit information, please contact the PEBB Program at 1-800-200-1004 or go to [www.hca.wa.gov/pebb](http://www.hca.wa.gov/pebb). For questions about Medicare, please contact the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) at 1-800-MEDICARE or go to [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov).

# General Provisions

## Relationship to Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association

The Washington State Health Care Authority (HCA) on behalf of itself and you expressly acknowledges its understanding that the agreement constitutes an agreement solely between the HCA and Regence BlueShield, which is an independent corporation operating under a license from the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Association, an association of independent Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans (the association), permitting Regence BlueShield to use the Blue Cross and Blue Shield service marks in the state of Washington, for those counties designated in the service area, and that Regence BlueShield is not contracting as the agent of the association. The HCA on behalf of itself and you further acknowledges and agrees that it has not entered into this agreement based upon representations by an person or entity other than Regence BlueShield and that no person or entity other than Regence BlueShield will be held accountable or liable to HCA or you for any of Regence BlueShield's obligations to the HCA or you created under this agreement. This paragraph will not create any additional obligations whatsoever on the part of Regence BlueShield other than those obligations created under other provisions of the agreement.

## Out-of-Area Services

Regence BlueShield has a variety of relationships with other Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Licensees referred to generally as "Inter-Plan Programs." Whenever you obtain health care

services outside of Regence's service area, the claims for these services may be processed through one of these Inter-Plan Programs, which include the BlueCard Program and may include negotiated National Account arrangements available between Regence and other Blue Cross and Blue Shield Licensees.

Typically, when accessing care outside the Regence's service area, you will obtain care from health care providers that have a contractual agreement with the local Blue Cross and/or Blue Shield Licensee in that other geographic area ("Host Blue"). In some instances, you may obtain care from out-of-network providers. Regence's payment practices in both instances are described below.

## BlueCard Program

Under the BlueCard Program, when you access covered services within the geographic area served by a Host Blue, Regence will remain responsible for fulfilling contractual obligations. However, the Host Blue is responsible for contracting with and generally handling all interactions with its network providers.

Whenever you access covered services outside Regence's service area and the claim is processed through the BlueCard Program, the amount you pay for covered services is calculated based on the lower of:

- The billed covered charges for your covered services; or
- The negotiated price that the Host Blue makes available to Regence.

Often, this "negotiated price" will be a simple discount that reflects an actual price that the Host Blue pays to your health care

provider. Sometimes, it is an estimated price that takes into account special arrangements with your health care provider or provider group that may include types of settlements, incentive payments, and/or other credits or charges. Occasionally, it may be an average price, based on a discount that results in expected average savings for similar types of health care providers after taking into account the same types of transactions as with an estimated price.

Estimated pricing and average pricing, going forward, also take into account adjustments to correct for over- or underestimation of modifications of past pricing for the types of transaction modifications noted above. However, such adjustments will not affect the price Regence uses for your claim because they will not be applied retroactively to claims already paid.

Laws in a small number of states may require the Host Blue to add a surcharge to your calculation. If any state laws mandate other liability calculation methods, including a surcharge, Regence would then calculate your liability for any covered services according to applicable law.

## Negotiated National Account Arrangements

As an alternative to the BlueCard Program, your claims for covered services may be processed through a negotiated National Account arrangement with a Host Blue.

The amount you pay for covered services under this arrangement will be calculated based on the lower of either billed covered charges or negotiated price (refer to the description of negotiated price above) made available to Regence by the Host Blue.

## Out-of-Network Providers Outside Regence's Service Area

- ♦ **Member Liability Calculation.** When covered services are provided outside of Regence's Service Area by out-of-network providers, the amount you pay for such services will generally be based on either the Host Blue's out-of-network provider local payment or the pricing arrangements required by applicable state law. In these situations, you may be liable for the difference between the amount that the out-of-network provider bills and the payment Regence will make for the covered services as set forth in this paragraph.
- ♦ **Exceptions.** In certain situations, Regence may use other payment bases, such as billed covered charges, the payment Regence would make if the health care services had been obtained within Regence's service area, or a special negotiated payment, as permitted under Inter-Plan Programs Policies, to determine the amount Regence will pay for services rendered by out-of-network providers. In these situations, you may be liable for the difference between the amount that the out-of-network provider bills and the payment Regence will make for the covered services as set forth in this paragraph.

## Right to Receive and Release Needed Information

Regence may need certain facts about your health care coverage or services provided in order to process your claims correctly. Regence may get these facts from or give them to other organizations or persons without your consent. You must give Regence any facts necessary for processing of claims to get benefits under UMP CDHP.

## Right of Recovery

UMP CDHP has the right to a refund of incorrect payments. UMP CDHP may recover excess payment from any:

- ♦ Person that received an excess payment.
- ♦ Person on whose behalf an excess payment was made.
- ♦ Other issuers of payment.
- ♦ Other plans involved.

## Limitations on Liability

In all cases, you have the exclusive right to choose a health care provider. Since neither the Uniform Medical Plan (the plan) nor Regence BlueShield provides any health care services, neither can be held liable for any claim or damages connected with injuries you may suffer while receiving health services or supplies provided by professionals who are neither employees nor agents of the plan and Regence BlueShield. Neither Regence BlueShield nor the plan is responsible for the quality of health care you receive, except as provided by law.

In addition, Regence BlueShield will not be liable to any person or entity for the inability or failure to procure or provide the benefits of the plan by reason of epidemic, disaster or other cause or condition beyond Regence BlueShield's control.

## Governing Law and Discretionary Language

The Uniform Medical Plan (the plan) will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the United States of America and by applicable laws of the state of Washington without regard to its conflict of law rules. The Washington State Health Care Authority

delegates discretion to Regence BlueShield for the purposes of paying benefits under this coverage only if it is determined that you are entitled to them and of interpreting the terms and conditions of the plan. Final determinations pursuant to this reservation of discretion do not prohibit or prevent a claimant from seeking judicial review of those determinations in federal court. The reservation of discretion made under this provision only establishes the scope of review that a court will apply when you seek judicial review of a determination of the entitlement to and payment of benefits or interpretation of the terms and conditions applicable to the plan. Regence BlueShield is not the plan administrator, but does provide claims administration under the plan, and the court will determine the level of discretion that it will accord determinations.

## No Waiver

The failure or refusal of either party to demand strict performance of the plan or to enforce any provision will not act as or be construed as a waiver of that party's right to later demand its performance or to enforce that provision. No provision of the plan will be considered waived unless such waiver is reduced to writing and signed by one of the Washington State Health Care Authority's authorized officers.

# Definitions

## Allowed Amount, Medical Services



**ALERT!** In the following definition, the term “network provider” is the same as “preferred provider” elsewhere in this document, and the term “non-network provider” is the same as “out-of-network provider.”

**Allowed amount** is the most the plan pays for a specific covered service or supply. The allowed amount is determined as follows:

- ♦ **For network providers** that are within the Regence service area, the preferred provider organization contract with Regence BlueShield is the relevant contract that determines the allowed amount.
- ♦ **For network providers** that are outside the Regence Service Area, the contract with another Blue Cross or Blue Shield organization in the BlueCard® program for its “Preferred Provider Organization (‘PPO’) network” is the relevant contract that determines the allowed amount.
- ♦ **For non-network providers** (providers not contracted with Regence BlueShield) within the Regence service area, the amount Regence has determined to be reasonable charges for covered services and supplies.

The allowed amount may be based upon the billed charges for some services, as determined by Regence or as otherwise required by law. Where, although it does not qualify as a network provider hereunder, one of these providers has a contract with Regence, the provider will accept the allowed amount as payment in full.

- ♦ **For non-network providers** (providers not contracted with BlueCard) accessed through the BlueCard Program, the allowed amount is the lower of the

provider’s billed charges and the amount that the other Blue plan identifies as the amount on which it would base a payment to that provider.

Under the BlueCard Program, when you access covered services within the geographic area served by a Host Blue, Regence will remain responsible for fulfilling contractual obligations. However, the Host Blue is responsible for contracting with and generally handling all interactions with its network providers.

Whenever you access covered services outside Regence’s service area and the claim is processed through the BlueCard Program, the amount you pay for covered services is calculated based on the lower of:

- ♦ The billed covered charges for your covered services; or
- ♦ The negotiated price that the Host Blue makes available to Regence.

Often, this “negotiated price” will be a simple discount that reflects an actual price that the Host Blue pays to your health care provider. Sometimes, it is an estimated price that takes into account special arrangements with your health care provider or provider group that may include types of settlements, incentive payments, and/or other credits or charges. Occasionally, it may be an average price, based on a discount that results in expected average savings for similar types of health care providers after taking into account the same types of transactions as with an estimated price.

Estimated pricing and average pricing, going forward, also take into account adjustments to correct for over- or underestimation of modifications of past pricing for the types of

transaction modifications noted above. However, such adjustments will not affect the price Regence uses for your claim because they will not be applied retroactively to claims already paid.

Laws in a small number of states may require the Host Blue to add a surcharge to your calculation. If any state laws mandate other liability calculation methods, including a surcharge, Regence would then calculate your liability for any covered services according to applicable law.

Charges in excess of the allowed amount are not reimbursable. For questions regarding the basis for determination of the allowed amount, please call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711).

### ***Allowed Amount, Prescription Drugs***

The allowed amount for prescription drugs is based on Washington State Rx Services' contractually agreed reimbursement, unless other contractual arrangements or terms apply. All covered prescription drug claims are paid based on this allowed amount.

### ***Ambulatory Surgery Center (ASC)***

An **ambulatory surgery center (ASC)** is a health care facility that specializes in providing surgery, pain management, and certain diagnostic services in an outpatient setting. ASC-qualified procedures are typically more complex than those done in a doctor's office but not so complex as to require an overnight stay. Procedures commonly performed in these centers include colonoscopies, endoscopies, cataract surgery, orthopedic, and ENT (ear, nose, and throat) procedures. An ASC may also be known as an outpatient surgery center or same-day surgery center.

### ***Appeal***

See pages 74–79 for an explanation of appeals and how the process works.

### ***Authorized Representative***

An **authorized representative** is someone you have designated in writing to communicate with the plan on your behalf. See page 75 for how this works.

### ***Balance Billing***

**Balance billing** is a provider billing you for the difference between the provider's charge and the allowed amount (see definition beginning on page 107). For example, if the provider's charge is \$100 and the allowed amount is \$70, the provider may bill you for the remaining \$30. Preferred and participating providers may not balance bill you for covered services above the allowed amount. See an example of how this works on page 8.

### ***Brand-Name Drug***

A **brand-name drug** is a drug sold under the proprietary name or trade name selected by the manufacturer.

### ***Calendar Year***

A **calendar year** is January 1 through December 31.

### ***Chemical Dependency***

**Chemical dependency** is an illness characterized by a physiological or psychological dependency on a controlled substance or alcohol.

### ***Clinical Review***

**Clinical review** is when a plan clinical professional reviews medical records related to inpatient treatment in order to determine if inpatient treatment is medically necessary.

## Coinsurance

**Coinsurance** is the percentage of the allowed amount you must pay the provider on claims for which the plan pays less than 100% of the allowed amount. This includes most medical services and prescription drugs.

## Complications of Pregnancy

**Complications of pregnancy** are conditions due to pregnancy, labor, and delivery that require medical care to prevent serious harm to the health of the mother or the fetus. For example, morning sickness or a non-emergency caesarean section aren't complications of pregnancy.

## Coordination of Benefits

For members covered by more than one health plan, **coordination of benefits** is the method the plan uses to determine which plan pays first, which pays second, and the amount paid by each plan. Please see description and examples in "If You Have Other Medical Coverage" on pages 62–67.

## Cost Share

**Cost share** means the amount you pay for a service, supply, or drug. This may be a deductible (pages 9–10), coinsurance (page 10), or amounts not covered by the plan.

## Custodial Care

**Custodial care** is care primarily to assist in activities of daily living, including institutional care primarily to support self-care and provide room and board. Custodial care includes, but is not limited to, help in walking, getting into and out of bed, bathing, dressing, feeding and preparing special diets, and supervising medications that are ordinarily self-administered.

## Deductible

The deductible is a dollar amount you must pay each calendar year for health care expenses before the plan starts paying for services. For one person on an account, the annual deductible is \$1,400; if there is more than one person, the deductible is \$2,800 and applies to all persons collectively. Only expenses covered by the plan count toward your deductible. For example, if you receive LASIK surgery (see exclusion 21 on page 58), the plan does not apply this payment to your deductible. Some services are exempt from this deductible (see the "Summary of Benefits" on pages 13–20). See pages 9–10 for details on how the deductible works.

## Dependent

A **dependent** is a spouse, state-registered domestic partner, child, or other eligible family member covered by the plan under the subscriber's account (see "Eligible Dependents" on pages 84–85 and pages 94–96).

## Developmental Delay

**Developmental delay** is a significant lag in reaching developmental milestones as expected during infancy and early childhood. The cause may be present at birth or acquired after birth from a disease or disorder of the body, an injury, a disorder of the mind or emotions, or harmful effects of the surrounding environment. Only a physician or other provider can diagnose a developmental delay.

## Domestic Partner

For the purposes of this *Certificate of Coverage*, a **domestic partner** is defined as:

- ♦ A state-registered domestic partner (effective January 1, 2010); **or**
- ♦ A person who qualified under PEBB eligibility criteria as a domestic partner before January 1, 2010, and has been continuously enrolled under the subscriber in a PEBB health plan or life insurance.

## ***Durable Medical Equipment***

**Durable medical equipment** is:

- ♦ Designed for prolonged use.
- ♦ For a specific therapeutic or clinical purpose, or to assist in the treatment of an injury or illness.
- ♦ Medically necessary (meeting all plan medical necessity criteria).
- ♦ Primarily and customarily used only for a medical purpose.

See exclusion 18 on page 58 for examples of durable medical equipment that are not covered.

## ***Efficacy***

**Efficacy** is the extent to which a specific intervention, procedure, or service produces the desired effect under ideal conditions (in a controlled environment under lab circumstances).

## ***Emergency***

See “Medical Emergency.”

## ***Endorsing Prescriber***

An **endorsing prescriber** is a provider who has endorsed the Washington Preferred Drug List and has agreed to allow “therapeutic interchange” (see page 49) of a preferred drug for a nonpreferred one in the same drug class.

## ***Enrollee***

An **enrollee** is an employee, retiree, former employee, or dependent enrolled in this plan (see also “Member,” “Subscriber,” and “Dependent”).

## ***Experimental or Investigational***

**Experimental or investigational** means a service, supply, or drug that the plan has classified as investigational. The plan will review scientific evidence from well-designed clinical studies found in peer-reviewed medical literature, if available, and information obtained from the treating provider regarding the service, supply, or drug to determine if it is

investigational. A service, supply, or drug not meeting all of the following criteria is, in the plan’s judgment, investigational:

- ♦ If a medication or device, the health intervention must have final approval from the United States Food and Drug Administration as being safe and efficacious for general marketing. However, if a medication is prescribed for other than its FDA-approved use and is recognized as “effective” for the use for which it is being prescribed, benefits for that use will not be excluded. To be considered “effective” for other than its FDA-approved use, a medication must be so recognized in one of the standard reference compendia (see definition on page 120) or, if not, then in a majority of relevant peer-reviewed medical literature (see definition on page 117); or by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- ♦ The scientific evidence must permit conclusions concerning the effect of the service, supply, or drug on health outcomes, which include the disease process, injury or illness, length of life, ability to function, and quality of life.
- ♦ The service, supply, or drug must improve net health outcome.
- ♦ The scientific evidence must show that the service, supply, or drug is as beneficial as any established alternatives.
- ♦ The improvement must be attainable outside the laboratory or clinical research setting.

When the plan receives a claim or request for preauthorization that includes all information necessary to make a decision, you will be informed within 20 business days if the service, supply, or drug is considered experimental or investigational. To determine the necessary documentation, call Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711). You may have the right to an expedited appeal; see page 77 for that process.

## ***Explanation of Benefits (EOB)***

An **Explanation of Benefits (EOB)** is a detailed account of each claim processed by the plan, which is sent to you to notify you of claim payment or denial. You can also get this online on your account at **regence.com**, or call Customer Service to request a copy of an EOB (you will need to provide identifying information).

## ***Family***

**Family** is defined as all eligible family members (subscriber and dependents) who are enrolled on a single account.

## ***Fee Schedule***

A **fee schedule** is a list of the plan's maximum payment amounts for specific services or supplies. Preferred providers have agreed to accept these fees as payment in full for services to enrollees. See "Allowed Amount, Medical Services" on pages 107–108 for more details.

## ***Formulary***

See "What Drugs are Covered? The *UMP Preferred Drug List*" on page 43.

## ***Generic Drug***

A **generic drug** is a drug with the same active ingredient(s), but not necessarily the same inactive ingredients, as a brand-name drug that is no longer protected by a commercial patent. A generic drug is therapeutically equivalent to the brand-name drug, which means it works like the brand-name drug in dosage, strength, performance, and use. All generic drugs sold in the United States must be reviewed and approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, and meet the same quality and safety standards as brand-name drugs.

## ***Generic Equivalent***

A **generic equivalent** is a generic drug that has the same active ingredients as its brand-name counterpart. For a generic drug to be considered "equivalent," it has to be approved by the FDA as being interchangeable with that brand-name drug. Under Washington State law, the pharmacist is required to dispense a generic equivalent in place of a brand-name drug, unless your provider objects. (See "Can the Pharmacist Substitute One Drug for Another?" on page 49 for how this works.)

## ***Grievance***

A **grievance** is also called a complaint; see pages 74–79 for details on how these are handled.

## ***Health Care Authority (HCA)***

The **Health Care Authority** is the Washington State agency that administers the Uniform Medical Plan (UMP Classic and UMP CDHP) in addition to the following health care programs: Prescription Drug Program, Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) Program, and Apple Health, formerly called Medicaid.

## ***Health Intervention***

**Health intervention** is a medication, service, or supply provided to prevent, diagnose, detect, treat, or palliate the following: disease, illness, injury, genetic or congenital anomaly, pregnancy or biological or psychological condition that lies outside the range of normal, age-appropriate human variation; or to maintain or restore functional ability. A health intervention is defined not only by the intervention itself, but also by the medical condition and patient indications for which it is being applied. A health intervention is considered to be new if it is not yet in widespread use for the medical condition and the patient indications being considered.

## Health Savings Account (HSA)

A **Health Savings Account (HSA)** is a tax-advantaged spending and savings account that can be used to pay for qualified medical expenses. IRS rules govern who can have an HSA and how the funds can be spent. The HSA is funded by pre-tax contributions from you, your employer, or both. In 2013, the maximum set by the IRS for an individual is \$3,300, and the maximum contribution for family coverage is \$6,550. You can save this much even if your health plan deductible is lower. The rates are subject to change every year, adjusted for inflation.

## Home Health Agency

A **home health agency** is an agency or organization that:

- ♦ Provides a program of home health care;
- ♦ Practices within the scope of its license as a provider of home health services; and
- ♦ Is Medicare-certified, accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, or a preferred provider.

## Hospice

**Hospice** is services provided by a state-licensed hospice program in the home or in a hospice facility to terminally ill patients. Services include pain relief care and support services that address the needs of terminally ill patients and their families without intent to cure.

## Hospital

A **hospital** is an institution accredited under the Hospital Accreditation Program of the Joint Commission and licensed by the state where it's located. Any exception to this must be approved by the plan.

The term hospital **does not** include a convalescent nursing home or institution (or a part of one) that:

- ♦ Furnishes primarily domiciliary or custodial care (see definition on page 109).

- ♦ Is operated as a school.
- ♦ Is used principally as a convalescent facility, rest facility, nursing facility, or facility for the aged.

## Inpatient Stay

**Inpatient stay:** From when you are admitted to a hospital or other medical facility, until you are discharged from that facility.

## IRO

Independent Review Organization (see page 79).

## Limited Benefit



**TIP:** This definition applies only to those benefits in which it is used in this *Certificate of Coverage*. Other benefits have additional limits related to medical necessity (see pages 113–115) or preauthorization (see page 54) of services.

A **limited benefit** is a benefit that is limited to a certain number of visits or a maximum dollar amount. The limit applies to these benefits even if the provider prescribes additional visits and even if the visits are medically necessary. The plan does not make exceptions to benefit limits.

For benefits limited to a certain number of visits, any visits that are applied to your deductible (see pages 9–10) also count against your annual visit or dollar limit. In addition, visits that are paid by another health plan that is primary apply to the plan limit. For example, if your primary plan applies your first six massage therapy sessions to your deductible, you may receive coverage for 10 more sessions in that calendar year, for a total of 16 visits (the visit maximum for massage therapy). **Note:** These limits apply *per enrollee*.

Services are counted against a limited benefit according to the type of service, not the provider type. When a provider practicing within

the scope of his/her license provides services coded under a limited benefit (for example, spinal manipulation or physical therapy), those services will be counted against the benefit regardless of the provider type. In addition, if more than one type of limited benefit service is provided during a single visit, the services will count against all of the limited benefits. For example, if both manipulation and physical therapy codes are billed for a visit, that visit will count against both the spinal and extremity manipulation and physical therapy benefits.

### **Maintenance Care**

**Maintenance care** is a health intervention after the patient has reached maximum rehabilitation potential or functional level and has shown no significant improvement for one to two weeks, and instruction in the maintenance program has been completed.

Maintenance care may apply to a number of different services, including but not limited to physical therapy, speech therapy, neurodevelopmental therapy, home health care, and skilled nursing care.

### **Medical**

**Medical** generally refers to all plan benefits and services other than those covered under preventive care and prescription drug benefits (except as the term is used in the eligibility sections of this *Certificate of Coverage*).

### **Medical Benefit**

**Medical benefit** refers to services subject to the deductible and coinsurance. See pages 9–10 for a description of how this works.

### **Medical Emergency**

A **medical emergency** means a medical condition that manifests itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) so that a prudent layperson who has an average knowledge of medicine and health would reasonably expect the absence of immediate

medical attention at a hospital emergency room to result in any one of the following:

- ♦ Placing the person's health, or with respect to a pregnant female, her health or the health of her unborn child, in serious jeopardy;
- ♦ Serious impairment to bodily functions; or
- ♦ Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

### **Medically Necessary Services, Supplies, Drugs, or Interventions**



**ALERT!** The provider or patient must provide documentation demonstrating medical necessity when requested by the plan, or services may be denied as not medically necessary. Some services that are medically necessary may not be covered by the plan. All benefits or services that are medically necessary are subject to the coverage limitations, exclusions, and provisions of the plan. It is important to review this *Certificate of Coverage* or verify coverage with Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681 (TTY 711) before receiving services.

**Medically Necessary or Medical Necessity** means health care services, drugs, supplies, or interventions that a treating licensed health care provider recommends and all of the following conditions are met:

1. The purpose of the service, supply, intervention, or drug is to treat or diagnose a medical condition.
2. It is the appropriate level of service, supply, or intervention, or drug dose considering the potential benefits and harm to the patient.
3. The level of service, supply, intervention, or drug dose is known to be effective in improving health outcomes.
4. The level of service, supply, intervention, or drug recommended for this condition is cost-effective compared to alternative interventions, including no intervention.

The fact that a physician or other provider prescribes, orders, recommends, or approves a

service or supply, drug, or drug dose does not, in itself, make it medically necessary.

The plan may require proof that services, interventions, supplies, or drugs, including court-ordered care are medically necessary. No benefits will be provided if the proof isn't received or isn't acceptable, or if the service, supply, drug, or drug dose is not medically necessary. Claims processing may be delayed if proof of medical necessity is required but not provided by the health service provider.

The plan uses scientific evidence from peer-reviewed medical literature to determine effectiveness for services and interventions, not yet in widespread use for the medical condition and patient indications being considered. State law requires that UMP CDHP determine whether a service or intervention is covered based on decisions made by the Health Technology Clinical Committee (see page 21); these decisions may be referenced at [www.hca.wa.gov/hta](http://www.hca.wa.gov/hta). For other services, interventions, or supplies the plan first uses scientific evidence, then professional standards, then expert opinion to determine effectiveness. "Effective" means that the drug, drug dose, intervention, supply, or level of service can reasonably be expected to produce the intended results and to have expected benefits that outweigh potential harmful effects. The scientific evidence should be considered first and, to the greatest extent possible, should be the basis for determining medical necessity. If no scientific evidence is available, professional United States (U.S.) standards of care should be considered. If professional standards of care do not exist, or are outdated or contradictory, decisions about interventions should be based on expert opinion. Giving priority to scientific evidence does not mean that the plan should deny coverage of interventions in the absence of conclusive scientific evidence. Interventions can meet the plan's definition of medical necessity in the absence of scientific evidence if there is a strong conviction of effectiveness and benefit expressed through up-to-date and consistent

professional standards of care, or, in the absence of such standards, convincing expert opinion.

A level of service, supply, drug, or intervention is considered "cost effective" if the benefits and harms relative to the costs represent an economically efficient use of resources for the patients with this condition. The plan applies this criterion based on the characteristics of the individual patient. Cost-effective does not necessarily mean the lowest price.

Preventive services not covered by the plan's preventive care benefit will still be covered under the medical benefit if medically necessary.

A "health intervention" is an item or service delivered or undertaken primarily to treat (that is prevent, diagnose, detect, treat, or palliate) a medical condition (such as a disease, illness, injury, genetic or congenital defect, pregnancy, or a biological or psychological condition that lies outside the range of normal, age-appropriate human variation) or to maintain or restore functional ability. For purposes of this definition of "medical necessity" the plan does not consider a health intervention separately from the medical condition and patient indications it is applied to.

"Treating provider" means a licensed health care provider who has personally evaluated the patient.

"Health outcomes" are results that affect health status as measured by the length or quality (primarily as perceived by the patient) of a person's life.

Scientific evidence consists primarily of controlled clinical trials that either directly or indirectly demonstrate the effect of the intervention on health outcomes. If controlled clinical trials are not available, observational studies that demonstrate a causal relationship between the intervention and health outcomes can be used. Partially controlled observational studies and uncontrolled clinical series may be suggestive, but do not by themselves demonstrate a causal relationship unless the magnitude of the effect observed exceeds

anything that could be explained either by the natural history of the medical condition or potential experimental biases.

Interventions for which clinical trials have not been conducted because of epidemiological reasons (that is, rare or new diseases or orphan populations) shall be evaluated on the basis of professional standards of care or expert opinion.

### Member

A **member** is an employee, retiree, former employee, or dependent enrolled in the plan (see also “Enrollee”).

### Network

**Network** is the facilities, providers, and suppliers your health insurer or plan contracts with to provide health care services.

### Network Pharmacy

A network pharmacy contracts with Washington State Rx Services to provide prescription drug coverage to UMP CDHP members at the contracted rate (allowed amount). See pages 45–46 for details of the advantages of using network pharmacies.

### Network Vaccination Pharmacy

A **network vaccination pharmacy** is a pharmacy that contracts with Washington State Rx Services to give immunizations to plan enrollees at the network rate. You can find out which pharmacies are contracted at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or by calling Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.

### Noncovered Services

**Noncovered services** refers to any service that is not covered by the plan. Some services may be medically necessary, yet still are not covered. See “What the Plan Doesn’t Cover” on pages 57–61 and “Guidelines for Drugs Not Covered” on page 52 for details.

### Nonduplication of Benefits

**Nonduplication of benefits** is how UMP CDHP coordinates benefits when UMP CDHP is your secondary coverage (see definition on page 120). When another plan (other than Medicare) is primary (pays first), that plan pays their normal benefit. UMP CDHP then pays up to the amount we would have paid if UMP CDHP had been the primary plan. If the primary plan pays as much or more than the normal UMP CDHP benefit, UMP CDHP pays nothing. UMP CDHP does not pay the rest of the allowed amount.

**Example** (*this is an example only, and may not apply to your specific situation*).

*The calculations below assume that you have met any applicable deductible(s).*

Plan	Allowed amount	Plan’s normal benefit	Paid by plan
Plan A (primary)	\$100	\$85 (assumes Plan A pays 85% of the allowed amount)	\$85
UMP CDHP (secondary)	\$100	\$85	\$0
<b>You pay:</b>			\$15

### Non-Network Pharmacy

A **non-network pharmacy** does not contract with Washington State Rx Services. See page 46 for what happens if you use a non-network pharmacy to purchase covered prescription drugs.

### Nonpreferred Drug

A **nonpreferred drug** is a prescription drug designated as nonpreferred in the *UMP Preferred Drug List* (see page 43).

### ***Nonprescription Alternative***

A **nonprescription alternative** includes an over-the-counter drug, dietary supplement, herbal supplement, vitamin, mineral, medical food, or medical device that you can buy without a prescription that has similar safety, efficacy, and ingredients as a prescription drug.

### ***Nonprescription Drug***

A **nonprescription drug** includes an over-the-counter drug, dietary supplement, herbal supplement, vitamin, mineral, medical food, or medical device that you can buy without a prescription.

### ***Normal Benefit***

The plan's **normal benefit** is the dollar amount of the benefit the plan would normally pay if no other health plan had the primary responsibility to pay the claim.

### ***Occupational Injury or Illness***

An **occupational injury or illness** is one resulting from work for pay or profit.

### ***Open Enrollment***

**Open enrollment** is a period defined by the HCA when you have the opportunity to change to another health plan offered by the PEBB Program and make certain other account changes for an effective date beginning January 1 of the following year.

### ***Orthognathic Surgery***

**Orthognathic surgery** is surgery to correct conditions of the jaw and face related to structure, growth, sleep apnea, or TMJ disorders; or to correct orthodontic problems that cannot be easily treated with braces.

### ***Out-of-Network Provider(s)***

An **out-of-network provider** is a health care provider that is:

- ♦ In the Regence Service Area, but is not contracted as part of Regence BlueShield's preferred provider organization network; or
- ♦ Outside the Regence Service Area, but is not contracted with another Blue Cross or Blue Shield organization in the BlueCard® program (designated as a Provider in the "Preferred Provider Organization ("PPO") Network") to provide services and supplies to plan members.

### ***Out-of-Pocket Limit***

The **out-of-pocket limit** is the maximum total amount you pay to your providers for covered services and prescription drugs during a calendar year. The limit is \$4,200 for one person on an account, or \$8,400 if there is more than one person on an account. Once you have reached this limit, the plan pays 100% of the allowed amount for covered services from preferred providers for the rest of the calendar year. See pages 11–12 for what does and doesn't count toward this limit. **Note:** Your deductible (\$1,400 or \$2,800) does count toward this limit.

### ***Over-the-Counter Alternative***

An **over-the-counter alternative** drug is a drug that you can buy without a prescription that has similar safety, efficacy, and ingredients as a prescription drug.

### ***Over-the-Counter Drugs***

**Over-the-counter drugs** are medications you can get without a prescription.

### ***Over-the-Counter Equivalent***

An **over-the-counter equivalent** is a drug you can buy without a prescription that has identical active ingredients and strengths as a prescription drug or product in a comparable dosage form.

## ***P&T Committee***

See “Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee.”

## ***Participating Provider***

A **participating provider** is contracted but is in another network. Participating providers are designated in the **regence.com** provider directory with \$\$\$. The plan pays these providers at the out-of-network rate (most covered services are paid at 60%), but the provider may not balance bill you. Coinsurance paid to a participating provider applies to the out-of-pocket limit. Covered preventive services from participating providers will be paid by the plan at 100% of the allowed amount. Covered mental health or substance abuse services from participating providers will be considered in-network.

## ***PEBB***

The **Public Employees Benefits Board** is a group of representatives, appointed by the governor, that approves insurance benefit plans for employees and establishes eligibility criteria for participation in insurance benefit plans.

## ***PEBB Plan***

A **PEBB plan** is one of several insurance plans, including the Uniform Medical Plan (UMP CDHP and UMP Classic), offered through the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) Program to public employees, former employees, retirees, and their dependents. Benefits and eligibility are designed by the PEBB and administered by the Health Care Authority (HCA) as part of a comprehensive benefits package.

## ***PEBB Program***

The **PEBB Program** is the Washington State Health Care Authority program that administers PEBB benefit eligibility and enrollment.

## ***Peer-Reviewed Medical Literature***

**Peer-reviewed medical literature** is scientific studies printed in journals or other publications in which original manuscripts are published only after being critically reviewed for scientific accuracy, validity, and reliability by unbiased independent experts. Peer-reviewed medical literature, for example, does not include information from health-related websites or in-house publications of pharmaceutical manufacturers.

## ***Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee***

**Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee:** A group of providers and other health care professionals that reviews and determines how prescription drugs are covered (see page 44).

## ***Physician Services***

**Physician services** are health care services provided or coordinated by a licensed medical physician:

- ♦ Medical Doctor (M.D.)
- ♦ Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.)
- ♦ Naturopathic physician (N.D.)

## ***Plan***

**Plan** as referred to in this document means the UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan (UMP CDHP) with a Health Savings Account, a self-funded PPO plan offered by the PEBB Program. In the eligibility sections (pages 83–103), “plan” refers to any PEBB-sponsored plan. In the “If You Have Other Medical Coverage” section on pages 62–67, “plan” may mean any health insurance coverage.

## ***PPO***

A **Preferred Provider Organization (PPO)** is a health plan that has a network of providers who have agreed to provide services for the plan’s enrollees at discounted rates. Enrollees may self-refer to most specialists. UMP CDHP is a PPO.

## Preauthorization

**Preauthorization** is approval by the plan for coverage of specific services, supplies, or drugs before they are provided to the member. Preauthorization is not a guarantee of coverage. If you or your provider do not receive preauthorization for certain medical services or drugs, the claim may be denied. See “Preauthorizing Medical Services” on page 54 for how this works. A list of medical services that require preauthorization is available at [www.hca.wa.gov/ump](http://www.hca.wa.gov/ump) or by calling UMP Customer Service at 1-888-849-3681. See page 47 for information on drugs that must be preauthorized.

## Preferred Drug

A **preferred drug** is a prescription drug that is designated as preferred on the *UMP Preferred Drug List*.

## Preferred Drug List

The *UMP Preferred Drug List* is a list available online that specifies how prescription drugs are covered by the plan. By using this list, you can find out if a drug is covered, if the drug must be ordered through the plan’s specialty drug pharmacy, and whether the drug has any limitations (such as needing preauthorization or quantity limits; see pages 47–50).

The *UMP Preferred Drug List* is based on the Washington Preferred Drug List and recommendations by one of the Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committees that partner with Washington State Rx Services (see “Who Decides Which Drugs Are Preferred?” on page 44 for more information).

If your drug is not listed, call Washington State Rx Services at 1-888-361-1611.

## Preferred Provider(s)

A **preferred provider** is a provider:

- ♦ In the Regence Service Area and contracted as part of Regence BlueShield’s preferred provider organization network; or
- ♦ Outside the Regence Service Area and contracted with another Blue Cross or Blue Shield organization in the BlueCard® program (designated as a Provider in the “Preferred Provider Organization (“PPO”) Network”) to provide services and supplies to plan members.

## Prenatal

**Prenatal** means during pregnancy.

## Preventive Care

In this *Certificate of Coverage*, **preventive care** means only those services designated with an A or B rating by the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), or immunizations as described on page 39, when received from a covered provider type. See page 14 for how the plan pays for these services.

## Primary Care Provider

A **primary care provider** is a physician (see “Physician Services” on page 117), nurse practitioner, or physician assistant who provides, coordinates, or helps a patient access a range of health care services. See page 7 for a list of specialties that may be a primary care provider.

## Primary Payer

The **primary payer** is the insurance plan that processes the claim first when a member has more than one group insurance plan covering the services.

## ***Professional Services***

**Professional services** means non-facility medical services performed by professional providers such as (but not limited to) medical doctors, doctors of osteopathy, naturopathic physicians, and advanced registered nurse practitioners.

## ***Proof of Continuous Coverage***

**Proof of continuous coverage** refers to the Certificate of Creditable Coverage (not this document) provided to the member by the member's health plan; or a letter from the member's employer on the employer's letterhead stating the time period the member and his or her dependent(s) were covered by the employer's health insurance.

## ***Provider***

A **provider** is an individual medical professional (such as a doctor or nurse), hospital, skilled nursing facility, pharmacy, program, equipment and supply vendor, or other facility, organization, or entity that provides care or bills for health care services or products.

## ***Provider Network(s)***

A **provider network** is a network of providers who are contracted to provide health care services to plan members. These providers have agreed to see members under certain rules, including billing at contracted rates (see "Allowed Amount, Medical Services" on pages 107–108). Preferred providers for UMP CDHP members in 2015 consist of Regence BlueShield preferred providers and Blue Cross and Blue Shield plan providers in the BlueCard® program designated as preferred providers.

## ***Qualified Medical Expense***

A **qualified medical expense** is a cost payable through a Health Savings Account, without paying income tax or tax penalties. IRS publication 502 lists the specific types of services and supplies that qualify. You may also access a list at [www.healthequity.com/pebb](http://www.healthequity.com/pebb).

## ***Quantity Limit***

A **quantity limit** is a limit on how much of a particular drug you can get for a specific time period (days' supply).

## ***Reconstructive Surgery***

Reconstructive surgery is surgery and follow-up treatment needed to correct or improve a part of the body because of birth defects, accidents, injuries, or medical conditions.

## ***Regence Service Area***

The **Regence Service Area** means the Washington counties of Clallam, Columbia, Cowlitz, Grays Harbor, Jefferson, King, Kitsap, Klickitat, Lewis, Mason, Pacific, Pierce, San Juan, Skagit, Skamania, Snohomish, Thurston, Yakima, Wahkiakum, Walla Walla, Whatcom, and any other areas designated by Regence. Please check the website [regence.com](http://regence.com) for up-to-date information.

## ***Respite Care***

**Respite care** is continuous care for a homebound hospice patient of more than four hours a day to provide family members temporary relief from caring for the patient.

## ***Routine***

**Routine** services are those provided as preventive, not as a result of an injury or illness. In the case of immunizations, routine refers to immunizations included on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) schedules (see page 39).

## ***Scientific Evidence***

Scientific evidence means scientific studies published in or accepted for publication by medical journals that meet nationally recognized requirements for scientific manuscripts and that submit most of their published articles for review by experts who are not part of the editorial staff; or findings, studies, or research conducted by or under the auspices of federal government agencies and nationally

recognized federal research institutes. However, scientific evidence shall not include published peer-reviewed literature sponsored to a significant extent by a pharmaceutical manufacturing company or medical device manufacturer or a single study without other supportable studies.

### ***Scope of Practice***

**Scope of Practice** refers to the services a provider may perform and bill for, based on the provider's professional license as issued by local authorities. For example, some provider types may prescribe prescription drugs, and some may not.

### ***Screening***

**Screening** refers to services performed to prevent or detect illness in the absence of disease or symptoms.

### ***Secondary Coverage***

When you are covered by more than one health plan, you have **secondary coverage** that may pay a part or the rest of a provider's bill after your primary payer has paid. See "If You Have Other Medical Coverage" starting on page 62 for more information on how this plan coordinates benefits.

### ***Skilled Nursing Care***

**Skilled nursing care** is services from licensed nurses in your own home or in a nursing home. Skilled care services are from technicians and therapists in your own home or in a nursing home.

### ***Skilled Nursing Facility***

A **skilled nursing facility** is an institution, or part of an institution, that provides skilled nursing care 24 hours a day and is classified as a skilled nursing facility by Medicare. Medicaid-eligible, long-term care facilities are not necessarily skilled nursing facilities.

### ***SmartHealth***

**SmartHealth** is a wellness program offered by the PEBB Program. SmartHealth offers a \$125 wellness incentive in 2015 to eligible non-Medicare subscribers who met eligibility requirements. More details on eligibility and program requirements are at [www.hca.wa.gov/pebb](http://www.hca.wa.gov/pebb).

### ***Specialty Drugs***

**Specialty drugs** are high-cost injectable, infused, oral, or inhaled drugs that generally require special storage or handling and close monitoring of the patient's drug therapy (including a few products, such as intrauterine devices [IUDs]). Specialty drugs are identified on the *UMP Preferred Drug List*. See page 48 for information on how specialty drug prescriptions are handled.

### ***Standard Reference Compendium***

**Standard reference compendium** refers to any of these sources:

- ♦ *The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information*
- ♦ *The American Medical Association Drug Evaluation*
- ♦ *The United States Pharmacopoeia Drug Information*
- ♦ Other authoritative compendia as identified from time to time by the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services

### ***Subscriber***

A **subscriber** is the individual or family member who is the primary certificate holder and plan member.

### ***Substance Abuse Treatment Facility***

A **substance abuse treatment facility** is an institution, or part of an institution, that specifically treats alcoholism or drug addiction and meets all of these criteria:

- ♦ Is licensed by the state.
- ♦ Keeps adequate patient records that contain course of treatment, progress, discharge summary, and follow-up programs.
- ♦ Provides services, for a fee, to persons receiving alcoholism or drug addiction treatment including room and board as well as 24-hour nursing.
- ♦ Performs the services under full-time supervision of a physician or registered nurse.
- ♦ Certified by the Washington State Division of Behavioral Health and Recovery (DBHR), or for facilities outside the Regence Service Area (see page 119), contracted with the local BlueCard network.

### ***Therapeutic Alternative***

A **therapeutic alternative** is a drug that isn't chemically identical to a nonpreferred drug, but has similar effects when given in therapeutically equivalent doses.

### ***Therapeutic Equivalent***

A **therapeutic equivalent** is a drug that is chemically identical to a nonpreferred drug and is expected to have the same efficacy and toxicity when given in the same doses.

### ***Therapeutic Interchange***

**Therapeutic interchange** is substitution of a nonpreferred drug by a pharmacist with a preferred drug that is a therapeutic alternative or equivalent, with the endorsing provider's permission (see page 49).

### ***Tobacco Cessation Services***

**Tobacco cessation services** are provided for the purpose of quitting tobacco use, usually cigarette smoking. Only the *Quit for Life* program is covered by the plan for UMP CDHP members age 18 and older. UMP members under age 18 who use tobacco may participate in the online Smokefree Teen program. See page 41 for more information.

### ***UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan (UMP CDHP)***

The **UMP Consumer-Directed Health Plan (UMP CDHP)** is a self-insured health plan offered through the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) Program and managed by the Health Care Authority. It features a tax-advantaged Health Savings Account.

# Index

## A

Accident recovery (financial), 80–82  
 Acupuncture, **21**  
 Address changes, inside front cover, **86, 98**  
 Air ambulance, 22, 57  
 Air conditioners, 58  
 Alcohol abuse, 16, **24**, 59, 108, 121  
 Allergy testing, 27  
 Allowed amount, medical, 8, 10–11, 14–15, 59, **107–108**, 109  
 Allowed amount, drugs, 44, 45, 46, 59, 70, 77, **108**  
 Ambulance, 16, **22**, 57, 61, 68  
 Annual physical (exam), 38  
 Appeals, **74–79**, 93, 103  
 Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Therapy, 16, **22–23**  
 Arch supports, 58  
 Arthroplasty, knee, 33, 57  
 Arthroscopic knee surgery, 57  
**Artificial**  
   *Eyes*, 28  
   *Limbs*, 28  
   *Insemination*, 59  
 Authorized representative, 75  
 Autism treatment, **23**, 37

## B

Bariatric surgery (see also *Obesity*), **23**, 57, 61  
 Behavioral programs, 59  
 Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure (BiPAP) devices, 28  
 Birth control, 16, **29–30**, 51  
 BlueCard Program, **3–5**, 104–105, 107–108, 118, 119  
 Bone growth (osteogenic) stimulators, 28  
 Brand-name drug, 29–30, 41, 43, 48, 49, 50, **108**, 111

**Breast** *See also Mammograms*

*Prostheses*, **28**, 34  
   *Pumps*, 17, 28, **36**  
   *Reconstruction*, 34

## C

Carotid Intima Media Thickness testing, 27  
 Case management, 56  
 Cataract surgery, 28, 42  
 Changing medical plans, 87–90, 98–101  
 Chemical dependency treatment, 16, **24**, 59, 108, 121  
 Children's vision hardware, 20, **42**  
 Chiropractic services *See Spinal, adjustments*  
 Circumcision, 35  
 Claim forms, 68, 70  
 Claims (medical) submitting, 68–69  
 Claims (prescription drugs) submitting, 69–70  
 Claims, for vaccines, 70  
 Claims, time limit to submit, 65, 69  
 COB *See Coordination of Benefits, below*  
 COBRA (Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985), 83, **92**, 96, 97, **102–103**  
 Coinsurance, 8, **10**, 14–15, 35, 70, 109  
 Collections charges, 59  
 Colonoscopy, 27, **38**, 57  
 Complaints, 53, **74–79**, 111  
 Complications, 26, 28, 30, 34, 35, 41, **57**, 59, 109  
 Compounded prescription drugs, 47, 52  
 Computed Tomographic Colonography, 27, 57  
 Condoms, 29, 59  
 Confidentiality, 71–73  
 Consumer-directed health plan, 1, 2, **83**, 121  
 Contact lenses, 20, **42**, 68  
 Continuous coverage, proof of, 119  
 Continuous glucose monitors, **26**  
 Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) devices, 28

Contraceptives, 16, **29–30**, 51  
 Conversion plans, 93, 103  
 Coordination of benefits (COB), **62–67**, 109, 115  
 Cornea transplants, 41  
 Corneal refractive therapy (CRT), 57  
 Cosmetic services, 52, **57**  
 Counseling, 19, **34**, 41, 59  
 Court-ordered care, 57  
 Covered provider types, 7, 59  
 CPAP (Continuous Positive Airway Pressure) devices, 28  
 Creditable coverage, 98, 101, **119**  
 Custodial care, 17, 20, 39, 57, 60, **109**

## D

Day (outpatient) surgery *See* Surgery  
 Deductible, **9–10**, 11, 13–15, 21–42, 44, 45, 46, 50, 109  
**Deferring (waive) coverage**  
     *Employees*, 85, 87, 89, 90  
     *Medicare*, 91  
     *Retiree*, **96**, 98  
 Dental services, **24–25**, 51, 52, 57  
 Dependent, 36, 63–64, 84–87, 94–96, 100, **109**  
**Dependents of employees**  
     *Disenrolling*, 89–90  
     *Eligible*, 84–85  
     *Enrolling*, 36, 85–90  
**Dependents of retirees**  
     *Disenrolling*, 100  
     *Eligible*, 94–96  
     *Enrolling*, 96–101  
     *Surviving*, 94  
 Developmental delay, 37, **109**  
 DHA (docosahexaenoic acid), in prenatal vitamins, 51  
 Diabetes, diabetic, 16, 17, **26–26**, 29, 51, 65  
**Diabetes, diabetic**  
     *Care supplies*, 17, **26**, 65–66  
     *Control Program*, 17, 26  
     *Education*, 26  
     *Foot care*, 30  
     *Insulin*, 51  
     *Orthotics*, 28  
     *Prevention Program*, 17, 26–27

Diagnostic tests, 17, 18, **27**, 33–34, 57, 59, 61  
 Dialysis, 27  
 Diet programs, 57, 61  
 Dietary supplements, 19, 34, 50, 51, **52**, 57  
 Domestic partner, 84, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 95, 99, 100, 102, **109**  
 Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA), in prenatal vitamins, 51

## Drugs

*Allowed amount*, 44, 45, 46, 59, 70, 77, **108**  
*Brand-name*, 29–30, 41, 43, 49, 50, **108**, 111  
*Compounded*, 47, **52**  
*Contraceptive*, **29–30**, 51  
*Cosmetic*, 52, **57**  
*Covered*, 50–51  
*Diabetic*, **26**, 51  
*Generic drug*, 47, **49**, 111  
*Generic equivalent*, 43, 49, **111**  
*Homeopathic*, 34–35, **52**, 57  
*If coverage is denied*, 50  
*Infertility*, 52, **59**  
*Injectable*, 29, 47, **48**, 52, 120  
*Limits on coverage*, 47–50  
*Lost or stolen*, 48, 50, **59**  
*Medicare coverage*, 67  
*Not covered*, **52**, 57–61  
*Not covered under medical*, 52  
*Over-the-counter*, 29–30, 46, **50–52**, 57, 59, 116  
*Preauthorization*, 30, 41, **47**, 59  
*Preventive*, covered as, 51  
*Purchased outside the U.S.*, 46–47  
*Quantity limit*, 47, 119  
*Refill too soon*, 50  
*Specialty*, **48**, 120  
*Step therapy*, 48  
*Substituting prescription*, **49**, 121  
*Therapeutic alternative*, **49**, 121  
*Therapeutic equivalent*, 50, **121**  
*Therapeutic Interchange Program (TIP)*, **49**, 121  
*Travel overrides*, 49–50  
*UMP Preferred Drug List*, 29, 41, **43–44**, 46–51, 118  
*Weight-loss*, **52**, 61  
 Durable medical equipment, 17, **27–29**, 42, 45, 58, 59, 110

## E

Early deliveries, 35–36  
Ears, diseases and disorders (see also *Hearing*), 31

### Eligibility

*Appeals*, 79, 93, 103  
*Employees*, 84  
*Dependents of employees*, 84–85  
*Retirees*, 94  
*Dependents of retirees*, 94–96

Email, 40, 58

Emergency, 17, 22, 29, **113**

Emergency contraception, 29–30

Emergency room, 17, **29**

Enrolling in Medicare, 91, 101

Erectile dysfunction, 52, 58

E-visits, 58

### Exceptions

*Drugs covered*, 51  
*Drugs not covered*, 52

Exclusions, 57–61

Exercise equipment, 58, 61

Expedited appeals, **77**

Expedited review, drugs, 50

Experimental drugs, **52**, 58, 75, 78, 110

Experimental services, 3, 40, 54, 58, 75, 78, **110**

Explanation of Benefits (EOB), 1, 6, 10, 76, **111**

### Eye

*Artificial*, 28  
*Diseases/disorders of*, 20, **42**, 57, 58, 59  
*Exams, routine care*, 20, **42**  
*Eyeglasses and contact lenses*, 20, **42**, 68

## F

FAI, 58

Family planning services, 17, **29–30**, 59

Femoroacetabular Impingement Syndrome (FAI), 58

Fee schedule, 111

Finance charges, 59

Flu vaccine, 39

Follow-up care, bariatric surgery, 23

Food supplements, 50, **52**, 57

Foot care *See also Orthotics*, 30, 58

Foreign mail-order pharmacies, 3, 44, 46, **57**

Formula, infant, **52**, 57

Formulary, 43, 111

## G

Gender reassignment, 41

Generic drug, 29–30, 41, 47, **49**, 111

Generic equivalent, 43, 49, **111**

Genetic counseling and testing, **31**, 35

Glasses (eye), 20, **42**, 68

Glucometers, **26**, 51

Grievances *See Complaints*

Gynecological care, 35–36, **38**

## H

HealthEquity, 1, 2, 10, 12, **83**, 119

Health Savings Account (HSA), 1, 2, 10, **12**,  
13–14, 44, 83, 88, 100, 112

Health Technology Assessments (HTA), **21**, 47

Health Technology Clinical Committee (HTCC), **21**,  
47, 71, 114

**Hearing** *See also Ears*

*Aids*, 17, **31**  
*Exams, tests*, 17, **31**, 38  
*Items not covered*, 31

Herbal supplements, 19, 34, 52, **57**, 116

High-deductible health plan, 1, **83**

Hip surgery, 58

Home health care, 17, **32**, 40, 58, 112, 113

Homeopathic drugs, 34, 50, **52**, 57

Hospice care, 17, **32**, 112, 119

Hospital services, 18, 25, 29, 32–33, 35–36, 58, 112

Hyaluronic acid injections (viscosupplementation), 58

## I

Immunization(s), 18, **39**, 58, 115

Implantable infusion pumps, 58

Impotence, *See Erectile Dysfunction*

Incarceration, 58

Independent Review Organization (IRO), 78–79

Infertility testing/treatment, 17, 30, 52, **59**

Injectable drugs, 29, 47, **48**, 52, 120

Injections, spinal, **40**, 60

Inpatient admissions/services, 15–20, 24, **32–33**,  
34, 35–36, 37, 39, 40, 58, 59, 112

Inpatient rehabilitation, 37

Insulin, **26**, 29, 51

Insulin pumps and related supplies, 29

When more than one number is listed, the page number in **bold** provides the most detailed information.

Intensive outpatient treatment (chemical dependency services), **24**  
 International claims/services, **3–5**  
 Investigational services, **3, 40, 54, 58, 75, 78, 110**  
 In vitro fertilization, **58**

## J

Jail, **58**  
 Jaw surgery, **25, 37, 40, 116**

## K

Knee arthroplasty, **33, 57**  
 Kidney failure *See Dialysis*  
 Kidney transplants, **41**  
 Kyphoplasty, **60**

## L

Lab tests, **17, 27, 35–36, 38**  
 LASIK surgery, **42, 58**  
 Late fees, **59**  
 Learning disabilities, **59**  
 Legal options, **79**  
 Limited benefit, **10, 11, 21, 34, 37, 39, 112–113**  
 Lodging, **61**

### Lost or stolen

*Durable medical equipment, 28, 59*  
*Prescription drugs, 48, 50, 59*

## M

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), **27, 59**  
 Mail-order pharmacy, **44, 45–46, 49, 53, 66**  
 Mail-order pharmacies, foreign, **5, 46, 47, 57**  
 Maintenance care, **17, 20, 59, 113**  
 Male contraceptives, **30, 59**

### Mammograms

*Diagnostic, 18, 33–34*  
*Screening, 18, 33*

Marriage, eligibility, **88, 89, 99, 100**  
 Massage therapist(s), **18, 34, 59**  
 Massage therapy, **18, 34, 59**  
 Mastectomy, **18, 28, 34**  
 Medical, **113**  
 Medical benefit, **113**  
 Medical emergency, **113**  
 Medical foods, **52, 57**  
 Medical necessity (medically necessary), **113–115**

## Medicare

*Doctors who don't participate in, 59*  
*Entitlement, 91, 101*  
*Part A and Part B, 72, 91, 94, 96, 101*  
*Part D, 101*  
*Prescription drugs, 52*

Mental health, **19, 34, 59**  
 Missed appointments, **59**  
 “Morning after” pill, **29**  
 MRI (Magnetic Resonance Imaging), **27, 59**  
 MRIs, upright, **27, 59**

## N

National Medical Support Notice (NMSN) or Court Order, **90–91**  
 Naturopaths, **7, 19, 34–35, 57**  
 Network vaccination pharmacy, **39, 115**  
 Network waivers, **6–7**  
 Neurodevelopmental therapy, **19, 37**  
 Newborn care, **19, 20, 31, 35–37**  
 Noncovered drugs, **52, 57**  
 Noncovered provider types (*See also Covered provider types on page 7*), **59**  
 Noncovered services, complications of, **57**  
 Nonduplication of benefits, **64, 66, 115**  
 Nonpreferred drug, **43, 44, 49, 115**  
 Normal benefit, **62, 65, 115, 116**  
 Notification, **55**  
 Nutrition therapy, **35**

## O

### Obesity

*Diets, dietary programs, 57, 61*  
*Exercise equipment, 58, 61*  
*Exercise programs, 61*  
*Removal of excess skin, 23*  
*Surgery, 23, 61*  
*Weight loss, 35, 52, 61*

Obstetric, **19, 35–36**  
 Occupational injury or illness, **60, 61, 67, 80, 116**  
 Occupational therapy, **19, 37**  
 Office visits, **19, 37, 59**  
 Online account(s), **1–2, 10, 53**  
 Organ donor, **41**  
 Organ transplants, **41**

## O (continued)

Orthognathic surgery, **37**, 116  
Orthokeratology, 57  
Orthoptic therapy, **42**, 59  
Orthotics, 28, **59**  
Osteopathic adjustments, 39  
Ostomy supplies, 28  
Other insurance, **62–67**  
Out-of-country, **3–5**, 22, 46–47, 57  
Out-of-network providers, **5**, 6, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15, 27, 29, 33, 38–39, 40, 59, 68–69, 116  
Out-of-pocket limit, **11–12**, 116  
Outpatient surgery *See Surgery*  
Outside the U.S., **3–5**, 22, 46–47, 57  
Over-the-counter contraceptives, **30**, 59  
Over-the-counter drugs, 29–30, 46, **50–52**, 57, 59, 116  
Oxygen, 28

## P

Panniculectomy, 23  
Partial hospitalization (chemical dependency or mental health services), 24, 34  
Participating providers, **5–6**, 8, 14, 15, 117  
PEBB, 1, 27, 36, 79, 83–93, 94–103, 116, **117**  
Penile prosthesis, 28  
**Pharmacies**  
    *Foreign*, 3, 44, 46, 57  
    *Internet*, **46**, 69  
    *Mail-order*, 44, **45–46**, 49, 53, 66  
    *Non-network*, **46**, 69–70  
    *Retail network*, **45**, 46  
Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee, 44, 47, 50, **117**  
Phenylketonuria, 52  
Photokeratectomy, 58  
Physical exam, **38**  
Physical therapy, 19, **37**  
Postage and handling, 59  
**Preauthorization**  
    *Medical services*, 54–55  
    *Prescription drugs*, **47**, 59  
    *Services not covered*, 60  
Preexisting conditions, 15

*Preferred Drug List (PDL)*, 29, 41, **43–44**, 46–51, 118  
Preferred providers, **3–8**, 10–11, 14–15, 32, 34, 40, 118, 119  
Pregnancy, 29–30, **35–36**, 61, 109, 118  
Premium surcharge, tobacco, 41  
**Prenatal vitamins**, **51**  
    *With DHA (docosahexaenoic acid)*, 51  
Prescription drug benefit (see also *Drugs*), 43–53  
Prescription drug claim, submitting, 69–70  
Preventive care, 19, **38–39**, 51  
Preventive care definition, 118  
Primary care providers, 7, 118  
Primary coverage/plan, **62–67**, 118  
Prison, 58  
Professional services, **15**, 119  
Provider types, covered, 7, 59

## Q

Qualified medical expense, 2, 9, 10, 12, 14, 31, 112, **119**  
Quantity limit (prescription drugs), 47

## R

Radial keratotomy, 58  
Recreation therapy, 59  
Refill too soon, 50  
Removal of excess skin, 23  
Renal failure *See Dialysis*  
Rental of durable medical equipment, 28  
**Replacement of:**  
    *Breast prostheses*, 28  
    *Lost or stolen durable medical equipment*, **28**, 59  
    *Lost or stolen prescription drugs*, 48, 50, **59**  
Required case management, 56  
Residential treatment (chemical dependency or mental health services), 16, 19, 24, 34, 59  
Respite care, 17, **32**, 119  
Reversal of sterilization, 17, 30, **60**  
Riot, rebellion, 60

## S

Sacroplasty, 60  
 Sanitary supplies, 58  
 Second opinions, **39**, 71  
 Secondary coverage/plan, 42, **62–67**, 68–70, 120  
 Sex reassignment, 41  
 Shots (immunizations), 18, **39**, 58, 70, 115  
 Skilled nursing services, 19, 32, **39**, 59, 60, 120  
 Sleep apnea, 28, 37, 116  
 SmartHealth, **12**, 13  
 Smoking, quitting, 20, **41**, 52, 60, 121  
 Specialty drugs, **48**, 120  
 Speech therapy, 19, **37**

## Spinal

*Adjustments (manipulations)*, 20, **39**, 59  
*Cord stimulation*, 60  
*Injections*, **40**, 60  
*Surgical procedures, noncovered*, 60  
 Step therapy (prescription drugs), 48  
 Sterilization, **30**, 60  
 Sterilization, reversal of, 17, 30, **60**  
 Submitting a claim, medical, 68–69  
 Submitting a claim, prescription drugs, 46, **69–70**  
 Subrogation, 80–82  
 Substance abuse *See Chemical dependency*  
 Substituting prescription drugs (TIP), **49**, 121  
 Summary of Benefits, 13–20  
 Supplements (vitamins), 19, 34–35, 50–51, 52, **57**  
 Surgery, 20, 23, 25, 34, 37, **40**, 41, 57, 58, 60, 61, 108, 116, 119  
 Surviving dependents, 94

## T

Telehealth, **40**, 60  
 TENS (Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation) Units, 60  
 Termination of pregnancy, 29  
 Tests, lab, 17, **27**, 35–36, 38  
 Therapeutic alternative, **49**, 121  
 Therapeutic equivalent, 50, **121**  
 Third-party settlements, 80–82  
 Timely filing limit, claims, 65, 69  
 TIP (Therapeutic Interchange Program), **49**, 121

TMJ (Temporomandibular Joint) disorder, 40  
 Tobacco cessation, 20, **41**, 52, 60, 121  
 Tobacco premium surcharge, 41  
 Transgender health/services, 41

## Transplants, 41

*Donor*, 41

Transportation, 22, 61  
 Travel, 3–5, 22, 39, 46, **49–50**, 61  
 Travel, immunizations for, 39, **58**  
 Travel overrides (prescription drugs), 49–50  
 Tubal ligation, **30**, 60

## U

Ultrasounds for pregnancy, **36**, 61

## V

Vacation overrides (prescription drugs), 49–50  
 Vaccinations, vaccines, 18, **39**, 58, 115  
 Vaccines, out-of-network claims, 70  
 Vasectomy, **30**, 60  
 Vertebroplasty, 60  
 Vision care (diseases or disorders), 20, **42**, 57, 58, 59  
 Vision care (routine), 20, **42**  
 Vision hardware (glasses/contacts), adults, 20, **42**, 68  
 Vision hardware (glasses/contacts), children, 20, **42**, 68  
 Vitamins, 19, 34–35, 50–51, 52, **57**

## W

Waive (defer) coverage, 85, 87, **89**, 91, **96**, 98  
 Waiver, network, 6  
 Weight control *See Obesity*  
 Weight loss *See Obesity*  
 Well-baby care, 20, **38–39**  
 Wheelchairs, 28  
 Wigs (for cancer patients), 28  
 Wilderness treatment programs, 59  
 Women's health, 29–30, 33–34, 35–36, **38**  
 Workers' compensation, 61, 67, 80  
 Work-related injury or illness, 60, 61, **67**, 80, 116

## X

X-Rays, 17, **27**